PRICE ONE SHILLING.

No. 154.

1879.

A RETAIL LIST

OF

NEW

BEAUTIFUL & RARE

PLANTS

OFFERED BY

WILLIAM BULL,

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Socc. Hort. Berol., Bruxell., St. Petersburgh et Paris, et Soc. Agric. et Bot. Gandav. Socius,

NEW PLANT MERCHANT,

KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA,

(AND ASHBURNHAM PARK),

LONDON, S.W.

W. BULL. CHELSEA.
1877

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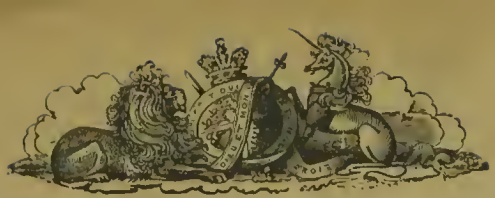

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S

ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS

Has been favoured with the distinguished patronage of

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AND MOST MEMBERS OF THE ARISTOCRACY IN THE UNITED KINGDOM INTERESTED IN HORTICULTURE.

GARDENERS.

The greatest reliance may be placed on Mr. WILLIAM BULL's recommendations, as every possible care is taken that only Gardeners (or Gardeners and Bailiffs) of thorough ability, practical experience, steady habits, and whose integrity is unimpeachable, are entered on his register.

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE IS NOW OFFERING FOR THE FIRST TIME MANY

BEAUTIFUL PLANTS,

WHICH ARE

PERFECTLY NEW TO THIS COUNTRY,

COMPRISING INTRODUCTIONS FROM

MADAGASCAR, PERU, JAVA, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,
NEW CALEDONIA, ST. CATHERINE'S, RIO NEGRO, NICARAGUA,
UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA, COSTA-RICA, PARA, NATAL,
JAPAN, ASCENSION, SOUTH SEA AND FIJI ISLANDS, &c., &c.

AN INSPECTION OF WHICH IS INVITED.

THE PRINCE CONSORT'S GOLD MEDAL,

THE LINDLEY MEDAL,

MANY GOLD MEDALS,

AND

UPWARDS OF ONE THOUSAND PRIZES

AND AWARDS

HAVE BEEN MADE TO

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS ALONE,

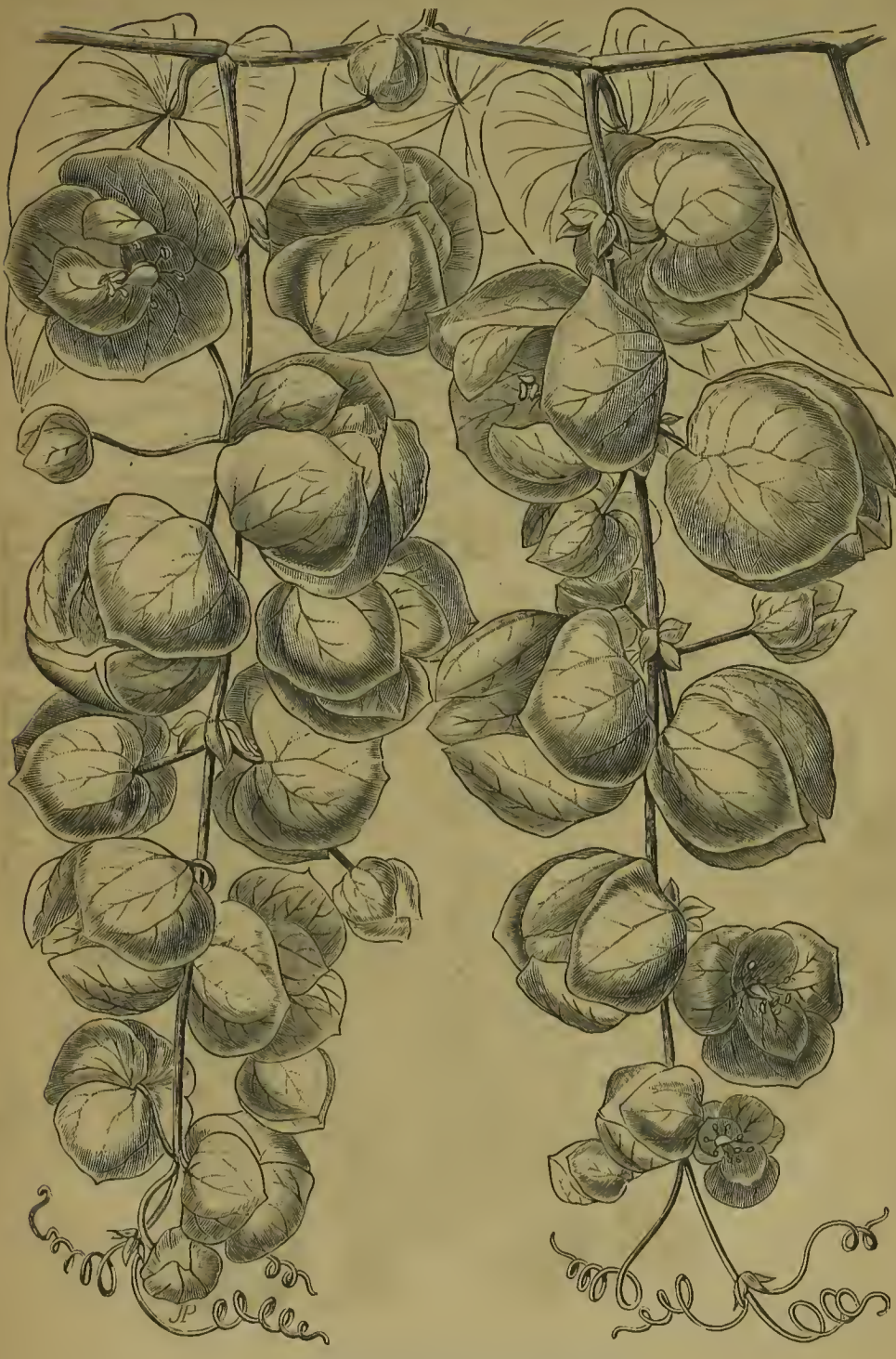
AT THE PRINCIPAL LONDON AND INTERNATIONAL FLOWER SHOWS.

Mr. W. BULL mentions this as conveying some idea of the importance of his collection.

Mr. W. Bull begs to intimate that Ladies and Gentlemen possessing plants that have grown too large for their houses, can have them exchanged at his Establishment for New Plants.

Mr. W. B. wishes to remark that his attention is especially directed to the introduction of New, Rare, and Beautiful Plants, and that he will be happy to make arrangements with *Botanists* or *Naturalists* going abroad for the transmission of *Plants, Seeds, &c.;* and will be glad to purchase or make arrangements for the sending out of any first-rate *Seedling varieties of Plants* that may be raised by *Amateurs* or *Gardeners* in this country.

FICUS EXSCULPTA.



ANTIGONON INSIGNE.

For description and price, *vide* page 3.

SELAGINELLA BELLULA.

BIGNONIA MAGNIFICA.

For description and price, *vide* page 4.

PTERIS UMBROSA CRISTATA.

For description and price, *vide* page 7.

PANAX PLUMATUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.

NEW COLEUS.

For description and price, *vide* page 9.

LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA.

NEW PLANTS

ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST TIME

BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.

ADIANTUM BELLUM.

A remarkably neat and pretty dwarf Maiden-hair Fern, recently introduced from Bermuda. It forms dense green tufts; the fronds are erect, ovate-lanceolate in outline, very slender, and divided in a bipinnate manner; the pinnæ are short and the pinnules small, wedge-shaped, varying considerably in their individual form, except that the terminal ones are constantly wedge-shaped and somewhat larger. Its tufted habit and lively light green fronds recommend it to the attention of Fern growers and the cultivators of decorative plants. 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above Fern was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

ANTIGONON INSIGNE.

This magnificent stove climber was discovered in the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors. The flowers are very numerous, and are borne in tufts along the sides of long racemes or panicles, which terminate in branched tendrils. The calyx, which is the showy part of the flower, has five membranous segments of a beautiful rosy pink colour. The plant is of slender growth, with broadly ovate oblong leaves. The profusion with which this species blooms, and the lovely pink colour of the flowers, render it extremely effective and ornamental. All collectors and travellers agree as to the extreme beauty of the Antigonons as seen in South and Central America. The species now offered is the handsomest of them all, its inflorescence being much larger, and consequently more attractive, than that of any of the other kinds. For illustration, *vide* page II. 1 guinea.

ARUNDINA BAMBUSÆFOLIA.

This handsome Orchidaceous plant has been imported from Assam. It gives pretty *Lælia*-like flowers of a light rose colour, with rich violet-purple labellum, and will be found a charming addition to any collection, its attractive blossoms rendering it exceedingly useful and effective for all decorative purposes. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

ASPARAGUS VIRGATUS.

This remarkably elegant feathery-looking greenhouse plant of fruticose habit, has been recently introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. The stems, which issue from the crown of the stout fleshy roots, are of a dark green colour, and bear at the upper end a corymbose head of erect branches, of which the lowest is the youngest or most recently developed. These branches are again twice branched, the ultimate branchlets being furnished with acicular cladodia, half an inch long, which grow usually in threes. The berries are round, about as large as an early frame Pea. 1 guinea.

ASTROCARYUM DECORUM.

An elegant and very dwarf-growing Palm, sent from the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors. The leaves are pinnate, with lanceolate leaflets, which are criniferous on the ribs along the upper surface. It is a desirable and pretty decorative species, that will be useful where dwarf-growing Palms are required. 1 guinea.

BAMBUSA NANA.

A very elegant small-growing Bamboo, introduced to this country from Japan. Its slender stems become twice branched, the little tufts formed by the short leafy twigs having a very distinct and peculiar appearance. The leaves are two-ranked or distichous, bright green on the upper and glaucous on the under surface, lance-shaped from a broad base, and about an inch long. 10*s.* 6*d.*

BIGNONIA MAGNIFICA.

A free-growing and extremely floriferous stove plant, of scandent habit, introduced through one of my collectors from the United States of Colombia. The flowers, which are produced in large branching panicles, are of great size (about 3½ inches across), and of an exceedingly attractive colour, ranging from delicate mauve to rich deep purplish crimson, relieved by a conspicuous throat of light primrose colour. For illustration, *vide* page IV. 1 guinea.

BULBOPHYLLUM BECCARII.

This remarkable and gorgeous species has been introduced from Borneo, and is unquestionably one of the most extraordinary Orchids of recent introduction. It has grand broadly ovate leaves, something like 18 inches long by 12 inches broad, and as "thick as a board." The flowers, which appear in dense, cylindrical, nodding racemes on very long pedicels, are handsome and highly attractive, of a light brownish colour painted with violet, and have a rich violet-coloured labellum. Price on application.

CARLUDOVICA DRUDEI.

A noble decorative stove plant, introduced from the United States of Colombia. In habit it somewhat resembles a Fan Palm, with handsome and effective deep green lustrous leaves. The flowers are borne on a stalked erect spadix of cylindrical form and of ivory-white colour, and resembling a bottle brush by reason of the long stamens which project horizontally from the female flowers.

This plant was illustrated and described in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for December 8th, 1877. 15*s*.

CERATOZAMIA FUSCO-VIRIDIS.

A noble species of Ceratozamia, introduced from Mexico. Its trunk is furnished with broadish scales surrounding each of the leaf stalks, which are nearly terete above and asperous along the edges. The leaves are from 3 to 4 feet long, broadly pinnate, and of a fine arching habit, the pinnæ deep green, 6 to 7 inches long, sessile, lanceolate, and tapering to a longish point. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy chocolate colour, gradually changing to olive green, and ultimately developing into deep green. Price on application.

CROTON CHELSONI.

This Croton was introduced to this country from New Guinea. It is a remarkably elegant narrow-leaved form of high and rich colouration. The leaves are sometimes plane, sometimes twisted spirally, and in this latter state the variegation shows up most distinctly, being of a bright salmony orange tint, shaded with crimson. From its narrow drooping leaves it is one of the most graceful of Crotons, and can be highly recommended for decoration and exhibition. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee, in 1876. 1 guinea.

CROTON WILLIAMSII.

This is one of the best of the large-leaved Crotons, of free growth, with bold foliage, handsomely marked and richly coloured. It is one of the red-tinted series, very strongly flushed with violet crimson. The leaf has a central band and costa of yellow, from which the pinnate veins of the same colour branch out on either side, more or less forking and coalescing near the edge. These veins all change to a deep crimson, and the whole plant becomes flushed with a glowing tint of crimson, shaded with violet, which renders it extremely conspicuous, well-adapted for decoration, and a strikingly effective plant for exhibition purposes. 1½ and 2 guineas.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

CYATHEA PUBESCENS.

A handsome West Indian Fern, introduced from Jamaica. The ample tripinnate fronds have the stipes castaneous. The pinnæ are oblong, 2 to 3 feet long, and the pinnules 6 to 9 inches long, with falcate blunt denticulate segments. It is a free-growing ornamental Fern of noble aspect. 10*s*. 6*d*.

CYCAS SIAMENSIS.

This species has been imported from Cochin China. The leaves are oblong in form, flat or slightly revolute at the edges and pinnately divided. The segments are linear-lanceolate, abruptly spine-pointed at the apex, and decurrent at the base along the rachis; the mid-rib is prominent on both surfaces. The foliage of this species somewhat resembles that of the well-known *C. circinalis*, but the trunk and general character of the plant are distinct. 1½ and 2 guineas.

DENDROBIUM CHRYSANTHUM MICROPHTHALMUM.

A new variety, imported from the Khasya Hills, producing a profusion of large and attractive flowers of a rich deep orange yellow colour, the base of the labellum marked with two pallid brown blotches in lieu of the intensely dark markings charateristic of the species. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DENDROBIUM SUPERBIENS.

An importation of this magnificent species has been received from Torres Straits; its flowers are produced in fine spikes, and remain a long time in perfection; they are of a bright amethyst-purple colour. The rich hue of the flowers of this Dendrobium, together with its free-blooming character and the persistent nature of the blossoms, make it a most desirable acquisition. 2, 3 and 5 guineas.

The above Orchid was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

DIPLADENIA ROSACEA.

A distinct and attractive variety, producing pretty soft rosy pink flowers, which are suffused here and there and also bordered with a deeper and richer shade of the same colour, and have a yellow throat marked with a bright rose ring at the mouth. This will be found an exceedingly useful and effective plant for exhibition and general ornamental purposes. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA CRISTULA.

This is a very dwarf species, introduced from Liberia, and having some affinity with *D. ovata*. Its erect stem grows a few inches in length, when it becomes arrested and subsequently makes similar successional growths, but never attains any considerable height. The leaves are pale green, with about four darker green nerves on each side the costa, which is prominent on both surfaces and of a pale whitish hue. 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

DRACONTIUM SCALPTURATUM.

A distinct form, introduced from Antioquia. From the root-stock arises the solitary erect leaf-stalk, which is dark brown, striated with pale markings, and having here and there white patches feathering upwards, and looking as if portions of the dark-coloured rind had been carved. The blade is three-parted, and of a pale green colour; the divisions being dichotomously-bipinnatifid, and having winged rachides. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ENCEPHALARTOS FRIDERICI-GUILIELMI.

This is a very distinct-looking South African species. The leaves are oblong-obtuse, arching, and conduplicate. The petiole and rachis are terete, and somewhat flattened on the upper surface, destitute of spines but covered with woolly down, the segments closely crowded, nearly opposite, linear oblong, and of a glaucous hue. At first sight this distinct Cycad would give the impression of being an intermediate species between *Dion edule* and *Cycas revoluta*. Price on application.

FICUS EXSCULPTA.

A handsome stove plant, furnished with evergreen leaves of a peculiarly elegant form. It has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are shortly stalked, lanceolate in outline, and sinuately lobed, the lobes again sinuate so as to produce a prettily-cut margin, the curious crenations giving the leaf the appearance of having been stamped or punched out. In the upper half the lobes become so much enlarged that the margin is deeply pinnatifid. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 1. 1 guinea.

GARDENIA GLOBOSA.

The merits of the Gardenias as garden plants are well known, their evergreen character and the fragrance of their flowers being some of their leading peculiarities. The present subject, which is a native of Natal, where it extends from the sea-coast to an elevation of 1200 feet, is a free-flowering shrub, having lanceolate glabrous leaves. The large white funnel-shaped fragrant flowers are terminal, the tube broad, an inch long, hairy at the mouth, and with the spreading limb an inch and a half across; they are succeeded by globose fruits, as large as a walnut, to which the name bears reference. 10*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA SINENSIS) ZEBRINA.

A very distinct and handsome variety with double flowers, which are beautifully flaked and striped. The individual blossoms are about 3½ inches in breadth, and 2½ inches in depth ; the five outer petals scarlet edged with creamy yellow in the lower part. The staminal column is entirely petaloid, with a few large petal-like bodies, forming numerous irregular tufts at the apex, of a creamy yellow colour, variously and irregularly striped and flaked with scarlet. Both the form and marking of the flowers are very irregular and grotesque. 10*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA CHELSONI.

The flower pips of this splendid variety are of large size, and of exceptionally good form and great substance ; they are produced in immense round full trusses ; colour bright orange salmon, flushed and shaded with pink. From its profuse flowering habit, dwarf-branching growth, and the rich tint of its blossoms, this variety will be found exceedingly useful and effective, and one of the very best kinds that can be grown for exhibition purposes. 1 guinea.

IXORA PROFUSA.

An extremely free-flowering variety throwing very fine huge trusses, densely furnished with flower pips of a beautiful rich soft rosy-salmon colour. The enormous size of the flower heads renders it admirably adapted for exhibition and general decorative purposes, and the charming rosy tint with which the flowers are suffused makes it exceedingly distinct and attractive. 1 guinea.

LÆLIA ANCEPS ALBA.

This beautiful variety produces lovely pure white flowers, with a slight marking of yellow in the centre of the labellum. It has been introduced from Mexico, where it grows in a locality upwards of 8,000 feet above the sea, so that it will succeed well with cool treatment. Its peculiar characteristic is the purity of its chaste white flowers, which equal those of a *Phalænopsis*, and are in contrast to the species what the white *Lapageria* is to the red. It almost requires to be seen to be appreciated, so captivating is its dazzling whiteness. Price on application.

LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA.

One of the most charming of greenhouse variegated Ferns. It has the same kind of firm leathery fronds as the type, and like it is of a rich dark full green colour, which sets off the distinct variegation to much advantage ; the variegation consists of a band of pale yellowish green which runs down the centre of the pinnæ and includes the midrib or rachis. This will no doubt prove to be one of the most valuable of recent introductions. It was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston, in 1878. For Illustration, *vide* page VIII. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MASDEVALLIA BELLA.

A decidedly handsome species, having large flowers of a nicely shining dark purplish brown outside and yellow inside. The odd sepal and the outer halves of the other sepals are densely blotched with dark purplish brown, which is the colour of the long tails. The interior sides of the equal sepals and the base of the odd sepal are of an ochre-yellow colour, which gives an unusual contrast. 2, 3 and 4 guineas.

The above Orchid was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

PANAX PLUMATUM.

A very elegant small-growing stove plant, introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves form a crispy head of foliage, and are very elegantly divided, the pinnules long-stalked and more or less deeply lobed, the edges notched with more or less upcurved teeth. It is a plant of pleasing character, having somewhat the aspect of *P. laciniatum*, but being many degrees more finely cut. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. For Illustration, *vide* page VI. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PANDANOPHYLLUM HUMILE.

As the name implies, this ornamental plant has very much the appearance of a *Pandanus*, but belongs to a totally distinct order, the *Cyperaceæ*. It is a native of Java, and has glossy deep green arching leaves which are furnished with two secondary ribs, giving a peculiar channelled appearance to the surface of the foliage ; the apex of the leaf is suddenly narrowed out into a long thread-like termination. 1½ guinea.

PHYLLANTHUS SEEMANNIANUS.

A recent introduction from the New Hebrides. It is an erect-growing stove plant, producing long leaf-like branches which bear shortly stalked alternate leaves, from the axils of which the curious but inconspicuous flowers are developed. It is interesting as being one of those plants which have the appearance of bearing their flowers upon their leaves—here apparently in the axils of the leaflets. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PTERIS UMBROSA CRISTATA.

A remarkably handsome free-growing Fern, which will be especially suitable for all decorative uses, since it has none of the dumpy habit of *P. serrulata cristata*, but throws up tall erect fronds with elegantly drooping pinnæ and pinnules. The segments are all long and ribbon-like, of a deep rich green, several times divided at the upper end, the apices of all the divisions crispy, forming a broad flattish terminal crest to each segment. The plant is remarkably free-growing, the young plants soon acquiring a height of 2 feet or more, and when about this size they will be found to be very ornamental. Mr. W. B. purchased the entire stock of this desirable Fern from Messrs. Seraphin Van den Heede et fils, Horticulteurs, à Saint Maurice, Lille, France. For Illustration, *vide* page V. 10*s.* 6*d.*

RUELLIA ACUTANGULA.

This is a showy Acanthaceous stove plant, introduced from Brazil, very free-growing and floriferous, and having a handsome appearance when in blossom. The flowers are sessile, and collected into dichotomously-branched cymes, each having a tube an inch long, and a spreading limb an inch and a half in diameter, of a bright scarlet colour, with a yellow throat. 10*s.* 6*d.*

SELAGINELLA BELLULA.

An elegant plant from Ceylon, of erect habit, the reddish tinted terete stems rising to about a foot in height, with successive branches, which are set on at short distances apart along the stem, the ultimate branches terminated by long tetragonal rigid spikes. The larger lateral leaves are close-set, oblong, sub-falcate, the smaller ones ovate acuminate. For illustration, *vide* page III. 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

THRINAX BARBADENSIS.

This is a very elegant and neat growing Fan Palm. The petiole terminates in a digitately multipartite blade, the numerous segments of which are of a stoutish texture, three-nerved and of a lively green colour. It is, as its name implies, a native of the Island of Barbados. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent, in 1878. 1 guinea.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1878.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

CYTHERA, a fine flower, of a beautiful shade of pink peach colour, with light markings in the upper petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

EURYALE, blush shaded with rosy pink ; a remarkably large and finely formed flower ; very attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GALENUS, a very large and fine flower, of an exceedingly rich and bright scarlet colour. 5*s.*

PYRRHUS, a magnificent variety, producing flowers of a deep rich magenta crimson colour, and having the upper petals shaded with bright scarlet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

TELLUS, an extremely fine flower, of a very rich and bright scarlet colour, with large and conspicuous white eye. 5*s.*

UKARA, this variety produces fine trusses of very pure clear white flowers, of good form and substance. 5*s.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

BRONTES, a fine variety, producing large, full, well-formed flowers of a rich dark crimson scarlet colour ; very attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CYBELE, this variety produces immense trusses of fine large flowers of a bright salmon rose colour, some of the petals flaked and blotched with blush white ; extremely distinct. 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.—Continued.

ELATHEUS, a very free blooming variety, producing large full flowers of a bright crimson colour slightly shaded with purple. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GORDIUS, rich bright salmon pink, the colour becoming deeper towards the centre of the flower; a showy and effective variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

STENYO, a remarkably attractive variety, producing huge trusses of fine large flowers of a soft rosy carmine colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

TYNDARUS, very fine, large and full flowers of an exceedingly rich shade of magenta crimson colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

ALPICUS, a beautiful flower; upper petals rich crimson, blotched with violet and margined with white; under petals white blotched with crimson. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CASSANDRA, deep rosy crimson, shaded with violet; the three lower petals edged with lilac; light centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GENEVRA, upper petals rich rosy carmine, edged with white and shaded with violet towards their centre; under petals soft rose with white margin; large white centre; a very fine flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ORION, a beautifully formed flower; the upper petals bright rose, margined with white; under petals soft rose, edged with white; large white centre. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PELIAS, upper petals very dark crimson maroon, edged with violet rose; under petals rich dark crimson, edged with rose; large white centre. 10*s.* 6*d.*

TRITON, deep rich rosy crimson, the upper petals shaded with violet; large white centre; a fine flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

"PELARGONIUM LATERIPES."

AVOCA, a beautiful flower of a blush pink colour, feathered with rich crimson in the upper petals. 5*s.*

CAMBODA, bright rose, with rich crimson marking in the upper petals; a very attractive variety. 5*s.*

FELICIANO, a beautiful variety, producing fine large flowers of a delicate blush pink colour, with deep crimson blotch and feathering in the upper petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

IDRA, blush, with large purplish crimson blotch and marking in the upper petals; a very fine large flower. 5*s.*

MORA, an attractive variety, producing large flowers of a soft pink colour, with crimson markings in the upper petals. 5*s.*

TEKAPO, blush pink, the upper petals feathered with violet crimson; a fine flower. 5*s.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

CHARM, a very fine large flower of a beautiful bright pink colour, with rich crimson marking in the upper petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ISABEL, soft pink, with attractive crimson marking in the upper petals; a fine showy flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MARTHA, blush, with crimson feathering in the upper petals; a very beautiful flower. 5*s.*

OPHIR, a showy variety, producing fine flowers of a rich rosy pink colour, with light crimson marking in the upper petals. 5*s.*

PLUTUS, this splendid variety produces fine large rosette-like flowers of a violet rose colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

THALIA, pale rosy pink; the upper petals marked with crimson; a pretty and effective flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW PETUNIAS.

SINGLE-FLOWERED.

CALMAR, rich purplish crimson, with darkly veined throat ; a very large flower ; the edges of the petals undulated. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONRAD, rich deep bright crimson, irregularly blotched with white ; the throat veined with dark purple ; a large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAPHNE, white, irregularly striped and barred with deep rich crimson ; a very fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ONDINE, very bright rich crimson, shaded with purple ; dark throat ; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THYRZA, white, irregularly barred and blotched with purplish crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

URANIE, a fine large fringed flower of a pale rose colour, veined with dark purple, and marked with deep rose around the edges of the petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW COLEUS.

The following exceedingly beautiful varieties have been obtained by fertilizing the best sorts with some attractive and distinct new species, introduced from the Islands of the South Pacific, and are, therefore, of an exceedingly novel character. For Illustration, *vide* page VII.

AURORA, a most welcome variety, the colours being singularly bright and telling. The leaves are flat, crenated, of a yellowish green hue, with a central blotch of purplish rose colour. It is an exceedingly pretty and attractive variety.

FIREFLY, a bright-looking novelty of very distinct character. It has ovate crenated flat-surfaced leaves, in some cases of a crimson colour, suffused with purple, and having a yellowish green beaded margin ; in some leaves the colour is a bright violet rose ; extremely showy and effective.

GLOW, a very bright-looking variety and quite novel in aspect. The foliage is of a dark velvety crimson colour, the central portion of the leaf bright rosy carmine, shaded with magenta ; the leaves are crenated and narrowly margined with green. It is a very striking and effective sort, remarkable for the richness of its colour.

HARLEQUIN, a most grotesque-looking and very handsome variety. The ground colour is yellow and green, marbled in a very irregular way with purple, bronze, and chocolate colour in a variety of shades and tints, and laid on in the most fantastic forms, the plant being altogether very striking and attractive from this peculiar combination of colouring.

MAGIC, a charming new variety, with crenately-margined ovate leaves, which are bright green, with a feathered central variegation of pale yellow, suffused with violet rose. This is a very distinct variety, partaking greatly of the character of one of its parents from the South Pacific.

SPARKLER, a variety remarkable for the deep crenatures which fringe the margin of the leaves ; colour sparkling ; reddish maroon of deep tint, passing into bright rose in the centre ; the tips of the crenatures green. It is a richly-coloured and very bright-looking variety.

SUNBEAM, this form is quite dissimilar in colouring from any other at present known. The leaves are of ovate crenate form, and of a fiery reddish tint, suffused with rose. The extremely vivid and bright colours of the foliage of this variety render it very showy and attractive.

Price 5s. each ; the collection of seven varieties for £1 10s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW VERBENAS.

The following are a selection made from the handsome varieties raised by Mr. J. F. Mould, of Pewsey ; they have attracted considerable attention in the West of England, and a notice of them appeared in the *Gardeners' Magazine* of October 19th, 1878. They are remarkable for the size and fine form of their flower pips, their huge trusses, freedom of growth, distinct colours, and profusion of bloom ; they are good and desirable both for bedding purposes and for exhibition.

CLEOPATRA, waxy cream white, suffused with pink ; a fine, round, well-formed flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYPRUS, bright scarlet-crimson, with white eye ; very large finely-shaped pip ; immense truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW VERBENAS—Continued.

EARL OF BEACONSFIELD, delicate flesh colour, suffused with magenta rose; bright centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HOGARTH, deep velvety crimson, shaded with chocolate; small white eye, surrounded with magenta purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LORD SALISBURY, lively plum colour; a fine flower, of good form; very rich and distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VANDYKE, fine deep velvety crimson, shaded with maroon; purplish magenta centre; immense pip and truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AZALEAS.

The two following Azaleas will be found extremely useful for winter and early spring blooming. They belong to the *amœna* section, indeed are varieties raised from that well-known kind; they are both of neat and compact habit, and their flowers are produced in the greatest profusion, and being of small size are well adapted for bouquets and other purposes for which cut flowers are required.

EMBLEM, the blossoms of this attractive variety are of a charming magenta crimson colour, brightly spotted in the upper segments. The rich colour of its flowers makes this variety extremely desirable for decoration during the winter. 15*s.* each; six plants for 3 guineas.

MARVEL, rose, slightly shaded with violet, and brightly spotted with carmine in the upper segments; the anthers are frequently developed into small petaloid segments, giving the flowers a semi-double appearance. This variety received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 15*s.* each; six plants for 3 guineas.

NEW CAMELLIAS.

The following three Camellias are noted kinds, raised by Messrs. Hovey & Co., of Massachusetts, U.S.A.

C. H. HOVEY, a very dark variety of novel colour; the deep velvety crimson petals being peculiarly and darkly shaded, which imparts to the flower a distinct and effective appearance. The flowers are of beautiful shape, the petals quite round and symmetrical and handsomely imbricated. Received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10*s.* 6*d.*

C. M. HOVEY, this splendid bright crimson Camellia was awarded the Gold Medal of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society. It is of exquisitely imbricated form; the petals exceedingly smooth, and without the notch or serrature common to most Camellias; it is one of the best high-coloured varieties extant. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. ANNE MARIE HOVEY, the flowers of this pretty variety are of exquisite form and medium size, the petals remarkably smooth in outline; it is exceedingly desirable where cut flowers are required, and is remarkable from its sportive colouring, some flowers being of a delicate soft pink, others white, others again are blotched or parti-coloured, and not unfrequently the combination of colouring occurs on the same plant. Received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW PLANTS RECENTLY INTRODUCED BY Mr. W. B.,

THAT CAN BE VERY STRONGLY RECOMMENDED.

Adiantum tetraphyllum gracile, *vide* p. 118
Alocasia Johnstoni . . . . ,, 11
Bomarea Carderi . . . . ,, 49
Bowenia spectabilis serrulata . ,, 127
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Dracæna Goldieana . . ,, 31
Eranthemum nigrescens . ,, 33
Homalomena peltata . . ,, 39
Kentia Wendlandiana . . ,, 136
Ruellia rosea . . . . ,, 44

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE STOVE PLANTS.

ACALYPHA ILLUSTRATA, 5*s.*
—— **MACAFEEANA**, 5*s.*
—— **MACROPHYLLA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MARGINATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MUSAICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **WILKESIANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ACANTHUS MONTANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ACHIMENES, *vide* Index.
ADANSONIA DIGITATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ÆCHMEA AMAZONICA, 5*s.*
—— **DISCOLOR**, 5*s.*
—— **FULGENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MARIÆ REGINÆ**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MINIATA**, 5*s.*
—— **VEITCHII**, *vide* Chevalliera Veitchii.
ÆSCHYNANTHUS, of sorts, at 3*s.* 6*d.*
AGLAONEMA COMMUTATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ALLAMANDA CATHARTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CHELSONI**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIFLORA**, 5*s.*
ALLAMANDA HENDERSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NERIIFOLIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NOBILIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCHOTTII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ALOCASIA AMABILIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GIGANTEA**, 5*s.*
—— **HYBRIDA**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **ILLUSTRIS**, 5*s.*
—— **INTERMEDIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JENNINGSII**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LOWII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MACRORRHIZA VARIEGATA**, 5*s.*
—— **METALLICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **(SCHISTOCASIA) PORTEI**, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— **ROEZLII**, 1 guinea
—— —— **COSTATA**, 1½ guinea
—— **VEITCHII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ZEBRINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

ALOCASIA JOHNSTONI.

A most remarkable Aroid, which has been introduced from the Solomon Islands in the Pacific Ocean. The leaf-stalks are tall and erect, tapering gradually upwards, and furnished at intervals with irregular whorls of stiff spines, the points of which are turned upwards; the stem itself being darkly mottled, and having flesh-coloured bands just above the spines; the leaf-blade is semi-erect, arrow-shaped, peltately attached, the front lobe being about 12 inches long, and the two back lobes 14 inches long and divergent, olive green, prettily variegated and strikingly veined with bright rosy red. This plant from its distinct character and the coloured venation of the leaves is altogether unique and very attractive. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Carlisle in September, 1877. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

ALPINIA VITTATA.

This variegated perennial, from the South Sea Islands, is very striking, the underground rhizome producing erect pseudo-stems, and these supporting several pale green leaves, which are marked by broad stripes of dark green and of creamy white, running off from the mid-rib in divergent lines corresponding to the venation. Being variously marked, the leaves have a pretty effect, the yellow colour in some, and the pale green and dark green in others, here and there preponderating. 5*s.*

AMARYLLIS ACKERMANNI PULCHERRIMA, 2 guineas
—— **AMAZON**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AMBASSADOR**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ARIADNE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ASPASIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AULICA SUPERBA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BARON**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CERBERUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COMMANDER**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COQUETTE**, 7. 6*d.*
—— **CORSAIR**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COUNTESS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CYRUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DIADEM**, 15*s.*
—— **ELECTRA**, 1 guinea
AMARYLLIS EMMELINE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EUROPA**, 1 guinea
—— **EUTERPE**, 15*s.*
—— **FIGARO**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GENERAL**, 1 guinea
—— **HENDERSONI**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— —— **COCCINEA**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **HEROINE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IGNESCENS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IMPERIALIS**, 1 guinea
—— **JOSEPHINÆ**, 15*s.*
—— **JUPITER**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— **MABEL**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METEOR**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NEPTUNE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

AMARYLLIS NIMROD, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **OBERON**, 1 guinea
—— **ONDINE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **OPTIMA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **OSCAR**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PARDINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PAULINE**, 15*s.*
—— **PORTIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRINCEPS**, 1 guinea
—— **PYRROCHROA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REGALIS**, 1 guinea
—— **REGINA**, 1 guinea
—— **RETICULATA**, 5*s.*
—— **ROMEO**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
AMARYLLIS ROSALIND, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RUTILA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SAPPHO**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SOLANDRIFLORA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SOUVENIR**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SULTANA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SYLVIA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TITANIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TROJAN**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **URANIE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VERONA**, 15*s.*
—— **VESTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VESUVIUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VICTORIA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

AMARYLLIS, choice selections of good sorts, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.

AMORPHOPHALLUS CAMPANULATUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ORNATUS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ANANASSA SATIVA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
ANÆCTOCHILUS, *vide* Orchids.
ANCHOMANES DUBIUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ANCYLOGYNE LONGIFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANDROPOGON SCHŒNANTHUS, 5*s.*
ANTHURIUM CANDIDUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHURIUM CRYSTALLINUM.

This extremely attractive and ornamental plant has fine large leaves of a rich dark olive green colour, the mid-rib and principal veins being bordered on each side with a beautiful bright silvery white band. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy shade, forming an effective contrast with the more matured foliage. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, and 10*s.* 6*d.* to 1 guinea.

ANTHURIUM DECHARDI.

This splendid plant is a native of New Granada. It is of robust growth, with deep green foliage, and beautiful large snowy white flowers, which are slightly fragrant. It is a remarkably useful and effective plant for decoration, its magnificent white flowers rendering it exceedingly conspicuous and attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 to 3 guineas.

ANTHURIUM LEUCONEURUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAGNIFICUM**—*syn.* **A. grande** and **A. cordifolium**, 5*s.*
ANTHURIUM REGALE, 5*s.*
—— **VEITCHII.**
—— **WAROCQUEANUM.**

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM.

This has been introduced from Costa Rica, and is a most striking and attractive flowering plant, producing beautiful scarlet floral spathes, each of which remains from two to three months fresh and brilliant. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* ; fine plants, 1, 2 and 3 guineas.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM.

This most desirable novelty, which is a white variety of the well-known favourite *A. Scherzerianum*, has been introduced from Costa Rica ; it has lanceolate acuminate stalked leaves, of a deep green colour, and partakes of the same general character as *A. Scherzerianum*. Being, like that species, an abundant bloomer, it will make a splendid companion plant, its beautiful white spathes forming an admirable contrast to the brilliant scarlet of those of the older typical form. 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

ANTIARIS TOXICARIA.

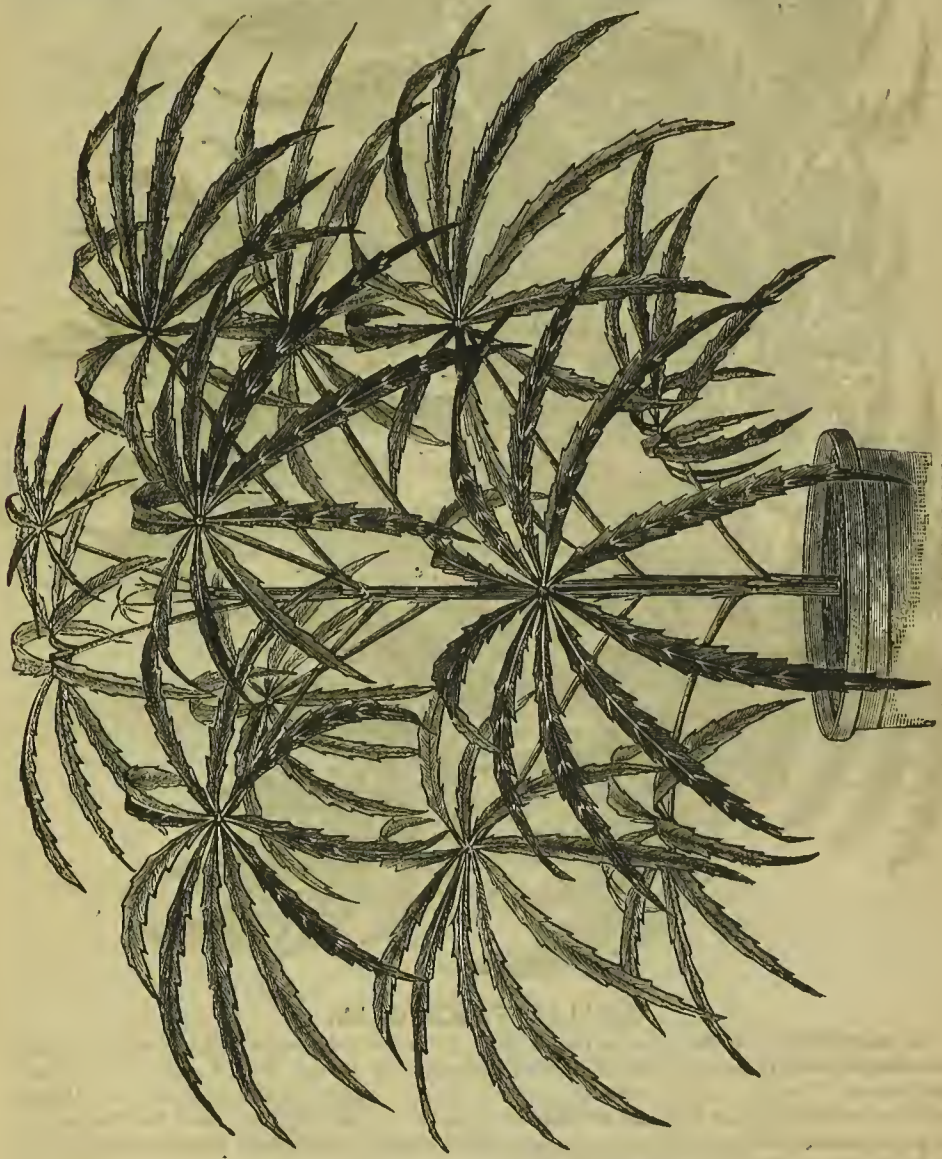
The virulent (but fabled) Upas tree of Java. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ANTIGONON AMABILE, 5*s.*
—— **INSIGNE**, *vide* page 3.
APHELANDRA AURANTIACA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROEZLII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CRISTATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FASCINATOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
APHELANDRA NITENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PORTEANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PUMILA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA, *vide* page 13.
—— **FILICIFOLIA**, *vide* page 14.
—— **GRACILLIMA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

ARALIA GUILFOYLEI.

This fine and distinct ornamental stove plant is a native of the South Sea Islands. Its bold pinnate handsomely variegated leaves have longish smooth terete petioles, and are made up of from three to seven stalked oblong-elliptic bluntish leaflets, which are neatly and evenly margined with creamy white, the surface being in addition occasionally splashed with gray. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ARALIA LEPTOPHYLLA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACULATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RETICULATA**, 5*s.*
—— **VEITCHII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— —— **GRACILLIMA**, 1 guinea
ARDISIA OLIVERI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ARDISIAS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARISÆMA WIGHTII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARISTOLOCHIA CLYPEATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORDIFOLIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DUCHARTREI**, 5*s.*
—— **FLORIBUNDA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GIGAS**, 5*s.*
—— **TRICAUDATA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TRILOBATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ARTANTHE RUBRONODOSA, 7*s.* 6*d.*



ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA.

ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA.

The elegant and ornamental foliage of this handsome Aralia is of a deep green colour shaded with brown, the mid-rib of each leaflet being white. The stem is erect, and furnished with digitate leaves on long dark green foot-stalks, which are mottled with white; while the filiform leaflets being pendulous, impart a very graceful character to the plant. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands, and is a remarkably effective ornamental foliaged plant. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

ARALIA FILICIFOLIA.

ARALIA FILICIFOLIA.

An ornamental-leaved stove plant of the first rank, graceful in habit, and well furnished with foliage, and altogether one of the most valuable decorative plants of its family. It is a native of the South Sea Islands. The stem and leaf-stalks are purplish, thickly marked with oblong white spots; the leaf stalks are sheathing at the base, and terete in the upper part, expanding into a broad leafy limb which is imparipinnately divided; the pinnæ themselves are of a bright green with a purplish costa, opposite and deeply pinnatifid. *7s. 6d.* and *10s. 6d.*

ASPARAGUS CONSANGUINEUS.

A very slender climbing plant of exceedingly graceful habit, throwing up much branched stems. The ultimate branchlets bear needle-like cladodia in fascicles of from ten to twelve in the young plants, and from ten to thirty when mature; they are thickly placed and spread out on all sides, so that the branchlets have an extremely elegant and feathery appearance. 1 guinea.

ARTOCARPUS CANNONI, 5*s.*
—— **EBURNEA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **INCISA** *(Bread Fruit)*, 1½ guinea
—— **LACINIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **METALLICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ATACOIA CRISTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
BARLERIA ARGENTEA, 5*s.*
BATATAS PANIOULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BAUHINIA MALABARICA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
BAUHINIAS, of sorts, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
BEAUMONTIA GRANDIFLORA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
BEGONIA, *vide* Index.
BERTOLONIA GUTTATA, 5*s.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SPLENDENS**, 15*s.*
—— —— **SUPERBA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MARCHANDI**, 5*s.*
—— **MARGARITACEA SUPERBA**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.
—— **MARMOREA SUPERBA**, 5*s.*
—— **MIRANDÆI**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRIMULÆFLORA**, *vide* Monolena primulæflora.
—— **VAN HOUTTEI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

BERTOLONIA SUPERBISSIMA.

An exquisitely beautiful stove perennial belonging to the ornamental-leaved class, and truly deserving the designation "most superb." The ground colour of the leaves is bright olive green, on which, in each space between the ribs, are usually three rows of spots about an eighth of an inch in diameter, of a charming purplish rose colour, the surface between the spots being freckled with minute dots of the same colour; these markings are finely relieved by the clear emerald green which shows along the course of the ribs. At the edge there is one row of the larger spots. The under surface is of a delicate purplish rose. It is a charmingly beautiful plant, not inappropriately called by general observers the "Jewel Plant." 1½ and 2 guineas.

BIGLANDULARIA, *vide* Index.
BIGNONIA AURANTIACA, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CHAMBERLAYNII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **EXCELSA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAGNIFICA**, *vide* page 4.
—— **ORNATA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RETIOULATA**, 7*s* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROEZLIANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VILLOSA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VENUSTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BILLBERGIA FARINOSA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MORELIANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ORNATA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SAUNDERSII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
BILLBERGIA THYRSOIDEA, 5*s.*
—— **VITTATA**, 5*s.*
BONAPARTEA JUNCEA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
BOUGAINVILLEA GLABRA, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LATERITIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECTABILIS**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BROWNEA ARIZA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COCCINEA**, 1 guinea.
—— **ERECTA**, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— **GRANDICEPS**, 1½ guinea
BURCHELLIA CAPENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CALADIUM, *vide* Index.
CALATHEA RUFIBARBA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CALLIPHRURIA SUBEDENTATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CAMPYLYBOTRYS, *vide* Hoffmannia.

CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM.

A free-growing slender woody climber, from the Fiji Islands. It has opposite leaves, consisting of about twelve pairs of leaflets, which are small, ovate, deeply cut into two or three lobes on each side, the larger lobes being sometimes also toothed. The growth and general character of the plant are so elegant that whether cultivated as a small pot plant, trained on globular or other trellises, or planted as a climber, it has a most charming and engaging appearance. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CANNA, *vide* Index.
CARAGUATA, *vide* Tillandsia.
CARICA AURANTIACA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CARUMBIUM POLYANDRUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*

CARYOPHYLLUS AROMATICUS.

This is the plant that produces the well-known Clove of commerce. 15*s.*

CENTRADENIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CENTROPOGON LUCYANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CENTROSOLENIA BULLATA (EPISCIA TESSELATA), 5*s.*
CEROPEGIA GARDNERI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CHAMERANTHEMUM BEYRICHII VARIEGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GAUDICHAUDIANUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NITIDUM**, 5*s.*

CHEVALLIERA (ÆCHMEA) VEITCHII.

This is a very fine new Bromeliad, discovered and sent me from the United States of Colombia by my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, in 1874, and again found and sent by my collector, Mr. Carder, in 1875. Its flowers are produced in a dense oblong head, each subtended by a squarrose bright scarlet horny-toothed bract, the rich colour of which renders the plant highly attractive. Sepals lanceolate-deltoid, bright scarlet in the lower flowers of the head, white in the upper ones. This new plant has been also sent from the United States of Colombia by Mr. Wallis, and has been described and admirably figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for November, 1877, tab. 6329. Mr. Shuttleworth, however, says that in its native habitat the flower-heads are fully double the size of the one figured, and present a most effective appearance, hence doubtless the reason that three collectors were struck with it and sent it home. 1½ guinea.

CINNAMOMUM VERUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CISSUS ARGENTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DISCOLOR**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LINDENI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PORPHYROPHYLLA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLERODENDRON BALFOURIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CALAMITOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FALLAX**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FRAGRANS FL. PL.**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HASTATUM**, 5*s.*
CLERODENDRON INFORTUNATUM, 5*s.*
—— **KÆMPFERI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SPECIOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **THOMSONÆ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VISCOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLIDEMIA VITTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
COFFEA ARABICA (*The Coffee Plant*), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
COLA ACUMINATA, 1 guinea.

COFFEA LIBERICA.

This new species of Coffee has been introduced from Liberia, on the West Coast of Africa. It is a plant of the highest commercial importance, and in all probability the most valuable economic introduction of the present century.

It is of robust and vigorous growth, with large coriaceous leaves, which in form are elliptic-obovate oblong and shortly acuminate. The flowers are produced in axillary clusters in great profusion. The berries of this Coffee are much larger than those of *C. arabica*, and the plant much more productive, added to which it produces large crops at a low elevation, where *C. arabica*, could not be successfully cultivated.

From these and its other desirable characteristics, this new species is now attracting considerable attention in all the Coffee-growing countries of the world. Price on application.

COLEUS.

The utility of the Coleus for ornamental and general decorative purposes, where coloured-leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well known; they are easily grown and make fine specimens in a short time.

ADMIRATION, 5*s.*
AURORA, *vide* page 9.
BEAUTY OF WIDMORE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BUTTERFLY, 5*s.*
CLOWN, 5*s.*
CORSAIR, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ELDORADO, 1*s.* 6*d.*
EXQUISITE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
FAME, 5*s.*
FASCINATION, 1*s.* 6*d.*
FAVOURITE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FIREFLY, *vide* page 9.
GARNET, 1*s.* 6*d.*
GEORGE BUNYARD, 1*s.*
GLOW, *vide* page 9.
GROTESQUE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HARLEQUIN, *vide* page 9.
KENTISH FIRE, 1*s.*
LE COUTANÇONNAIS, 1*s.*
LORD FALMOUTH, 1*s.*
LORD OXFORD, 5*s.*
MAGIC, *vide* page 9.
M. COLMET D'AAGE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. DELAUX, 1*s.*
M. DELEUIL, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. DESBROSSES, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. J. LINDEN, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. P. HOCHET, 1*s.* 6*d.*
MULTICOLOR, 1*s.*
MUSAICA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
NOVELTY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PICTUS, 1*s.*
PILLAR OF GOLD, 5*s.*
PORTIA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ROYALTY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SPARKLER, *vide* page 9.
SPLENDENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STELLA, 5*s.*
SUNBEAM, *vide* page 9.
WIZARD, 3*s.* 6*d.*
WONDER, 5*s.*

COLEUS DISTINCTION.

A novel and effectively-coloured plant, introduced from the Islands of the South Pacific; it has deeply crenated leaves of a bronzy green colour shaded with violet crimson, the centre of the leaf prettily feathered with creamy yellow, the mid-rib and veins rosy purple. 5*s.*

COLEUS SURPRISE.

A distinct and pretty form of Coleus, introduced from the Islands of the South Pacific; the leaves are bright green, centrally banded and feathered with primrose yellow, the variegation becoming white as the leaves mature; extremely attractive. 5*s.*

COLOCASIA ARGYRONEURA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
COLUMNEAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
COMBRETUM GRANDIFLORUM, 5*s.*
—— **PURPUREUM**, 5*s.*
COSSIGNEA BORBONICA, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
COSTUS ALBESCENS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ZEBRINUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CRINUM AMABILE, 15*s.*
—— **AMERICANUM**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AUSTRALE**, *vide* Greenhouse Plants
—— **CAREYANUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GIGANTEUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ORNATUM RUBRO-VITTATUM**, 15*s.*

CORYNOSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA.

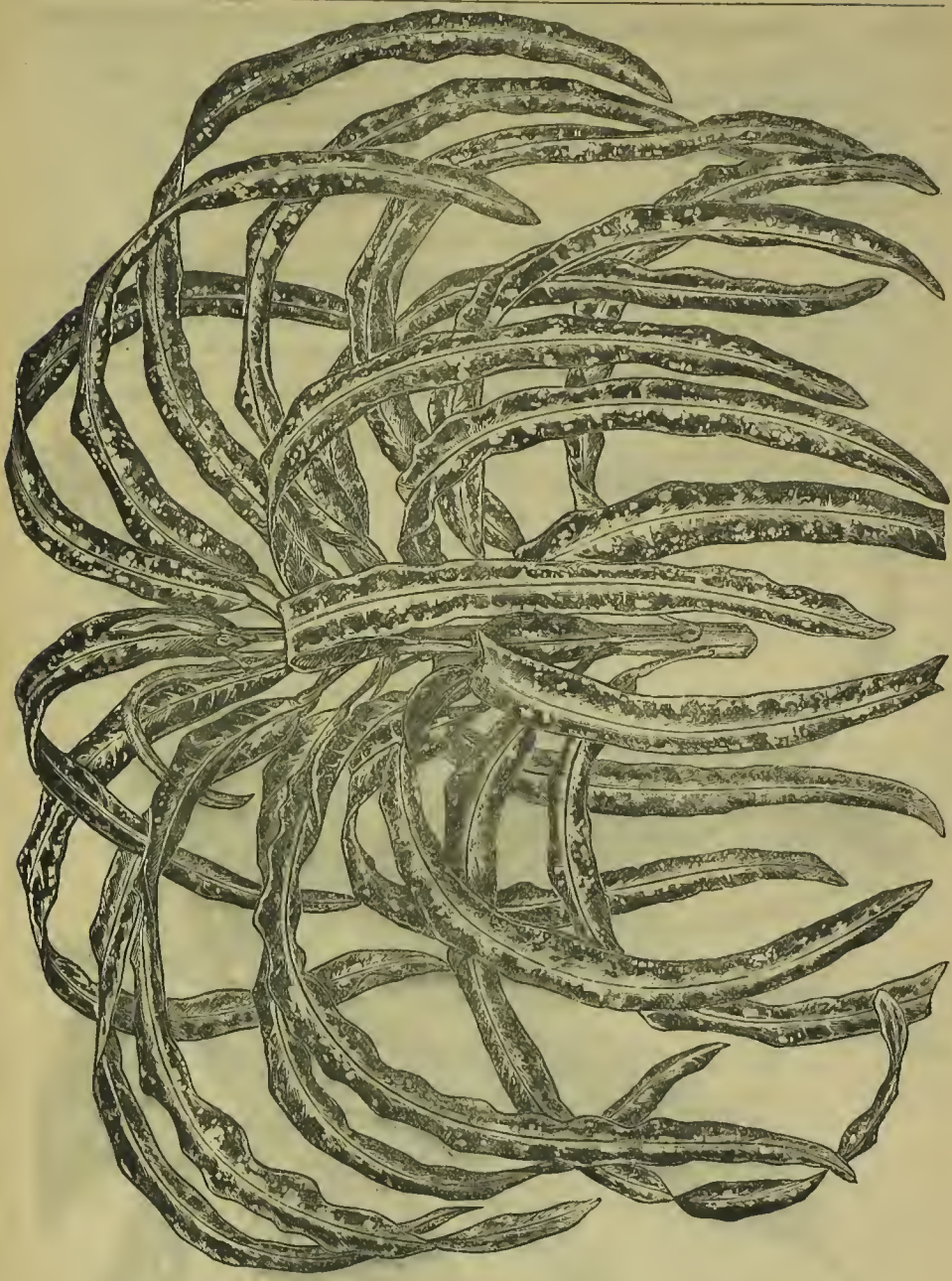
The genus Corynostylis belongs to the family of the Violets. The present species was found on the banks of the Amazon. It is a remarkably free blooming plant, of a trailing or climbing habit, bearing ovate-acuminate leaves, and lovely white horn-shaped or trumpet-shaped flowers, about 2 inches long, suspended on long thread-like peduncles. These interesting flowers, taken in profile, present the appearance of some long-spurred Tropæolum, while on the front view they bear a resemblance to those of a gigantic Violet. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROSSANDRA FLAVA, 5*s.*
CROTON ANDREANUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ANGUSTIFOLIUS,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ANGUSTISSIMUS,** *vide* C. Johannis.
CROTON APPENDICULATUS, 5*s.*
—— **AUREO-LINEATUS,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BISMARCKI,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CAMPTOPHYLLUS,** 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON CHALLENGER (IMPERATOR).

An extremely distinct and attractive variety from the South Sea Islands. Its long broadish lanceolate leaves are spreading and recurved, of a light green colour, profusely blotched and marked with light yellow, which assumes a rosy hue as the foliage acquires age. The mid-rib of the leaf is creamy white, which is afterwards tinted with red and eventually becomes a bright rosy crimson. It is an exceedingly effective and ornamental plant. 1½ guinea.

CROTON CHELSONI, *vide* page 4.
—— **CHRYSOPHYLLUS,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CONCINNUS,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CONTORTUS,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
CROTON DORMANIANUS, 1½ guinea
—— **EARL OF DERBY,** 1 guinea.
—— **FALCATUS,** *vide* C. variabilis.
—— **FASCIATUS,** *vide* C. Hendersoni.



CROTON GLORIOSUS (PRINCESS OF WALES).

CROTON GLORIOSUS (PRINCESS OF WALES).

This is one of the long-leaved drooping forms of Croton, and is perfectly distinct in character. It comes from the New Hebrides. The leaves are from 1½ to 2 feet in length, sometimes plane, and sometimes strongly undulated. The ground colour is green, and the variegation creamy-yellow, very variable in character. In some there is a creamy-yellow mid-rib, with a band on each side ; in others the mid-rib is bright green. The markings are of the maculate style, with here and there large blotches of clear creamy yellow, and in other parts clouded markings of smaller confluent blotches and spots. Occasionally these conditions are reversed, and there are longish patches on which the ground colour is creamy, relieved by a few clouded green markings. The spreading arching habit, and the maculate style of variegation, are the characteristic features of this useful decorative variety. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Dundee in 1876. 1½ and 2 guineas.

CROTON HARWOODIANUS, *vide* C. triumphans.
—— **HASTIFERUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENDERSONI (FASCIATUS)**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HOOKERIANUS**, 5*s.*
—— **IMPERATOR**, *vide* C. Challenger.
—— **IMPERIALIS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JAMESII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CROTON JOHANNIS (ANGUSTISSIMUS), 5*s.*
—— **LANCIFOLIUS**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **MACAFEEANUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACARTHURI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAJESTICUS**, 5*s.*
—— **MOOREANUS**, 5*s.*
—— **MUTABILIS**, *vide* C. princeps.

CROTON MORTII.

A strong-growing, robust, and finely-marked addition to this now comprehensive family. The leaves are large, oblong-elliptic or obovate, broadest on the upper half, acute or shortly acuminate at the apex, and narrowed to an acute base; they are of a very dark green colour, the costa being marked out by a band of golden yellow a quarter of an inch wide, and all the principal veins also being broadly marked with yellow; these latter markings meet near the edge, where there is a variegation of broken reticulated golden lines. The intermediate spaces are freckled with yellow dots. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CROTON PICTURATUS, for description and price, *vide* page 21.

CROTON PICTURATUS.

A handsome and distinct variety of the polymorphus Codiæum or Croton, which has been obtained from the New Hebrides. It is highly colonred and effective, as well as curious in its development. The older leaves are somewhat irregular at the edge, and with a tendency towards spiral contortion. The mid-rib is bright red, and the surface is marked throughout in an irregular blotchy manner with clear yellow passing to red. In certain stages of growth leaves of a different character are produced; there is, for example, an oblong leafy peltate base, from the back of which the costa is continued like an excurrent thread, at the end of which is appended another elongate leafy portion, having a cupped or peltate base. The form of these parts is variable. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 20. 10*s*. 6*d*.

CROTON PRINCEPS (MUTABILIS).

A stout habited free-growing variety of *Croton*, obtained from the New Hebrides in the South Pacific Ocean. It has broad linear leaves, sometimes plane and normal in development, more frequently plane at the base and obtuse at the apex, with the mid-rib peltately excurrent behind, and forming a thread by which another plane leafy lobe is suspended, the latter being also peltately attached. The appearance of this as of the other appendiculate forms is very remarkable. The colour is at first green, with a yellow costa, yellow margins, and a few scattered yellow blotches on the laminæ. By the time they reach maturity they have entirely changed these colours, the green portions taking on a dark bronzy hue, and all the yellow markings, mid-rib and all, passing into the richest rosy crimson. It is one of the richest-colonred varieties in cultivation, and is strikingly handsome. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Dundee in 1876, and the First Prize at the Great International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878. 1½ and 2 guineas.

CROTON QUEEN VICTORIA, 15*s*.
—— **PRINCESS OF WALES**, *vide* C. gloriosus.
CROTON PRINCE OF WALES, 15*s*. and 1 guinea.

CROTON REX.

A remarkably attractive and handsome variety introduced from the South Sea Islands. The predominant colour throughout the leaves is bright crimson, indeed it is one of the best of the red-coloured series. The drooping strap-shaped leaves are of a bronzy green ground colour, with conspicuous rich crimson mid-rib, the margins sometimes undulated, and the laminæ occasionally spirally twisted for two or three turns. The younger leaves are veined and spotted with yellow, which colour changes to reddish crimson as they acquire age, rendering the plant extremely effective. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent, in 1878. 10*s*. 6*d*.

CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS.

A very pretty and distinct form of Croton, of hybrid origin. It is of compact habit, densely leafy, and from its pleasing colouration will become one of the most useful for decorative purposes. The leaves are obovate-acuminate, flat, and always colour well. The primary ground colour is green, the mid-rib and its border being pale yellow, as are also the principal veins which are marked in an arcuate manner, while between and beyond them the surface is broken up in yellow reticulations. These markings take on a pretty rose tint, which is most decided near the margins. The pleasing colouring and the excellent habit of the plant must render it a general favourite. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Preston, in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 22. 1½ guinea.

CROTON ROYAL PRINCE, 10*s*. 6*d*.
CROTON SPLENDIDUS, 1½ guinea.

CROTON SPIRALIS.

A very distinct and effective variety from the South Sea Islands. The spiral twisting of the leaf blade, which has suggested its name, is very marked and very constant. The leaves are deep green, with a broad golden yellow bar up the centre, the green margin twisting spirally around the golden bar, some leaves being partially spiral and partially undulate. The older leaves become a deep bronzy green, almost purple, and the mid-rib a deep crimson. 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.

CROTON SUPERBIENS.

One of the finest of known varieties, and of a thoroughly distinct character. The leaves are oblong, acute, rounded at the base. The colouring is exceedingly rich, and quite unique. In the least colonred condition, the leaves are green, with clouded yellowish markings. As these mature, the green deepens, the yellow brightens, and the coppery-red veining and margin are brought out. Subsequently the green becomes blackish-bronze, while all the pale portions become coppery, the veins and the costa being picked out with crimson, which shows in a very marked degree on the costa. In this state the colouration is truly superb. It is a native of New Guinea and is a gem amongst the Crotons. 2 guineas.

CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS, for description and price, *vide* page 21.

CROTON TORQUATUS, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **TRILOBUS**, 5*s.*

CROTON TRILOBUS ALBERTI, 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON TRILOBUS DISRAELI.

A handsome variety, bearing long-stalked leaves, widening upwards from a wedge-shaped base, and diverging usually into a pair of nearly opposite and equal basal lobes, but sometimes unequally developed, one or other of the lobes being reduced to a roundish shoulder; they have the costa and most of the ribs of a golden yellow, with scattered spots of the same colour. These yellow markings take on a crimson tint on full exposure, like most of the other kinds 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

A fine and distinct variety obtained from the New Hebrides. The leaves are linear-lanceolate with a long tapered point, usually recurved and frequently also revolute. They are deep green, with a golden line on each side the mid-rib, the principal veins also golden, running into a net-work of the same colour towards the point. The costa is of a rich bright crimson, and forms a pretty contrast with the colour on either side. In the fully matured state, the leaves become rich greenish-bronze coloured, and the costa becomes of an intense rosy crimson, very bright and effective. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Carlisle in 1877. 1½ and 2 guineas.

CROTON TRILOBUS LORD CAIRNS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **TRAVELLER**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON UNDULATUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VARIABILIS (FALCATUS)**, 15*s.*
—— **VEITCHII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON VOLUTUS.

A very distinct and beautiful form, the great peculiarity of which consists in the leaves being rolled up from the end in a volute, after the manner of the curving of a ram's horn. The ground colour is deep green, a golden bar runs down the centre, from which yellow veins diverge at about half-inch intervals, and meet near to, and so as to coalesce with the golden margin, in which occur scattered spots. The markings are very regular, a little pink sometimes appearing in the mid-rib ; the curving of the leaf blade is also very constant, causing the edges to be elevated so as to form a kind of channel. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society, under the temporary name of *cornigerum*, which is not properly applicable to it. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CROTON WEISMANNI, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON WILLIAMSII, *vide* page 4.

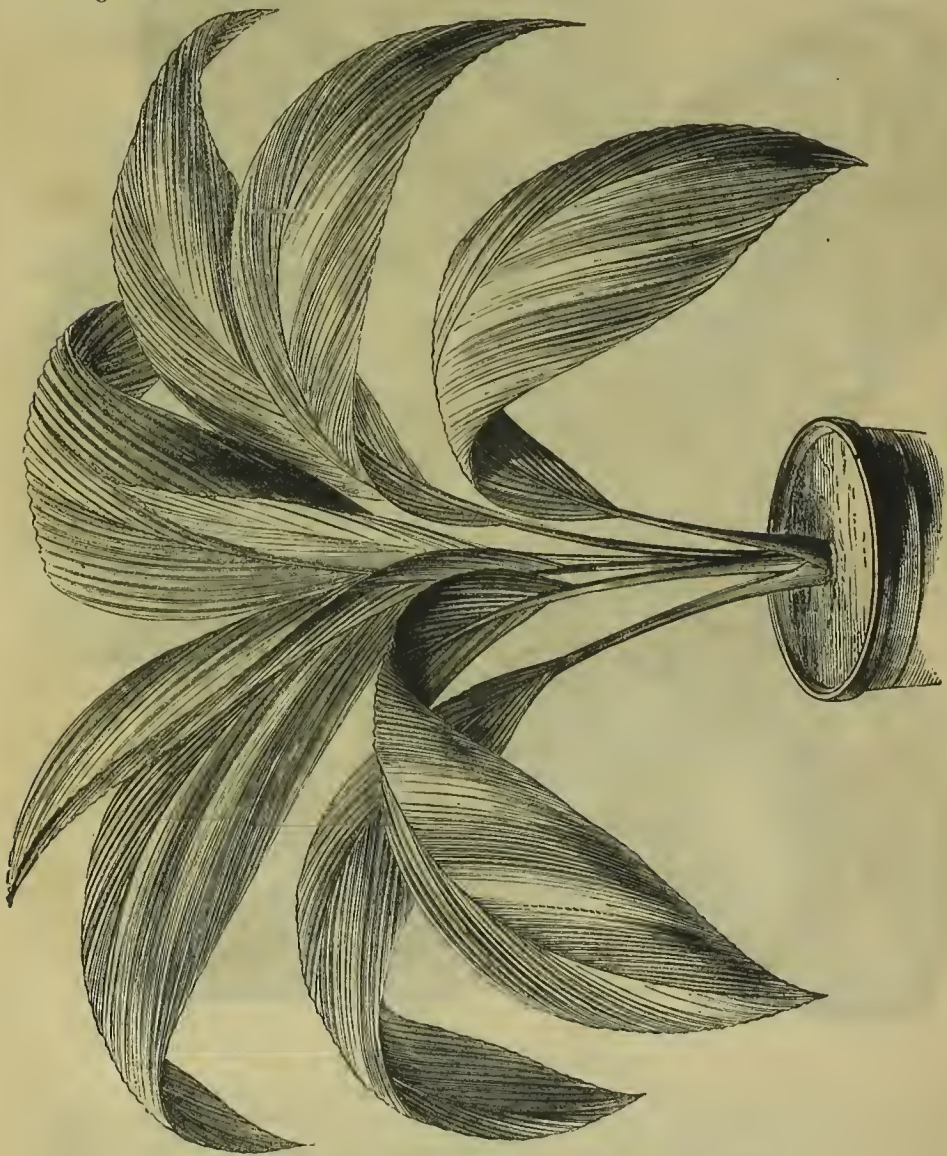
CUPANIA FILICIFOLIA, *vide* Jacaranda Clanssenіana.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA.

A noble plant of Indian origin, extremely useful for decorative purposes. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CURCULIGO RECURVATA STRIATA.

This is a remarkably handsome variety of a well-known and exceedingly ornamental stove perennial. It has the same long-stalked spreading lanceolate longitudinally plaited leaves as the parent, but differs in being marked with a distinct and effective central band of pure white, the back of the petiole being also whitish. It is a most telling decorative plant, on account of its bold and spreading habit. 2 and 3 guineas.



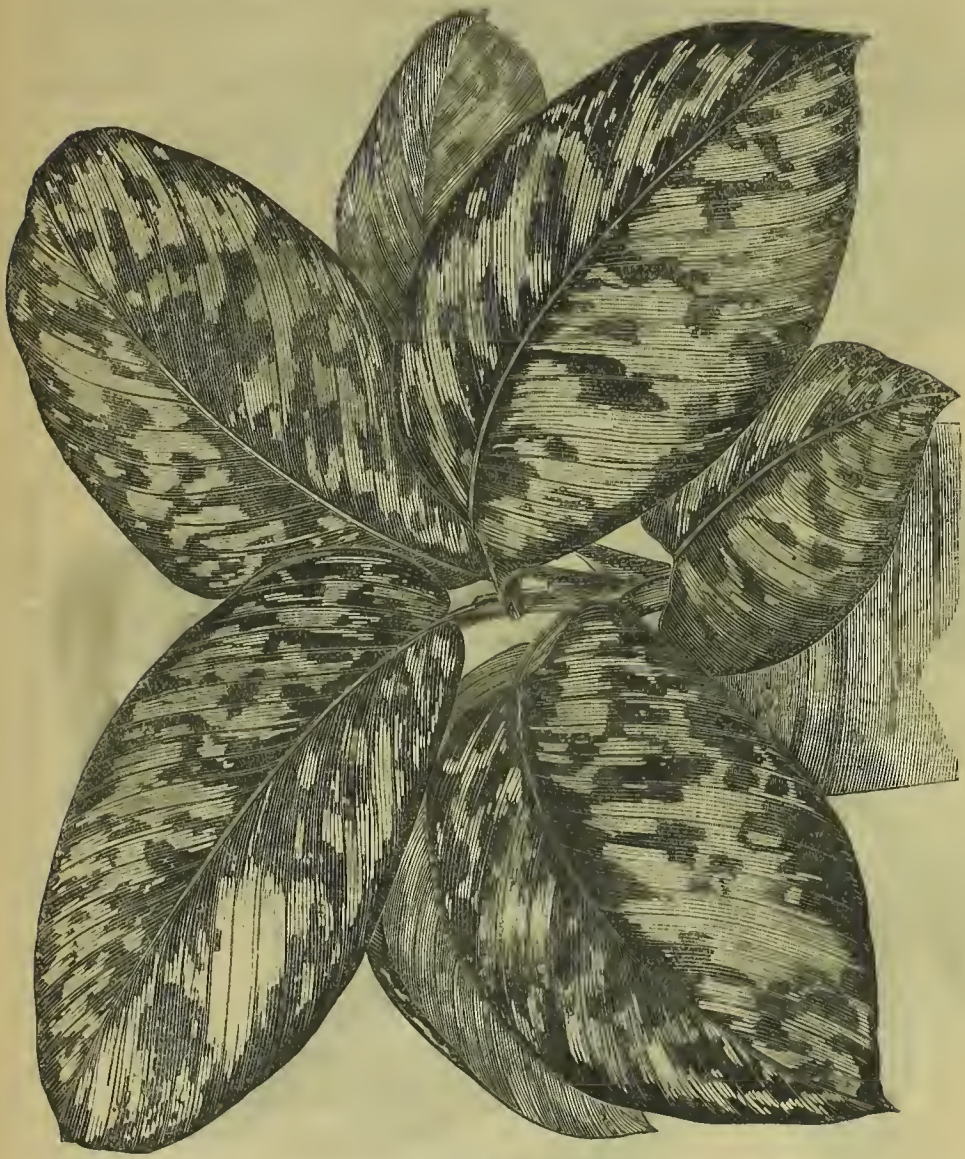
CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

A plant of noble aspect, producing from a tuberous rhizome, an arching head of recurved plaited oblong-lanceolate leaves, upwards of 2 feet long and 6 inches broad, on stalks a foot and a half in length; the leaves are green, banded in a varying manner with clear white stripes. The rich Palm-like foliage of this plant renders it of the highest ornamental character. The flowers are yellow, and grow in short racemes at the base of the leaves. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

CURCUMA CORDATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PETIOLATA**, 5*s.*
—— **ROSCOEANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RUBRICAULIS**, 5*s.*

CURCUMA ZEDOARIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CURMERIA PICTURATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROEZLII**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*



CURMERIA WALLISII.

CURMERIA WALLISII.

A dwarf-growing stove plant, of distinct aspect, and very ornamental in character. The leaves are spreading, and marked with very irregular dark green maculations, some running out from the green costa, and others situated near the edge. The intermediate spaces are furnished with broadish patches of very pale yellowish green, which in the more matured leaves becomes a greenish gray. The colours are about equally dispersed, though the marking is very irregular, both as to the size and form of the blotches. Introduced from the United States of Colombia. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Dundee in 1876. 1 guinea.

CYANOPHYLLUM BOWMANNI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAGNIFICUM**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECTANDUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
CYCADS, *vide* Index
CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS, 1*s.* 6*d.* & 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LACOURII (KYLLINGIA MONOCEPHALA)**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYPRIPEDIUM, *vide* Orchids
CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPHANA, 5*s.*
—— **MAGNIFICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **POHLIANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYRTOCERAS REFLEXUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYRTODERIA CHONTALENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FULGIDA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METALLICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA ALBA, 5*s.*
—— —— **ROSEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAVIDSONIA PRURIENS.

A noble-looking hothouse plant, of erect habit, with alternate imparipinnate leaves, nearly 2 feet long, the petioles and rachides thickly covered with short stiff hairs, and furnished between and below the pinnæ with a narrow lobate biserrated hairy wing. There are five or six pairs of pinnæ, the terminal one about 9 inches long. The leaves are densely furnished with pungent hairs, and strongly biserrate at the margin. In the young state they are of a bright red colour, from which they pass to a deepish green. The spreading habit of the ample foliage, and its distinct form, will render this a very desirable plant for ornamental purposes. 1½ guinea.

DICHORISANDRA MUSAICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **UNDATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DICHOTRICHUM TERNATEUM, 1 guinea
DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS, 15*s.*
—— **AMAZONICA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DIEFFENBACHIA BARAQUINIANA, 5*s.*
—— **BOWMANNI**, 5*s.*
—— **BAUSEI**, 5*s.*
—— **BRAZILIENSIS**, 5*s.*

DIEFFENBACHIA CHELSONI.

A very handsome stove plant, obtained by my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, in the United States of Colombia. The colour of the leaves is a dark satiny green, the costa marked with a gray band, which runs out into a feathered edge, and extends about one-third across each half of the blade, the surface of which is also freely spotted and blotched with bright yellow green for about two-thirds of its breadth, the spots distinct or coalescing into patches of irregular form. The well-marked contrast between the three colours renders the leaf variegation very effective. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Brussels in 1876. 1 guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA EBURNEA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FLAVO-VIRENS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DIEFFENBACHIA ILLUSTRIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LANCEOLA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACULOSA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS.

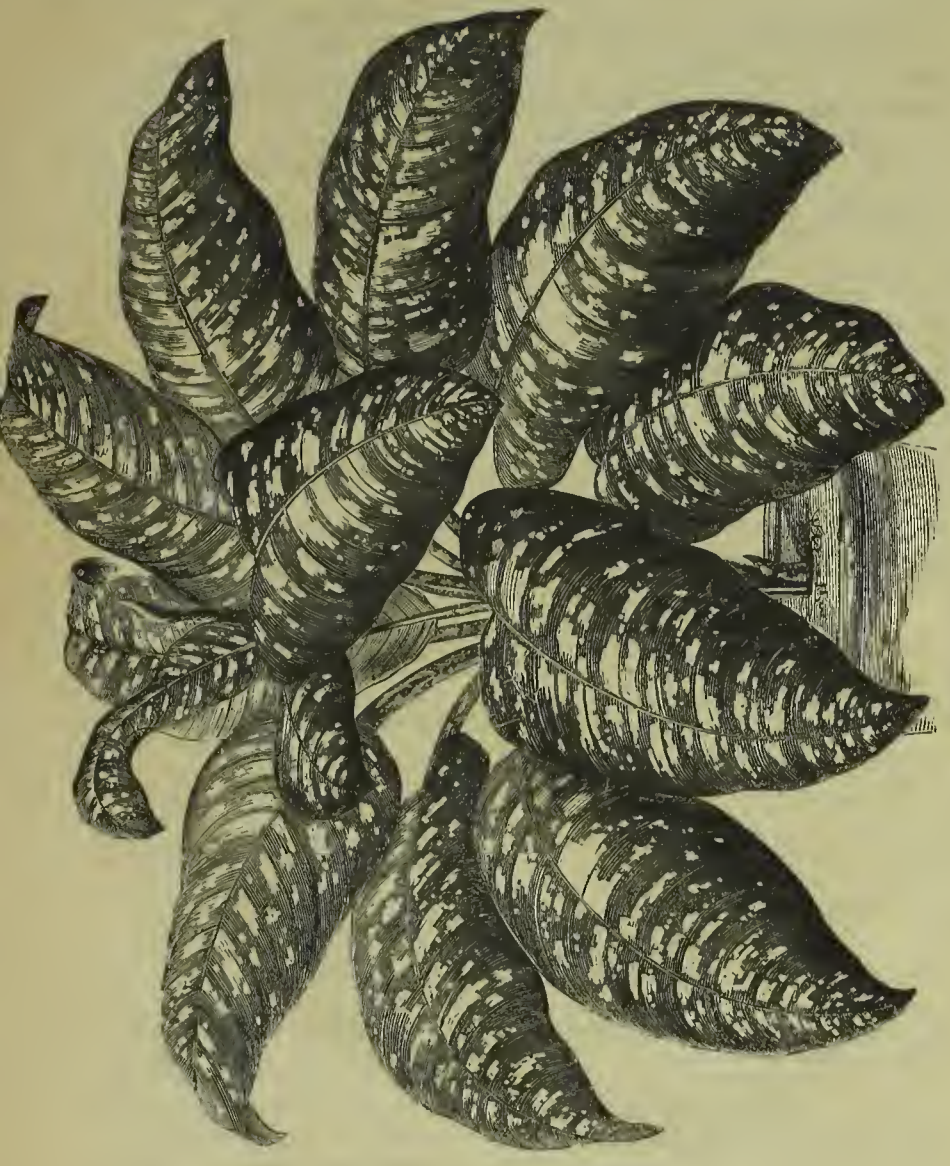
An introduction from South America, of a remarkably bold and effective character. The plant is stocky in habit, and well set with spreading leaves. The leaf-stalks are very pale green, mottled transversely with brighter green. The blades are of a deep rich green, marked over the central portion to within about an inch of the margin, with largish angular, irregular, and variously confluent white spots, which contrast strongly with the colour of the margin and intervening portions. Altogether a strikingly handsome plant of its group. For illustration, *vide* page 28. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIEFFENBACHIA NEBULOSA, 5*s.*
—— **PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SHUTTLEWORTHII**, 1½ guinea
—— **VELUTINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VITTATA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DIEFFENBACHIA WEIRII, 5*s.*
DIONÆA MUSCIPULA, *vide* Index.
DIOSCOREA ANÆCTOCHILUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIOSCOREA ARGYRÆA.

This pretty slender stove climber has been introduced from Colombia. It has wiry stems, and cordate seven-nerved green leaves, the nerves of which are bordered with distinct irregular angular patches of silvery gray, which, being thus disposed, appear to form a series of broken variegated silvery bands, extending from the base to the apex. The blade of the leaf is about 5 inches across, and slightly more in length, and the petioles are thickened both at the base and apex. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIOSCOREA BULBIFERA, 5*s.*
—— **CHRYSOPHYLLA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DIOSCOREA DISCOLOR VARIEGATA. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*



DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS, for description and price, *vide* page 27.

DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA.

A handsome foliaged climber, from Rio Grande do Sul. The leaves have an irregular central band of silvery gray, and a few angular patches of the same colour generally placed in juxtaposition with the ribs, of which there are four on each side of the costa. The surface is a satiny green, shaded with olive green, and marked by fine transverse whitish parallel lines between the nerves, a third series of irregular veinlets crossing between the latter. The under surface is purple. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIOSCOREA MELANOLEUCA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
— **METALLICA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
— **VITTATA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
— **AMŒNA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
— **BOLIVIENSIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA.

This splendid variety of Dipladenia is one of the best exhibition plants extant. It is of free growth, and of the most floriferous character, in this respect greatly exceeding any other Dipladenia. It is an evergreen stove climber of the very first rank, and is furnished with opposite oblong acute dark green leaves, which serve as a fine contrast for the superbly coloured flowers, which are of the largest size, opening pink and changing to the richest crimson colour. They have this remarkable peculiarity, that the colour increases in intensity with the age of the flowers. Beautiful as were the Dipladenias of some few years since, they have been quite eclipsed by the improved varieties which have been obtained, and amongst these *D. Brearleyana* is certainly the most distinct and beautiful. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*; extra sizes, 1 and 1½ guinea.

DIPLADENIA INSIGNIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **MAGNIFICA (ACUMINATA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DIPLADENIA MARTIANA (CRASSINODA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DIPLADENIA ORNATA.

A very fine variety of this useful and effective class of stove climbers. It produces fine large flowers of a rich crimson colour, beautifully suffused with violet. 15*s.*

DIPLADENIA REGINA.

An extremely beautiful early-flowering variety, the best of all the light-coloured Dipladenias; it is of neat growth and remarkably free habit; the flowers are blush on first opening, and change afterwards to a most delicate flesh colour, the throat being suffused with rose; they are of good round shape, the lobes well formed and of great substance. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

DIPLADENIA ROSACEA, *vide* page 5.
—— **SPLENDENS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **WILLIAMSII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACÆNA ALBA MARGINATA, 1½ guinea.
—— **AMABILIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DRACÆNA AMBOYNENSIS.

DRACÆNA AMBOYNENSIS.

This plant was found growing on the crater of Amboyna. It is remarkable for the strongly-marked and decided colouring of the lower half of the leaves. These are oblong-lanceolate acuminate, of a deep bronzy tinted green, the lower half having a distinct edging a quarter of an inch wide, of bright rosy carmine. The petioles are tinted with rosy purple, and the leaves are spreading and gracefully arching. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA AMŒNA, 1 guinea
—— **AMPLIATA**, 1 guinea
—— **ANERLEYENSIS**, 1½ guinea
—— **BAPTISTII**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BARRONI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BAUSEI**, 1½ guinea
—— **BELLULA**, *vide* D. elegans rubra
—— **CANTRELLII**, 1 guinea
DRACÆNA CHELSONI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COCCINEA**, 1 guinea
—— **CONGESTA (RUBRA)**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COOPERI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CRISTULA**, *vide* page 5.
—— **CRUENTA**, 1 guinea
—— **DECORA**, 1 guinea
—— **DUFFII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACÆNA EBURNEA.

This splendid variety is of bold habit and vigorous compact growth; the leaves, which are broadly acuminate, are of a light green colour and margined with pure white. It is an extremely distinct and effective variety. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA ELEGANS RUBRA (BELLULA), 5*s.*
—— **ELIZABETHÆ**, 15*s.*
—— **ERNESTII**, 1 guinea
—— **EXCELSA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA FERREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FORMOSA**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **FRASERI**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GEMMA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACÆNA GLADILINA.

A graceful and effective variety, with elegantly recurved lanceolate acuminate leaves, of a rich full green colour, distinctly margined with pinkish crimson; in the young leaves the margin is very wide, and of a creamy white, tinged with pink. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA GLADSTONEI, 15*s.*

DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA.

One of the most magnificent ornamental-foliaged plants ever introduced, and altogether unique in character and aspect. It is a native of Western Tropical Africa. The plant is of erect habit, and the stems are closely set with stalked spreading leaves, the petioles of which are of a grayish colour, terete, with a narrow furrow along the upper side, the base being dilated and sheathing the stem. The blade of the leaf is cordate-ovate acuminate, with a yellowish-green costa, and marbled and irregularly banded with dark green and silver-gray in alternate straight or furcate bands, the colours being about equally distributed. The back of the unfolded leaves is a pale reddish-purple or wine colour, and the stem where visible at the upper joints is of similar hue, the lower parts becoming green. It is, without doubt, one of the most superb of ornamental stove plants, and indispensable in all first-class collections. This beautiful species has frequently been shown in Mr. W. B.'s winning collections of New Plants. For illustration, *vide* page 32. 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

DRACÆNA GRACILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **GUILFOYLEI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HENDERSONI**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HYBRIDA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IGNEA**, 1 guinea
—— **IMPERATOR**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IMPERIALIS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA JUCUNDA, 1 guinea
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 1½ guinea
—— **LUCINDA**, 1½ guinea
—— **MAGNIFICA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAJESTICA**, 1½ guinea
—— **METALLICA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MINIATA**, 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA MIRABILIS.

The leaves of this showy variety are very gracefully recurved; they are oblong-lanceolate in form, and of a bronzy green colour, margined with bright crimson rose; some of the leaves are very much suffused with rosy crimson. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA MOOREANA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MRS. BAUSE**, 1½ guinea
—— —— **C. J. FREAKE**, 1½ guinea
—— —— **WILLS**, 1 guinea
—— **NIGRO-RUBRA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **STRIATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NITZSCHNERI**, 15*s.*
—— **PHRYNIOIDES**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA PRINCEPS, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **REALI**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REBECCÆ**, 15*s.*
—— **RECURVA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REFLEXA**, 5*s.*
—— **REGALIS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REGINA**, 5*s.*
—— **ROBINSONIANA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACENA GOLDIEANA, for description and price, *vide* page 31.

DRACÆNA REX.

A very handsome form of Dracæna of hybrid origin. It is of bold character and highly coloured. The leaves are erect, broadly lanceolate or oblong-lanceolate, upwards of a foot in length, and of a bronzy green colour, flushed with rosy purple, the blades freely streaked with bright carmine rose; the petioles are margined with purplish rose, and the back of the costa is of the same cheerful colour. It has been Certificated both by the Royal Horticultural and the Royal Botanic Societies, and is really a very fine and attractive plant. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA RUBESCENS, 1 guinea
—— **ROSACEA**, 1 guinea
—— **RUBELLA**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **RUBRA**, *vide* D. congesta

DRACÆNA SALMONEA, 1 guinea
—— **SHEPHERDII**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d*

DRACÆNA STELLA.

A very elegant growing variety of spreading habit, with long gracefully recurved foliage; the leaf blades, which are oblong-acuminate in form, are of a rich green colour banded with creamy white and bright rose. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA STRICTA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STRIATIFOLIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SURCULOSA**, 5*s.*
—— —— **MACULATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA SYDNEYI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TELLINGII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TERMINALIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA TRIUMPHANS.

This variety is remarkable for the very dark colour of its narrow lanceolate leaves which appear to taper into the stalk by the incurving of the winged edges of the petiole, while in the upper part the blade assumes a half-channeled form. The colour is a black purple relieved by the glaucous hue of the under surface and of the leaf stalks, while the edges of the young leaves towards the centre are deeply edged with rose colour, which in combination with the dark body-colour has a peculiar purplish blush. It is a fine decorative plant, contrasting admirably with the broad-leaved varieties. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA VESTALIS.

A variety of graceful habit with long lanceolate acuminate leaves of a rich green colour, distinctly margined with white, the white marking extending down the edges of the petiole. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA VIRGINALIS.

An elegant-growing variety, with long narrowish acuminate leaves, of a light bright green colour, distinctly margined with pure white. The elegant arching habit of this variety renders it exceedingly ornamental. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA VIVICANS.

An ornamental variety with very long and narrow leaves of a dark bronzy purple colour, edged with bright rose, and occasionally suffused with the same colour. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA VOLUTA, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— **WEISMANNII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **WILLSII**, 1½ and 2 guineas
DRACONTIUM ALBOSTIPES, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ANNULATUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ASPERUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CARDERI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCALPTURATUM**, *vide* page 5.
DRYMONIA TURIALVÆ, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
DYCKIA LEMAIREANA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ECHITES, *vide* Dipladenia
—— **PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RUBRO-VENOSA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ELETTARIA DIEPENHORSTII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ENCEPHALARTOS, *vide* Index
ENCHOLIRION CORALLINUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JONGHI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
EPIPHYLLUM, of sorts; these are useful for winter and early spring blooming, and are very showy and attractive. 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
EPISCIA TESSELATA, *vide* Centrosolenia bullata
ERANTHEMUM ATROPURPUREUM, 5*s.*
—— **MARMORATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERANTHEMUM NIGRESCENS.

A stove plant, of erect habit, with pale-barked stems bearing opposite leaves. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are large and bold in character, elliptic-acuminate in form, concolorous, of a deep blackish purple, the colour being very effective as a contrast. It is of free habit, and a profuse bloomer, producing fine spikes of pure white flowers, with beautiful rosy purple centre, radiating slightly into the lobes; the lower lobe being minutely dotted with the same colour. 5*s.*

ERANTHEMUM MOOREI, 5*s.*
—— **PULCHELLUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RETICULATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ERANTHEMUM TRICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VERSICOLOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERYTHRINA PARCELLI.

A very handsomely variegated stove plant from the South Sea Islands. It has a stoutish woody stem, furnished with alternate leaves, the petioles of which support three leaflets. The variegation is yellow, sometimes forming a feather-like stripe along the costa and main veins, sometimes more suffused, and forming a band an inch wide, in which case the lateral veins take on more colour, and the coloured line becomes again branched; when at its fullest colouring, the centre of the leaf is mottled with yellow. The flowers are also attractive, of a bright cinnabar red colour. For illustration, *vide* page 34. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

ERYTHRINA PARCELLI. For description and price, *vide* page 33.

ERYTHROXYLON COCA.

This extremely interesting plant is of great officinal importance in South America, where its leaves are largely employed as a masticatory, under the name of Coca. When taken internally it acts as a powerful stimulant of the nervous system; and, when under its influence, persons are able to perform long and rapid journeys without exhaustion. "Four times a day, whatever the nature of his occupation—whether employed in the mines, the fields, as a muleteer, or domestic servant, the Indian resigns himself to the pleasures of Coca chewing." Its sustaining powers during long and tiring journeys have been lately tested among the Scottish mountains by Sir R. Christison, who found advantage from its use. It is a dwarf shrubby growing stove plant, producing little clusters of small greenish-white flowers along the branches. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

EUCHARIS AMAZONICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CANDIDA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
EUCODONIA, *vide* Index.
EUGENIA MAGNIFICA, 1 guinea
EUPHORBIA JACQUINIÆFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
EURYCLES CUNNINGHAMII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

EXOSTEMMA CHONTALENSIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
FERNS, *vide* Index.
FICUS BARBATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **DEALBATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
FICUS EBURNEA, 5*s.*
—— **EXSCULPTA**, *vide* page 5.
—— **LANCEOLATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PARCELLI**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

FICUS SYCOMORUS.

This is the exceedingly rare Sycamore Tree of Scripture. 10*s.* 6*d.*

FICUS RADICANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FITTONIA ARGYRONEURA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GIGANTEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PEARCEI**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
FRANCISCEA ACUMINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **AUGUSTA (RAMOSISSIMA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CALYCINA**, 5*s.*
—— **CONFERTIFLORA (LAURIFOLIA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **EXIMIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HOPEANA (UNIFLORA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HYDRANGEÆFORMIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LATIFOLIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LINDENI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
FRANCISCEA MAGNIFICA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEA PERFECTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
GARCINIA LIVINGSTONI, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **MANGOSTANA**, 2 and 3 guineas
GARDENIA AMŒNA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CITRIODORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FLORIDA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FORTUNEI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 5*s.* to 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GLOBOSA**, *vide* page 5.
—— **RADICANS**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **MAJOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **THUNBERGII**, 5*s.*
GESNERA DONKELAARI, 7*s.* 6*d.*

GESNERA DUVALI.

A remarkably beautiful Gesneraceous plant, belonging to the bulbous-rooted section ; it is extremely free-blooming, producing large showy panicles of fine long flowers of a velvety reddish vermilion colour ; very showy and attractive. 5*s.*

GESNERA LEOPOLDII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACRANTHA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— *vide* Index.
GLONERA JASMINIFLORA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
GLORIOSA PLANTII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SUPERBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
GLOXINIA, *vide* Index.
GODWINIA GIGAS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
GOMPHIA DECORA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
GOODYERA, *vide* Orchids.
GRAPTOPHYLLUM PICTUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GRIFFINIA BLUMENAVIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HYACINTHINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAXIMA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ORNATA**, 1 guinea.

GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA.

This magnificent plant was discovered in the United States of Columbia by M. Roezl. It has a smooth slender woody stem, clothed with elongate linear-lanceolate acuminate leaves, undulated and sharply serrated on the margin. The flowers grow from the axils of the leaves in the young plants, and from the older leafless parts of the trunk in older ones ; they are solitary or in pairs, 4 inches in diameter, of a charming rose colour, consisting of eight obovate oblong petals, with the yellow incurved staminal tube bearing numerous densely packed purple anthers, in a ring of an inch or more across. It is one of the grandest and most remarkable flowering plants of recent introduction. It was figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for March, 1875, Tab. 6151. For illustration, *vide* page 36. 3 guineas.

GUZMANNIA PICTA (NIDULARIUM FULGENS), 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
GYMNOSTACHIUM, *vide* Fittonia.
HÆMANTHUS MANNII, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

HEDYCHIUM ACUMINATUM.

A handsome stove plant, of the Scitaminous group, found in Nepal, Sikkim, and Khasya. It produces terminal spikes of handsome and fragrant flowers, of very singular structure, the three outer segments and two of the inner ones being linear, spreading, and of a pale yellow colour, while the third inner one is white, directed forwards, obovate, and deeply parted into two acute oblong segments. The flowers, as in the family generally, are remarkably sweet-scented. 10*s.* 6*d.*

HEMEROCALLIS, *vide* Pancratium.
HERNANDIA SONORA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA. For description and price, *vide* page 35.

HEVEA BRASILIENSIS.

An important plant from the commercial value of its product, for it yields one of the best kinds of Caoutchouc, which is known as Para Rubber. It is a native of Brazil and other parts of South America, where it forms a large tree. The leaves are trifoliolate, with membranaceous elliptic-lanceolate leaflets, and are clustered towards the ends of the branches, while the inflorescence is paniculate. It belongs to the order *Euphorbiaceæ*. Caoutchouc consists of the milky juice of this and some other plants, which is collected and dried for commercial use.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* & 5*s.* | **HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) ALBO-VARIEGATUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) BRILLIANTISSIMUS.

A superb variety, with large single flowers of the richest and most brilliant crimson scarlet, flushed with orange. The flower is fully 5½ inches across, spreading almost flat, but having a short funnel-shaped base formed by the convergence of the bases of the petals, which are in that part stained with a deeper crimson, and overlap each other so that they form a circular flower. 5*s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CARMINATUS PERFECTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* | **HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COOPERI**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CRUENTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) FULGIDUS.

This magnificent variety, which was obtained from the South Sea Islands, is remarkable alike for the size, colour, and marking of its brilliant flowers. The leaves are broadly ovate, with coarsely serrated margins. The flowers are of very large size (5 inches in diameter), composed of fine broad, rounded, and beautifully undulated petals, of an intense carmine scarlet, paler and somewhat rosy-tinted towards the base, where on each petal is an oblong blotch of deep crimson, forming a blunt-rayed star in the centre of the flower. It is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COLLERII.

A remarkably free and distinct variety, recently introduced from the South Sea Islands. The general habit of the plant, and the character of the ovate foliage entirely correspond with those of the type, but the flowers are of a buff yellow, with a crimson scarlet base, and are particularly handsome. Being of a free-blooming habit, it will be quite an acquisition amongst flowering stove plants. *5s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) DENNISONII.

A very distinct variety, producing fine large creamy white flowers; the plant is of dense and compact habit, with thick glaucous leathery ivy-shaped leaves. *5s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KERMESINUS, *5s.*

—— —— —— **LAMBERTII**, *3s. 6d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) PUNICEUS, *7s. 6d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS.

This remarkably showy stove plant has firm almost leathery ovate leaves, which are coarsely toothed, and brilliant flowers of a vermilion scarlet colour, darker towards the base of the petals. The flowers are semi-double, the petals very much waved and recurved, forming an irregular undulated mass 4 inches across, from which the partially petaloid staminal column projects 2 inches. The brilliant and attractive flowers are remarkable for the absence of formality, the shape being wild, and abounding in fantastic curves, but nevertheless they are remarkably handsome. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. *3s. 6d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA SINENSIS) VIVICANS.

A fine free-flowering stove plant of vigorous habit, with ovate stalked leaves, and remarkably large flowers, 4½ to 5 inches in diameter, full double, the centre being completely filled up with broad convoluto petals, having tufts of stamens intermixed. The colour is a brilliant crimson scarlet. It is a very showy variety, and was imported from the South Sea Islands. 5*s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA SINENSIS) ZEBRINA, *vide* page 6.
HIPPEASTRUM, *vide* **AMARYLLIS.**
HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSIA) GHIESBREGHTII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— VARIEGATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSIA) ORTGIESII, 5*s.*
—— —— REFULGENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— ARGYRONEURA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— ROBUSTA, 5*s.*

HOMALOMENA PELTATA.

A stove Aroid of noble appearance, introduced by Mr. Shuttleworth from Colombia. It is of tufted habit, with numerous leaves, on tall stout cylindrical petioles. The blade is coriaceous, dark green, and glabrous above; 2 feet in length, and nearly 1½ foot in breadth, peltately attached, and of a cordato-ovate acuminate outline. The spathe is persistent, 6 or 7 inches long, pinkish and white spotted externally, greenish within, enclosing a spadix about as long as itself, and eventually opening about half-way down. When open, the flowers, which are abundantly produced, have a peculiar somewhat aromatic perfume, comparable to aniseed. It is figured in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for March 3rd, 1877. 1 guinea.

HOYA BELLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CAMPANULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— CARNOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PICTA AUREA, 5*s.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— IMPERIALIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
HYDROCOTYLE NITIDULA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
IMPATIENS JERDONIÆ, 5*s.*
IPOMŒA HORSFALLIÆ, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— INSIGNIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LEARII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— MEXICANA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— TERNATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ISOLOMA MOLLIS, 5*s.*
IXORA AFFINIS, 5*s.*
—— AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— AMBOINENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
IXORA CHELSONI, *vide* page 6.
—— COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— COLEI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— CROCATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— RUTILANS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— DIXIANA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— DUFFII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— FORMOSA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRASERI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRIFFITHII, 5*s.*
—— INCARNATA, 5*s.*
—— JAVANICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— FLORIBUNDA, 5*s.*
—— LOBBII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— PRINCE OF ORANGE, 5*s.*
—— PRINCEPS, 5*s.*
—— PROFUSA, *vide* page 6.

IXORA REGINA.

An extremely attractive and distinct variety, freely producing large dense trusses very full of pips, which are of a rich violet salmon colour. It is of a dwarfer and more compact habit than *I. Williamsii*, and the flowers are of a deeper shade of colour; the trusses are of somewhat similar shape to those of *I. coccinea*, but the plant is much more compact in growth than that variety. It is a most superb and effective flowering plant. For illustration, *vide* page 40. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SALICIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— SANGUINEA, 5*s.*
—— SPECTABILIS, 5*s.*
—— WILLIAMSII, 5*s.*
JACARANDA CLAUSSENIANA, 42*s.*
—— ELEGANTISSIMA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MIMOSÆFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
JASMINUM DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— GRACILE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— HIRSUTUM (MULTIFLORUM), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LIGUSTRIFOLIUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— SAMBAC, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— FLORE PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
JATROPHA MULTIFIDA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
JUSTICIA ZEBRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
KÆMPFERIA BENSONIÆ, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— BERKELEYI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MOULMEINENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ROSCOEANA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— UNDULATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
KYLLINGIA MONOCEPHALA, *vide* Cyperus Laëcourii.
LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR, 10*s.* 6*d.*
LAURUS CINNAMOMUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
LIBONIA PENRHOSIENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LUCULIA, *vide* Greenhouse Plants.
MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index.
MAGNOLIA MUTABILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PUMILA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA REGINA.

For description and price, *vide* page 39.

MANETTIA BICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORDATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MICANS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
MANGIFERA INDICA, 1 guinea
MANTISIA SALTATORIA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
MARANTA ALBO-LINEATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AMABILIS**, 5*s.*
—— **ARGYREA**, 5*s.*
—— **BACHEMIANA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BARAQUINII**, 5*s.*
MARANTA BELLA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BICOLOR**, 5*s.*
—— **BINOTI**, 2 guineas
—— **CHIMBORACENSIS**, 5*s.*
—— **CONCINNA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EXIMIA**, 5*s.*
—— **FASCIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **GOVEANA**, 5*s.*
—— **ILLUSTRIS**, 5*s.*
—— **LEGRELLIANA**, 5*s.*

MARANTA LEOPARDINA.

A deciduous perennial, with slender erect terete petioles sheathing at the base, and bearing at the top a spreading limb, with one side considerably larger than the other. The colouring is effective, being a pale or yellowish green, marked on each side the costa with several blotches of deep green, which are oblong in form and acuminate, and are arranged in nearly opposite pairs. This handsome Maranta belongs to the semi-deciduous section. It is a native of Brazil. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MARANTA LIETZEI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LINDENI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MAKOYANA**, 5*s.*
—— **MASSANGEANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ORNATA**, 5*s.*
—— **PICTURATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PORPHYROCAULIS**, 5*s.*
—— **PRASINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRINCEPS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
MARANTA PULCHELLA, 5*s.*
—— **REGALIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ROSEO-LINEATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ROSEO-PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SANGUINEA**, 5*s.*
—— **SEEMANNI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SMARAGDINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDIDA**, 5*s.*
—— **TUBISPATHA**, 5*s.*

MARANTA UNDULATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— VEITCHII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— VIRGINALIS, 5*s.*
—— VITTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— WALLISII, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— WARSCEWICZII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— WIOTII, 5*s.*
—— ZEBRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
MARCGRAVIA DUBIA, 5*s.*
—— PARADOXA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
MEDINILLA AMABILIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAGNIFICA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
MESUA FERREA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
METHONICA, *vide* Gloriosa.
MEYENIA ERECTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MONOLENA PRIMULÆFLORA, 5*s.*
MONSTERA DELICIOSA (Philodendron pertusum), 15*s.* and 1 guinea
MUSA CAVENDISHII, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— ROSACEA, 15*s.*
—— SUPERBA, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— TEXTILIS, 1 guinea
—— ZEBRINA, 1 guinea
MUSSÆNDA FRONDOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
MUSSÆNDA LUTEOLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MYRTUS TOMENTOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
NAPOLEONA IMPERIALIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
NEPENTHES AMPULLARIA VITTATA, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— DOMINII, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— HOOKERI, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— HYBRIDA MACULATA, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— PHYLLAMPHORA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— RAFFLESIANA, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— SEDENI, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
NIDULARIUM FULGENS, *vide* Guzmannia picta.
—— INNOCENTII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— SPECTABILE, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— TRISTE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ORCHIDS, *vide* Index.
OXALIS SENSITIVA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
OUVIRANDRA FENESTRALIS, 1, 2 and 3 guineas
PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index.
PANAX EXCELSUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— FRUTICOSUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

PANAX LACINIATUM.

An elegant and very distinct-habited stove plant from the islands of the South Sea. The leaves are tinted and indistinctly marked with pale olive brown, and form a rather complicated mass of narrow segments; they are bipinnate, nearly as broad as long, and have a drooping contour; and the pinnules or segments are very variable in size and form, presenting the appearance of a complex head of foliage in which the lanceolate lobes or pinnules have the preponderancy. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PANAX OBTUSUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— PLUMATUM, *vide* page 6.
PANCRATIUM AMŒNUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— CARIBBÆUM, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— FRAGRANS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
PANDANOPHYLLUM HUMILE, *vide* page 6.
PANDANUS JAVANICUS VARIEGATUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— UTILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* to 10*s.* 6*d.*

PANDANUS PANCHERI.

An exceedingly elegant and ornamental species, introduced from New Caledonia. It is of very graceful habit, with long acuminate leaves of a deep bluish green colour, the edges of which are set with light spines. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

PANDANUS VEITCHII, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PAPYRUS ANTIQUORUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
PARMENTIERA CEREIFERA, 1 guinea
PASSIFLORA ALATA SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— ARBOREA (GLAUCA), 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— BIJOU, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PASSIFLORA BUONAPARTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CAPSULARIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CARDINALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— EDULIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— FULGENS, *vide* Tacsonia Buchanani.
—— KERMESINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LAURIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LOUDONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PASSIFLORA MACROCARPA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from the Rio Negro. The blossoms are very large, white and purple, but it is chiefly remarkable for its immense fruits, which often weigh as much as eight pounds each or more, and are of excellent quality. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA MADONNA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— MALIFORMIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— MARMOREA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— MUTABILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— PRINCEPS (RACEMOSA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— QUADRANGULARIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS AUCUBÆFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SANGUINOLENTA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SHEPPARDII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— TRIFASCIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PAULLINIA OCEANICA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— THALICTRIFOLIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PAVETTA BORBONICA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

PAVONIA MULTIFLORA (WIOTII).

A very remarkable and pretty Malvaceous plant. Its flowers are very persistent, freely produced, and borne in subterminal corymbs; the bracteoles are of a lively red, long, narrow, and slightly ciliate; the folded corolla is dark purple, from the mouth of which protrude the stamens, crowned with bright blue anthers. Mr. William Bull has received this extremely interesting species from his collector in Brazil. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
PENTAS CARNEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **KERMESINA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PEPEROMIA ARGYREA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VELUTINA**, 5*s.*
PEPEROMIA VERSCHAFFELTII, 5*s.*
PEPINIA APHELANDRÆFLORA, 1 guinea
PETRÆA ERECTA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHILODENDRON CRINIPES, 5*s.* & 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DAGUENSE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DISCOLOR**, 5*s.*

PHILODENDRON GLORIOSUM.

A magnificent species, with beautiful foliage, of the most rich and brilliant deep green colour, ornamented with a large white central vein and smaller side veins. The young leaves on opening have a silky reflection. The white veining and rich velvety shade of the foliage render this plant extremely attractive. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

PHILODENDRON LINDENIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PHILODENDRON MELANOCHRYSUM.

A lovely species from New Granada, of moderate growth and climbing habit. The general hue of both surfaces of the leaves is an uniformly dull green, covered with a shining varnish, as though washed over with gold, and is very brilliant in the sunshine. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PHILODENDRON PERTUSUM, *vide* Monstera deliciosa.
PHILODENDRON RADIATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS.

This is a native of the South Sea Islands, and forms a slender growing stove plant. In habit and aspect it is the counterpart of *P. nivosus*, having similar terete stems, which are of a purplish hue, and furnished with rich dark purple leaves. The plant is deciduous during the resting season, and puts forth its new leaves at first of a dark green colour, but the purple hue is soon developed under the influence of light, and the plants then become robed in purple. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLANTHUS NIVOSUS.

This is a deciduous stove shrub from the New Hebrides Group. It is of free-branching habit, and clothed with alternate leaves, which are frequently almost entirely covered with a mottling of white, but in some cases partially veined with green. When well developed the plant has the appearance of a sheet of snow—whence the name *nivosus*. The women of the Island of Tanna (one of the New Hebrides Group) use the sprays of snow-white foliage of this plant for the adornment of their dark tresses, and it is certainly a beautiful selection, showing their taste in head dresses. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLANTHUS ROSEO-PICTUS.

A shrubby plant of free growth and elegant habit, with very attractively variegated foliage. Many of the leaves are bright crimson; some light cream colour, tinged with a delicate blush; others have a dark bronzy hue, shaded with crimson; some are dark green, with blotches and spots of rose; and some are tricoloured, white with different shades of rose and green. The remarkably rich and varied character of the variegation of this plant renders it exceedingly valuable for all decorative purposes. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLANTHUS SEEMANNIANUS, *vide* page 7.
PHYLLARTHRON COMORENSE, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PHYLLOTÆNIUM LINDENI, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **MIRABILE**, 1 guinea
PIPERS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PISTIA STRATIOTES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PITCAIRNIA PLATYPHYLLA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TABULÆFORMIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PLECTOPOMA, *vide* Index.
PLECTRANTHUS FŒTIDUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PLOCOSTEMMA LASIANTHUM, 5*s.*
PLUMBAGO COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POGOSTEMON PATCHOULI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POINCIANA PULCHERRIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REGIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **PLENISSIMA**, 5*s.*
—— —— **ROSEO-CARMINATA**, 5*s.*

PSYCHOTRIA CYANOCOCCA.

If one were to search the vegetable kingdom through, it would be difficult to find any other plant which displays, either in its flowers, fruit, or seeds, such a beautiful ultramarine colour as is exhibited by the berries of this species from Chontáles, Nicaragua. The colour and size of the flowers is disappointing to the lovers of gay tints and large blossoms, but as soon as the fruit begins to assume shape and substance, a tint is displayed which can be but imperfectly rendered by the Greek term *cyaneus*. In its native woods, the plant grows as underwood, and is loaded throughout the winter with large blue berries, as many as from 30 to 35 growing on one bunch. 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA, 15*s*.
POTHOS ARGYREA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **MACROPHYLLA**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
PSIDIUM CATTLEIANUM (The Guava), 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
PTERIDOPHYLLUM PENTAPHYLLUM, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
PUYA MAIDIFOLIA, 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **SULPHUREA**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **UNDULATA**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
RAVENALIA MADAGASCARIENSIS, "The Traveller's Tree," 15*s*. and 1 guinea
REIDIA GLAUCESCENS, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
RHOPALA, of sorts, 7*s*. 6*d*., 10*s*. 6*d*., 15*s*. and 1 guinea
RIVINA FLAVESCENS, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **LÆVIS (humilis)**, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
ROGIERA CORDATA (amœna), 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **GRATISSIMA**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **THYRSIFLORA**, 5*s*.
RONDELETIA BREVIFLORA, 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **BRILLIANTISSIMA**, 5*s*.
—— **SPECIOSA**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— —— **MAJOR**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
ROSCOEA PURPUREA, 10*s*. 6*d*.
RUDGEA MACROPHYLLA, 10*s*. 6*d*. and 15*s*.
RUELLIA ACUTANGULA, *vide* page 7.

RUELLIA ROSEA.

A pretty Acanthad, of free-growing habit, introduced from Brazil. It has bluntly quadrangular stems, with opposite, oblong elliptic leaves. The inflorescence is axillary on winged petioles, bearing a small cyme of 4 to 6 flowers, the calyx of which is cut into five linear divisions of unequal length. The corolla is of a beautiful bright rosy pink or mauve, with a curved tube 1½ inch long, and a spreading limb about 1½ inch across, consisting of five roundish emarginate lobes, each half an inch across. It is a free-growing free-blooming plant, and can scarcely fail to be a favourite; for although the flowers are fugacious they are of a most attractive and pleasing colour. 5*s*.

RUSSELLIA JUNCEA, 5*s*.
SACCHARUM OFFICINARUM, "The Sugar Plant," 7*s*. 6*d*.
SAMYDA NOBILIS, 1 guinea
SANCHEZIA NOBILIS GLAUCOPHYLLA 5*s*.
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
SANSEVIERA GUINEENSIS, 7*s*. 6*d*.
SANSEVIERA ZEYLANICA (javanica), 3*s*. 6*d*.
SAXO-FRIDERICIA SUBCORDATA, 3 guineas
SCHUBERTIA GRAVEOLENS, 5*s*.
SCIADOCALYX DIGITALIFLORA, 5*s*.
—— **LUCIANI**, 5*s*.
SCINDAPSUS PICTUS, 3*s*. 6*d*.

SCUTELLARIA MOCINIANA.

This interesting plant is of a neat, dwarf, branching style of growth, with small ovately heart-shaped leaves. It is of very free-flowering habit, producing terminal spikes of bright scarlet blossoms during the summer months. 3*s*. 6*d*.

SERICOGRAPHIS GHIESBREGHTIANA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

SIMONISIA CHRYSOPHLÆA.

The young growth of this Brazilian plant is conspicuously clothed with an appressed covering of bright orange coloured hairs, whence the specific name. The leaves are olive-green, marked down the centre with a silvery-gray bar. 10*s*. 6*d*.

SINNINGIA PUNCTATA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **PURPUREA NIGRA**, 5*s*.
SIPHOCAMPYLUS HUMBOLDTIANUS (FULGENS), 5*s*.
SMILAX LONGIFLORA VARIEGATA, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
SMILAX MACROPHYLLA MACULATA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **SHUTTLEWORTHII**, 7*s*. 6*d*.
SONERILA HENDERSONI, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— —— **PICTURATA**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— —— **SPECIOSA**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **MARGARITACEA ALBA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. & 5*s*.

SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

A grand South American plant, with something the aspect of a Dieffenbachia. Its large broadly ovate-elliptic leaves have a glossy dark green surface, freely mottled along the course of the transverse veins with blotches of golden green, the mid-rib being prominent and of a pale green. It is a very effective plant, its bold leaves being very handsomely mottled. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

SPHÆROGYNE LATIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
SPHÆROSTEMA MARMORATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
SPONDIAS PLEIOGYNA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
STADMANNIA AMABILIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JONGHEI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
STANGERIA, *vide* Index
STEPHANOPHYSUM BAIKIEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
STEUDNERA COLOCASIÆFOLIA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DISCOLOR**, 1 guinea
STIGMAPHYLLUM CILIATUM, 5*s.*
STRELITZIA AUGUSTA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JUNCIFOLIA**, 1 guinea

STRELITZIA NICOLAI, 2 guineas
—— **REGINÆ**, 1 guinea
—— —— **HUMILIS**, 1 guinea
SYNGONIUM ALBO-LINEATUM, 5*s.*
SYNGONIUM WENDLANDII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TABERNÆMONTANA CAMASSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CORONARIA FLORE-PLENO**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

TABERNÆMONTANA WALLICHIANA.

A free-blooming stove plant from the East Indies. It has dichotomous stems, clothed with broadly lanceolate leaves 3 to 4 inches long, and produces from the forks of the branches bifurcated cymes of white flowers, which have a slender tube nearly half an inch long, and a limb of about three-fourths of an inch broad, made up of five oblique oblong-obtuse segments, wavy at the edge, and traversed by parallel-forked veins. The flowers, which are deliciously scented, are very freely produced. 10*s.*-6*d.* and 15*s.*

TACSONIA BUCHANANI (VITIFOLIA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TERMINALIA ELEGANS, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
TETRANEMA MEXICANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
THEOBROMA CACAO, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
THEOPHRASTA IMPERIALIS, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.
THUNBERGIA CHRYSOPS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FRAGRANS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HARRISII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LAURIFOLIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TILLANDSIA ACAULIS ZEBRINA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BIVITTATA**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **LINDENII**, 2 and 3 guineas
—— **(CARAGUATA) MUSAICA**, 2 and 3 guineas
—— **SPLENDENS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STRICTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **(CARAGUATA) ZAHNII**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
TINNEA ÆTHIOPICA (VIOLET-SCENTED TINNEA), 3*s.* 6*d.*
TORENIA ASIATICA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PULCHERRIMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TOXICOPHLÆA SPECTABILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
TRADESCANTIA ZEBRINA ARGENTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TYDÆA, *vide* Index
URCEOLINA AUREA, 5*s.*
UROSPATHA SPECTABILIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
VANILLA AROMATICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
VINCA ALBA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **OCULATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
VRIESIA BRACHYSTACHYA, 1 guinea
—— **PSITTACINA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS (SPECIOSA)**, 5*s.* & 7*s.* 6*d.*
ZAMIA, *vide* Index.
ZINGIBER OFFICINALE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

ABUTILON ANNA CROZY, immense globular flowers of a very soft rose colour. 5*s.*
—— **AURELIA**, a very fine large flower of a rich and bright golden yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BLANDII**, a magnificent flower of a deep yellow colour, richly veined with dark crimson, and attractively reticulated with light crimson; an exceedingly beautiful variety. 5*s.*
—— **BOULE DE NEIGE**, white, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BOULE D'OR**, large globular flowers of a beautiful golden yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BUISSON D'OR**, a well-formed flower of a brilliant golden yellow colour; very free. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BUTTER CUP**, a distinct and pretty variety, producing round well-formed flowers of a clear bright lemon yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CARMINEUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CAROLINE**, a beautiful flower of a soft pink colour, veined with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*
ABUTILON DARWINII, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GRANDIFLORUM**, clear yellow, reticulated with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAJUS**, large flowers of a rich yellow colour, reticulated with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROBUSTUM**, a beautiful flower, rosy red, veined with purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SUPERBUM**, a great improvement on *Darwinii*. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **TESSELLATUM**, leaves deep green, marbled or tessellated with golden yellow; flowers cinnabar red, veined crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DESBOISI**, large well-formed flowers, of a beautiful bright rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ELEGANS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EVELINE**, delicate blush, shaded with pink and beautifully veined with deep rose; a fine large flower. 5*s.*
—— **LA LORRAINE**, bright red, the interior chamois, veined with red. 5*s.*

ABUTILON LE GRELOT, delicate rose colour, with very bright reticulations. 5*s.*
—— **LE NAIN**, clear mauve, with darker veins, slightly shaded with orange. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LE PROGRÈS**, clear salmon rose colour, the interior veined with dark rose. 5*s.*
—— **LETITIA**, buff pink, veined with rose and shaded with crimson. 5*s.*
—— **LILACEA ALBA**, white, beautifully shaded with soft lilac mauve. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **L. VAN HOUTTE**, globular flowers, of a bright mauve purple colour. 5*s.*
—— **MARSHAL**, light reddish cinnamon, shaded with orange and veined with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIEGATUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MONSIEUR LOUIS MARIGNAC**, delicate rose colour; the reverse of the petals of a silvery hue; dwarf and floriferous. 5*s.*
—— **PERLE D'OR**, large flowers of a clear canary yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSÆFLORUM**, bell-shaped drooping flowers of a rosy pink colour, veined with rosy crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SELLOWIANUM VARIEGATUM**, beautifully variegated leaves, golden yellow, richly tessellated with green. 3*s.* 6*d.*
ABUTILON SERAPH, pure white; a long tubular-shaped flower; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SIMON DELAUX**, soft chamois, shaded with purple; the veins and back of the petals of a rosy mauve purple colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **THÉODORE SCHMITH**, a pretty variety with salmon pink flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TROPHY**, bright lemon yellow, reticulated and veined with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VENOSUM ROSEUM**, large flowers of a soft rose colour, darkly veined. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VERONA**, soft rosy pink, shaded with salmon and veined with light crimson. 5*s.*
—— **VIOLACEUM PURPUREUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ACACIA DRUMMONDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LONGIFLORA MAGNIFICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PLATYPTERA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TENUIFOLIA**, 5*s.*
—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ACANTHOPANAX QUINQUEFOLIUM VARIEGATUM, 5*s.*
ACROPHYLLUM VENOSUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ADENANDRA FRAGRANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS EXCELSUS.

A robust-growing plant, giving vigorous flower stems about 6 ft. high, which bear very large umbels of light blue flowers; altogether a very stately plant. It has been introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. 10*s.* 6*d.*

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS FLORE-PLENO.

This distinct plant has been introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. It differs materially from the normal type by producing large umbels of dark blue double flowers, which are extremely effective. Being a plant of easy culture it is a desirable acquisition. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

AGAPANTHUS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
AGAVE AMERICANA LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BULBOSA**, *vide* Fourcroya
—— **FILIFERA**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
AGAVE HETERACANTHA, 1 guinea
—— **HORRIDA**, 3 guineas
—— **SEEMANNI**, 1½ guinea
—— —— **ACUTA**, 1½ guinea
—— —— **PAPILLOSA**, 1½ guinea
—— —— **PARVISPINA**, 1½ guinea

AGAVE SHAWII.

A distinct and handsome species found on the dry hills of California, bordering the Pacific Ocean. It forms a dense globose rosette of oblong spathulate deep green leaves, which are narrowed into a brown terminal pungent spine. The thick leaves are of rigid texture, and they have a distinct horny border running down the margin from the spine at the apex, the upper portion spineless, the lower crowded with incurved lanceolate teeth. The scape is 8 to 12 ft. high, and terminates in a thyrsoid panicle, a couple of feet long, bearing dense clusters of greenish-yellow flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALOE SOCOTRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
AMARYLLIS, *vide* pages 11 and 12.
AMORPHOPHALLUS (PROTEINOPHALLUS) RIVIERI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ANOPTERUS GLANDULOSA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ANTHOLYZA ÆTHIOPICA MAXIMA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
AOTUS GRACILLIMA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
APHELEXIS MACRANTHA PURPUREA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACRANTHA ROSEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PROLIFERA BARNESII**, *vide* Phœnocoma
—— **RUPESTRIS GRANDIFLORA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARALIA ARMATA.

A fine-looking shrubby Indian species, having erect prickly stems and long-stalked bipinnate leaves, which give it a very elegant appearance. The leaf-stalks are prickly, like the stem, and the rachis of the leaves is articulated. The leaflets are ovate-acuminate, membranaceous, serrated, and beset on both surfaces with bristly hairs. The flowers are produced in a long downy paniele, the umbellules being many-flowered. It is the *Panax armatum* of Wallich. 10*s.* 6*d.*

BOMAREA CARDERI.

For description and price, *vide* page 49.

ARALIA JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII), *vide* Fatsia japonica
—— **PAPYRIFERA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **QUINQUEFOLIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARALIA TRIFOLIATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COOKII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA.

Mr. W. B. has lately imported a fine lot of this handsome conservatory plant. 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 1 guinea. Specimens of various sizes, from 2 to 8 guineas.

ARAUCARIA RULEI, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
ARISÆMA CONCINNUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CURVATUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSUM HOOKERIANUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ASPARAGUS DECUMBENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VIRGATUS**, *vide* page 3.

AZALEA INDICA.

Good selections can be made by Mr. William Bull at 30*s.*, 42*s.* and 60*s.* per dozen. New varieties, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* each.

AZALEA EMBLEM, *vide* page 10.
—— **MARVEL**, *vide* page 10.
BEGONIA, *vide* Index.
BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BIGNONIA CHERERE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **GRANDIFLORA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BIGNONIA JASMINOIDES ALBA MAGNA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **SPLENDIDA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VENUSTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BLANDFORDIA AUREA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NOBILIS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

BLANDFORDIA CUNNINGHAMII.

The late Dr. Lindley, in describing the previously known kinds of this genus, thus refers to *Blandfordia Cunninghamii*:—"None of them are to be compared for beauty with a plant of which the late Allan Cunningham gave me a specimen, the flowers of which are fully twice as large as *B. marginata (grandiflora)*. The leaves have neither serratures nor roughness on the edge, but are perfectly smooth. The flowers are of a deep rich red tint, except at the ends of the petals, where they are yellow. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS.

This strikingly handsome greenhouse perennial gained the first prize as the best new flowering greenhouse plant at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition in the summer of 1875. The stiff sub-erect distichous leaves are narrowly-linear, five to eight ribbed, and with a serrulate border. The scape is a foot high, bearing a corymb of many flowers, which are 2½ inches long, pendent, regularly funnel-shaped, with a bright crimson tube and deep golden yellow erect limb. It must be regarded as the most beautiful of the *Blandfordias* yet known. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for January, 1876, tab. 6209. For illustration, *vide* page 50. 2 and 3 guineas.

BOMAREA CARDERI.

The most beautiful of the Bomareas yet introduced. It is a glabrous twining plant, with dark purplish stems, and produces its charming bell-shaped flowers in pendulous terminal umbellate cymes; the large heads of blossom making the plant a most attractive object. The individual flowers, in size and shape, remind one somewhat of those of *Lapageria rosea*, but are rather more contracted towards the mouth, and of a lighter rose pink colour, and the ends of the segments are spotted with purplish brown. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors, and is an extremely handsome greenhouse climber. For illustration, *vide* page 48. Strong imported plants, 2 and 3 guineas; young plants, 1 guinea.

BORONIA DRUMMONDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MEGASTIGMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BORONIA SERRULATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BOUVARDIAS, *vide* Index.

BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM

A tree of highly ornamental appearance. From the exceeding brilliancy of its rich red flowers it is called the Flame Tree. It might with great propriety be also called the New South Wales "Lace Bark Tree." The bast furnished by this tree is of the most beautiful lace-like texture, and is considered superior to Cuba Bast; the fibre is suitable for the manufacture of ropes, cordage, mats, &c. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS. For description and price, *vide* page 49.

BRACHYSEMA UNDULATUM.

A tall sub-scandent evergreen greenhouse plant, attractive when in blossom, on account of the very unusual colour of its flowers. The leaves are oblong-ovate, mucronate, silky beneath, and the flowers are solitary or sometimes in pairs in the leaf axils, with a broad inflated brownish silky calyx, and deep violet maroon corolla having a broad obtuse keel. It is a native of the West Australian colony. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6114. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

BRUGMANSIA ARBOREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **KNIGHTII** (flore-pleno), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SANGUINEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SUAVEOLENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BURTONIA VIOLACEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CALCEOLARIA PAVONI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CALLA ÆTHIOPICA, *vide* **RICHARDIA**
CALLICARPA PURPUREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CAMELLIAS.

Good selections can be made by Mr. WILLIAM BULL, at 2, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen. New varieties, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.* each.

CAMELLIA, Mrs. ANNE MARIE HOVEY, *vide* page 10.
—— **C. H. HOVEY**, *vide* page 10.
—— **C. M. HOVEY**, *vide* page 10.
CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS, 5*s.*
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, *vide* p. 15.
—— **(TECOMA) VALDIVIANUM**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CEPHALOTUS FOLLICULARIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CEREUS C. M. HOVEY.

A new, distinct and superb variety, with intensely brilliant violet coloured flowers, the outer row of petals slightly tinted on the edge with glowing scarlet. A most remarkable and entirely new colour. Flowers eight inches in diameter; dwarf habit. 5*s.*

CEREUS GRANDIFLORUS (night-blooming), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **M'DONALDII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CESTRUM AURANTIACUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHOISYA TERNATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHOROZEMA CORDATUM SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENCHMANNI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LAWRENCEANUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VARIUM CHANDLERI**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CISSUS ANTARCTICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CISSUS CAPENSIS, 5*s.*
CLEMATIS INDIVISA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLIANTHUS PUNICEUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAGNIFICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CLIVIA NOBILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
COBEA SCANDENS VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
COLEUS, *vide* Index
COPROSMA BAUERIANA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PICTURATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
CORDYLINE INDIVISA, 1 and 1½ guinea
CORREAS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRINUM AUSTRALE.

This plant, which Mr. Bentham refers to *C. pedunculatum*, bears the name of Botany-bay Lily, and is an ornamental bulbous plant, requiring greenhouse temperature. The bulbs are smooth, thick, and cylindrical. The flowers are numerous, collected into an umbel, each attached by a pedicel longer than the ovary, and consisting of a long slender tube, and a spreading or recurved limb of six white segments. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROWEA STRICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CYCADS, *vide* Index.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

Too much can scarcely be said in favour of the superb varieties of this plant, of which the old *C. persicum* is the type, whether they are regarded as objects for the ornamentation of the greenhouse or conservatory, or for table decoration, for which their compact floriferous character eminently fits them. The flowers are also extremely useful for bouquets, and when plucked, if kept in water, they will last in freshness and beauty for some weeks—indeed, almost longer than any other flowers with which we are acquainted.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— of various choice sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYTISUS FILIPES, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RACEMOSUS**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **EVERESTIANUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAHLIA IMPERIALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ARBOREA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAHLIA IMPERIALIS ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAPHNE ELEGANTISSIMA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **INDICA RUBRA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PAPYRACEA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DARWINIA FIMBRIATA, 5*s.*
DASYLIRION GLAUCUM, 1 guinea
—— **LONGIFOLIUM**, 5*s.*
DESFONTAINEA SPINOSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
DICHROA VERSICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIONÆA MUSCIPULA.

(THE FLY-TRAP PLANT, OR VENUS FLY-TRAP.)

One of the most wonderful illustrations of vegetable structure and design known among plants. The formation of its leaf organs is singularly adapted for entrapping insects. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

FLOWER $\frac{1}{3}$ FULL SIZE.

SPIKE MUCH REDUCED.

DORYANTHES PALMERI.

This novelty is described by Mr. Hill, who is well versed in plants, as one of the finest productions of the colony of Queensland. It is found in one small patch on the mountains of that region, and about 200 miles distant from the nearest township. In its habit of growth it is described as resembling the commoner *D. excelsa*, but the ends of the leaves are less pointed, and the thimble-shaped cup is more distinct. The plants have a stout bulbous base, clothed with the remains of the imbricated leaves. These are elongate, narrow lanceolate, 3 to 4 inches wide, quite smooth, narrowed downwards into a channelled marginate stalk-like portion, which widens below so as to clasp the bulb, and tapers upwards into a long narrow point. The flowers form a pyramidal spike, 12 to 18 inches high, and 10 to 12 inches broad, the flowers being red, with the centre lighter, almost white. It is a beautiful species, and is described by those who have seen it in its native home as being greatly superior in beauty to the older and more familiar species. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

DORYANTHES EXCELSA.

THE AUSTRALIAN GIGANTIC LILY.

This magnificent Lilaceous plant produces a tall straight stem, on which numerous bracts are distributed. The base of this stem is surrounded by a number of fine long lanceolate leaves, and on its top appears the bunch of flowers, about twenty in number, each of the size of the common white Lily, but of the most brilliant scarlet colour. This is one of the most gorgeously beautiful plants ever introduced. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS.

This handsome ornamental plant is exceedingly useful for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory, where its effective habit always imparts a tropical aspect to the house.

It is also well adapted for the purposes of sub-tropical gardening, either in groups or as single specimens, where its graceful mode of growth produces a remarkable and striking effect. 3*s.* 6*d.* to 10*s.* 6*d.* ; fine plants, 15*s.*, 1, 1½ and 2 to 5 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA.

An exceedingly handsome and ornamental plant, with fine broad foliage, gracefully recurving. It is strikingly effective for conservatory and greenhouse decoration. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA BANKSII.

Various sizes of this ornamental plant, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA ARBOREA, 5*s.*
—— **AUSTRALIS VEITCHII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **ERYTHRORACHIS**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRACOPHYLLUM GRACILE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DROSERA DICHOTOMA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
DRYMISPERMUM AUSTRALE, 5*s.*
ECHEVERIA, of sorts, *vide* Index.
ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS (DENTATUS), 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ENCEPHALARTOS, of sorts, *vide* Index.
ENTELEA BAKERI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
EPACRIS, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
EPIPHYLLUM, *vide* page 33.
ERICAS, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
ERIOSTEMON BUXIFOLIUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **INTERMEDIUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **NERIIFOLIUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PULCHELLUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SCABER**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ERYTHRINA BOGOTENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ERYTHRINA, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERYTHRINA COMPACTA.

This magnificent variety is the best and most useful in every respect of all the Erythrinas. It is of compact bushy growth, producing most profusely its splendid attractive bunches of coral-like blossoms. It will be found effective for sub-tropical gardening, and is a desirable plant for most decorative purposes, as it blooms very freely in quite a small state. 5*s.*

EUCALYPTUS CITRIODORA.

The pleasant fragrance of the foliage of this greenhouse plant renders it a desirable acquisition. The strong lemon-scent, which is emitted when the leaves are gently rubbed, is equally powerful and agreeable with that of the lemon-scented Verbena (*Aloysia citriodora*). The plant is of slender habit, with oblong leaves, clothed with glandular hairs, which give off the powerful and grateful odour above referred to. It is a native of Australia. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EUCALYPTUS AMYGDALINA, 5*s.*
—— **HETEROPHYLLA**, 5*s.*
—— **GLOBULUS**, "**BLUE GUM**," 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **OBLIQUA**, 5*s.*
EUGENIA AUSTRALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **UGNI**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
EUPATORIUM BERLENDIERI (GRACILE ODORATUM), 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RIPARIUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
EURYCLES, *vide* page 34.
EUTAXIA FLORIBUNDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FARFUGIUM GRANDE, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FATSIA (ARALIA) JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **RETICULATA**, 15*s.* & 1 guinea
—— —— —— **VARIEGATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
FERNS, *vide* Index.
FICUS ELASTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MACROPHYLLA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STIPULATA (REPENS)**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FOURCROYA (AGAVE) BULBOSA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
FUCHSIAS, *vide* Index.

GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM FLAMMEUM, 5*s.*
GENETYLLIS (HEDAROMA) FUCHSIOIDES, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TULIPIFERA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO, 10*s.* 6*d.*
GREVILLEA DRUMMONDII, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ELEGANS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PREISSII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

GREVILLEA FORSTERII.

This extremely handsome plant has something the character of *G. robusta*, but, unlike that species, it blooms in a comparatively young state, producing attractive scarlet flowers, which almost equal in dazzling beauty the *Waratah* of New Holland. In the young plants the leaves are elegantly pinnatifid, sometimes becoming bipinnatifid. It has been introduced from Australia ;. and from its showy flowers and ornamental habit, is a most desirable acquisition for the greenhouse. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

GREVILLEA ROBUSTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
GREYIA SUTHERLANDI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

GUEVINA AVELLANA.

The Chilian Nut, an evergreen tree, growing in its native country 30 feet high, and furnished with coriaceous impari-pinnate leaves, consisting of from 2 to 5 pairs of ovate dentate leaflets. The flowers are in simple erect racemes 2 to 4 inches long, succeeded by globose edible drupes, enclosing almond-like seeds, which are eaten in Chili and Peru. The latter have a mild and somewhat oily taste, while the fleshy pericarp is made a substitute for the pomegranate. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HABROTHAMNUS NEWELLI.

A very ornamental plant of free growth, with neat smooth foliage, freely producing dense terminal clusters of fine large flowers of a bright crimson colour. It will be found extremely useful and effective as a conservatory climber. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

HABROTHAMNUS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
HAKEA LAURINA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
HEDAROMA, *vide* Genetyllis.
HOVEA CELSI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
HUMEA ELEGANS, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
HYDRANGEA HORTENSIA AUREO-VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **THOMAS HOGG**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
HYDRANGEA JAPONICA ELEGANTISSIMA, 5*s.*
—— —— **MACROCEPHALA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROSALBA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SPECIOSA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **OTAKSA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STELLATA PROLIFERA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

IMANTOPHYLLUM CYRTANTHIFLORUM.

A very excellent evergreen warm greenhouse or cool stove plant, intermediate between *Clivia* and *Vallota*, or *Amaryllis*, in style of growth, with dark green leaves, and broad corymbs of large, clear, rich salmon or light flame-coloured pendulous cup-like blossoms, relieved by a lighter centre ; they are produced during the winter and spring months. Unique in its character, and a most effective and beautiful plant in its season of bloom. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* ; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM.

Like *I. cyrtanthiflorum* in its general habit and growth, but the flowers are a shade darker in colour, and instead of being pendulous are erect. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* ; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM HYBRIDUM, 15*s.*
—— —— **PRINCEPS**, 2 guineas
IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM SPECIOSUM, 1½ guinea
—— —— **SUPERBUM**, 1 and 1½ guinea.
INDIGOFERA DECORA, 5*s.*

IRIS ROBINSONIANA.

A very grand and distinct species, introduced from Lord Howe's Island, where by the natives it is called the Wedding Flower. It is a strong growing plant, with ensiform rigid leaves, and with flower spike 4 to 5 feet high, which expands into several flowering stems candelabrum-like, two, three and four flowers in succession being developed from each sheath. The expanded flower is of a pure white colour, except at the inner base of the outer and larger petals, which are marked by irregular lines of a bright golden yellow hue. The fully developed flower measures 4 inches across. Probably the finest Iris yet known. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

ISOLEPSIS PYGMÆA (GRACILIS), 1*s.* 6*d.*
JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
KENNEDYAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
KREYSIGIA MULTIFLORA, 5*s.*

KNIPHOFIA QUARTINIANA.

A handsome greenhouse or half-hardy perennial, introduced from Abyssinia. It has an erect simple spike of densely crowded flowers forming a pyramidate-cylindrical raceme terminating the flower scape. The flowers are pendulous and orange coloured; the leaves, which widen from the point downwards, are very much recurved. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

LAGERSTRŒMIA INDICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

LAGERSTRŒMIA, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LAPAGERIA ALBA.

This extremely beautiful climber produces numerous fine large bell-shaped pure white flowers. It is a neat growing plant of free habit. 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA.

Various sizes of this well-known and extremely useful conservatory climber, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 1 guinea.

LAPAGERIA RUBRA SUPERBA.

A magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of an exceedingly rich and brilliant crimson colour; it is one of the most highly attractive of ornamental climbers for the greenhouse and conservatory. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **FLORIBUNDA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM, 5*s.*

LESCHENAULTIA BILOBA SPLENDENS (MAJOR), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **FORMOSA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEUCOPOGON CUNNINGHAMI, 3*s.* 6*d.*

LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA, 2*s.* 6*d.*

LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE, *vide* pages 64 and 65.

—— of sorts, *vide* pages 64 and 65.

LINUM TRIGYNUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

LOMATIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **FERRUGINEA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

LUCULIA GRATISSIMA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA.

The fruit of this handsome evergreen shrub is about the size of a walnut, and contains at maturity a kernel of remarkably rich and agreeable flavour, resembling, although much superior to, the Filbert. Judging from its native locality, it may be expected to produce its desirable fruit, with a slight protection, on outside walls, in an English climate; and, as an evergreen of fine habit and distinct features, it will form a valuable addition to the orchard house, also for the cool conservatory border or wall. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*; large plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

MACKAYA BELLA.

This most beautiful Acanthaceous plant is a native of the bed of the Tongat river, Natal. It is a tall, slender, nearly glabrous shrub, with virgate branches. The flowers have a pale lilac corolla, nearly 2 inches long, the throat ornamented with most delicately pencilled reticulated purple veins, tubular below, campanulate upwards, with a deeply five-lobed spreading limb. The plant is very floriferous, and when in full bloom, appears as a mass of most delicate, pendent, campanulate flowers. This charming plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5797. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MACROPIPER EXCELSUM AUREO-PICTUM.

A low-growing densely-branched evergreen aromatic greenhouse plant, a native of New Zealand. It has terete stems, furnished with numerous ovate-cordate leaves, which have the surface marked by five to seven depressed lines representing the principal nerves; they are somewhat wavy at the edge, green, marked with an irregular blotch of creamy yellow extending more or less from the base upwards. The petioles have the usual peculiar sheathing stipule, which becomes unfolded and forms a curious looking wing at the base of the leaf-stalks. The leaves of the green-leaved type are used to cure toothache. For illustration, *vide* page 56. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index.

MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, *vide* page 65.

—— **FUSCATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MANDEVILLA SUAVEOLENS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MELALEUCA SQUAMEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

METROSIDEROS FLORIBUNDA, 2*s.* 6*d.*

MIRBELIA PULCHELLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

MITRARIA COCCINEA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MONOCHÆTUM LEMONIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SERICEUM MULTIFLORUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

MUSA ENSETE.

This is the grand Banana of Abyssinia. In growth it is one of the most striking and noble of ornamental plants, and it is without doubt one of the most effective for summer out-door gardening. Its immense erect leaves attain a length of 8 to 10 feet, and are of a beautiful dark green, the mid-rib being bright crimson, forming an admirable and striking contrast. It attains altogether an average growth of 12 to 15 feet in height. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

MACROPIPER EXCELSUM AUREO-PICTUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 55.

MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MYRTUS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

NERINE FOTHERGILLII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

NERIUM, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*

OLEA FRAGRANS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

OPUNTIA MONACANTHA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

ORCHIDS, of sorts, *vide* Index.

PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index.

PANCRATIUM COLLINUM, 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA CAMPBELLII, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **CŒRULEA GRANDIFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PASSIFLORA EDULIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **LOUDONI**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **ONYCHINA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PELARGONIUM, *vide* Index.

PENTLANDIA MINIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PETUNIA, *vide* Index.

PHILESIA BUXIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

PHŒNOCOMA (APHELEXIS) PROLIFERA BARNESII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, 2 and 3 guineas.

PHORMIUM COLENSOI VARIEGATUM.

This beautiful plant has fine broad erect pointed dark green leaves, elegantly banded at the margin, with one or sometimes two conspicuous stripes of creamy white. It has the same distichous mode of growth as *P. tenax*, but is altogether a more elegant plant, whilst its more erect habit gives it quite a distinct appearance from that of the variegated *P. tenax*. It is a native of New Zealand. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas; fine plants, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

PHORMIUM NIGRO-PICTUM, 10*s.*6*d.*& 15*s.*
—— **TENAX**, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHORMIUM TENAX VARIEGATUM, 3 and 4 guineas.

PHORMIUM TENAX VEITCHII VARIEGATUM.

A finely variegated form of the well-known New Zealand Flax, of erect stately growth, and very attractive, the fine broad leaves being ornamented with conspicuous broad stripes of creamy white running out their whole length, and contrasting well with the light shining green ground colour. It is a truly noble plant, and is well adapted not only for planting out in the flower garden and lawn, but also for pot culture, and for conservatory decoration. 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea.

PIMELEA DECUSSATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENDERSONI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **NIEPPERGIANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PIMELEA SPECTABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PINCENECTICIA TUBERCULATA, 1 guinea.

PITTOSPORUM CRASSIFOLIUM.

A bushy growing plant, of erect branching habit, with light green leaves, which are tomentose on the under surface; the flowers are of a dark chocolate purple colour, and are freely produced in nodding pedunculed umbels; it is a native of New Zealand. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PLEROMA ELEGANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HETEROMALLA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SARMENTOSA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS VARIEGATUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POLYGALA CORDIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DALMAISIANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POMEGRANATE, PUNICA GRANATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **ALBA PLENA**, 5*s.*
—— —— —— **RUBRA PLENA**, 5*s.*
PRIMULA JAPONICA, of sorts, *vide* page 66.
—— **SINENSIS ALBA PLENA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
PRIMULA SINENSIS FLORE-PLENO, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VERTICILLATA SINENSIS**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
PROTEINOPHALLUS RIVIERI, *vide* Amorphophallus
PTERODISCUS LINEARIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
PTEROSPERMUM ACERIFOLIUM, 15*s.*
PULTENÆA BENTHAMII, 5*s.*
—— **MOLLE**, 5*s.*
—— **ROSEA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCABRA BILOBA**, 5*s.*
—— **SUBVERTICILLATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

REINECKIA CARNEA VARIEGATA.

This is an exceedingly pretty neat-growing variegated foliaged plant, producing very attractive rosy white flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

RHODEA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
RHODEA JAPONICA ARGENTEA, 15*s.*

RHODEA JAPONICA MACROPHYLLA MARGINATA.

An ornamental plant, of bold habit, with long lanceolate leaves, broadly margined with creamy white. It is easily cultivated and highly decorative. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

RHODODENDRONS, *vide* pages 59 and 60.
RHOPALA, *vide* page 44.
RHYNCHOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES, *vide* Trachelospermum
RICHARDIA AFRICANA (*Calla æthiopica*), 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ALBO-MACULATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.

A very singular and beautiful plant, belonging to the family of the Side-saddle flowers, and inhabiting the marshes of Florida. It is an evergreen perennial plant, the leaves or pitchers of which grow quite erect, and from 1½ to 2½ feet high; they are of a bright green colour, and at the upper expanded end are variegated in a reticulated form with white, red, and green, the hood or lid, which is much undulated, being similarly marked. The flower is a crimson purple, and about 2½ inches in diameter. For illustration, *vide* page 58. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

SARRACENIA FLAVA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.

For description and price, *vide* page 57.

SARRACENIA PSITTACINA.

The pitchers of this rare species are produced in a decumbent position, and the curved heads with the projection below the aperture have a curious resemblance to the head and breast of a parrot; the head of the pitcher is veined with crimson and mottled with white; it is a very distinct and remarkable species. 1 guinea.

SARRACENIA PURPUREA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RUBRA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VARIOLARIS**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
SENECIO MACROGLOSSUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SOLLYA DRUMMONDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LINEARIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
SPARAXIS PULCHERRIMA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STATICE HOLFORDII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
STATICE MACROPHYLLA, 5*s.*
—— **PROFUSA (RATTRAYANA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
STERCULIA HETEROPHYLLA (DIVERSIFOLIA), 10*s.* 6*d.*
STRELITZIA REGINÆ, 1 guinea
SWAINSONIA, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TACSONIA ERIANTHA, 5*s.*

TACSONIA EXONIENSIS.

This distinct and beautiful greenhouse climber is a hybrid between *T. Van Volxemi* and *T. mollissima*. The flowers are of a brilliant rose pink colour, with deep violet throat. The flower tube is 2½ to 3 inches long. The excellent free-flowering habit of the plant, and the extremely attractive colour of the flowers render it most desirable and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TACSONIA INSIGNIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MANICATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MOLLISSIMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PINNATISTIPULA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA**, 5*s.*
—— **VAN VOLXEMI**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
TECOMA, *vide* Bignonia.
TESTUDINARIA ELEPHANTIPES, 1 guinea.
THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA, 5*s.*
TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM) JASMINOIDES, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM) JASMINOIDES VARIEGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TREMANDRA ERICÆFOLIA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HIRSUTA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VERTICILLATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
TRITONIA AUREA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAJOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TROPÆOLUM AZUREUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **BRACHYCERAS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JARRATTII**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

TURRÆA HETEROPHYLLA.

A small-growing slender-branched warm greenhouse shrub, a native of Natal. It has glabrous branches, and ovate undivided or three-lobed leaves, which fall away before the flowering season. The flowers are white, five-petalled, clustered at the end of the branches, and having the elongate ligulate petals longer than the staminal tubes. The Turræas form an interesting group of the Meliaceæ. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

TYPHONIUM BROWNII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
VALLOTA EXIMIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PURPUREA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAJOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
VERONICAS, *vide* pages 60 and 61.
WITSENIA CORYMBOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
XYLOMELUM PYRIFORME, 10*s.* 6*d.*

YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 1, 1½ and 2 guineas each. Handsome specimens, 3 and 4 guineas each.

YUCCA QUADRICOLOR, 1, 2 and 3 guineas
ZAMIA, *vide* Index.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS.

ANDERSONI, a handsome introduction from the Himalayas, giving very large and fine trusses of blossoms, which are of a bright rich carmine colour. 5*s.*
BARBATUM, bright scarlet flowers, distinct and effective. 5*s.*
CALOPHYLLUM, a handsome species, producing very large funnel-shaped pure white flowers. 5*s.*
COUNTESS OF HADDINGTON, very large blush white flowers; an exceedingly beautiful hybrid variety. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS—Continued.

EDGWORTHII, a handsome free-flowering species, with large pure white spreading shallow cup-shaped fragrant flowers. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

FALCONERI, magnificently ornamental; this species has the largest leaves of the genus. 7*s.* 6*d.*

FORMOSUM GRANDIFLORUM, a free-blooming variety, with finely formed pure white flowers; a neat growing kind, and very useful for conservatory decoration. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

FRAGRANTISSIMUM, deliciously fragrant flowers, of the purest white, lightly spotted with ochre on the upper segment; the back of the flower pencilled and shaded with rose. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

FULGENS, blossoms of a rich fiery crimson colour; showy and effective; compact habit. 5*s.*

JAMESONI, flowers bright red, produced in large terminal trusses; handsome and attractive. 5*s.*

JASMINIFLORUM, an elegant free-blooming species, with fragrant white flower tubes, borne in clusters. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

JENKINSII, a handsome evergreen shrub, bearing dark green leathery oblong-lanceolate leaves. The flowers are exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of snowy whiteness. Its handsome wax-like attractive blossoms render it a most beautiful plant for conservatory decoration. 5*s.*

NILAGIRICUM, a splendid species from the Neilgherry Hills, Nepaul, producing immense terminal trusses of fine large showy flowers, of a beautiful blush colour, blended with deep rich rose and shaded with soft rose; light throat. 5*s.*

NUTTALII, a magnificent species; flowers pure white, the largest of the genus. 5*s.*

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, a pretty hybrid variety, of dwarf compact growth, with similar flowers to those of *R. jasminiflorum*, but larger and longer tubed, pure white, with pink stamens. A free-blooming plant, well adapted for conservatory decoration. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS ALICE, a neat dwarf bushy-growing variety of the *ciliatum* type, with comparatively small leaves, and producing clusters of deliciously-scented bell-shaped white flowers, flushed with pink on the outer surface. 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS HELENA, this pretty hybrid form, with *R. Princess Alexandra*, was obtained from a cross with *R. jasminiflorum*, but is readily distinguished from it by its much longer-tubed flowers, of a delicately tinted soft pink colour, streaked with darker shades. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS ROYAL, a handsome and distinct variety, of neat compact growth, with clusters of richly-shaded rose-coloured funnel-shaped flower tubes. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

RETUSUM, this distinct species produces clusters of tubular orange-coloured flowers. 5*s.* & 7*s.* 6*d.*

THIBAUDIENSE, this is one of the Bhotan kinds, and combines the merits of rarity and remarkable form. At first sight one would be apt to suppose that it might belong to the Correas, or rather to the Thibaudias, the flowers having the same alabaster-like translucent lustre as those of that family, and a good deal of the form and colour of some of the species of the genus—hence its name. Its tubular flowers are produced in terminal trusses, and are of a bright red colour. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

THOMPSONIANUM, bright scarlet; cup-like flowers of good form. 5*s.*

TUBULATUM, a fine variety, with large tubular pure white flowers; it is a most useful plant for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

VEITCHIANUM, a beautiful species, with very large white flowers, relieved by a yellow centre or base, and elegantly fringed or frilled on the margin. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

VIRGATUM, a slender plant with the flowers solitary or in pairs, having the tube of the corolla short and obconical, and the limb segments spreading. The flowers in the different plants that have been raised from seed vary in hue from blush to white. 5*s.*

VIRGATUM HYBRIDUM, a neat-habited bushy-growing variety, producing fine trusses of beautiful pure white flowers, of good form. 5*s.*

VIRGINALIS, the flowers of this extremely beautiful variety are large, funnel-shaped, and of an exceedingly pure white. It has leathery dark green foliage, and forms a splendid plant for conservatory decoration, the great size and snowy whiteness of its blossoms rendering it extremely attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

VERONICAS.

ANNETTE, pale bluish purple, with distinct white eye; short thick spikes of flowers; a very free bloomer. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ATTRACTION, an exceedingly distinct and pretty variety, producing fine spikes of flowers of a rich and beautiful light crimson colour; of good compact habit, and very free flowering. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BLUE GEM, a shrubby-growing variety of neat habit, producing most profusely spikes of beautiful blue flowers; a capital bedder. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAROLINE, light lilac blue, with small white eye, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing short dense spikes of bloom. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VERONICAS—Continued.

CELESTIAL, this is a very pleasing variety, with flowers of a sky blue colour having a white centre; free, and of good habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CYRUS, bright blue; with white centre; a distinct and attractive variety, producing freely fine spikes of fine large flowers. It is of a good compact style of growth. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DIADEM, this variety produces flowers of a beautiful rose colour, having a distinct white centre; it is of compact and shrubby growth. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DISPLAY, rosy crimson, with small white eye; a free-flowering variety, of good habit, producing fine long spikes of blossom. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ENSIGN, clear blue, with very large attractive white eye; an exceedingly profuse bloomer. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EVA, a compact-growing variety, freely producing fine close spikes of very pretty pink flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HELEN, a variety of good habit, producing pretty roso-coloured flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IMPÉRIALE, this variety produces fine flower spikes, in clusters, of a brilliant amaranth red, changing to carmine magenta, and elegantly set off with projecting white stamens. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LEONARD, bluish purple, with white eye; a very free bloomer, giving short thick flower spikes. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RUBENS, a variety of robust habit and vigorous growth; the flowers are large and fine, of a beautiful violet colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRIUMPH, a beautiful variety of thick short-jointed habit, with small foliage; it is a very free bloomer, producing in fine spikes its lovely deep violet purple white-eyed flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VESTA, an exceedingly floriferous variety, of very compact growth, with stout vigorous foliage; the flowers are of a beautiful light blue colour, with attractive white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE HARDY PLANTS.

ACER PLATANOIDES SCHWEDLERI, 5*s.*
—— **POLYMORPHUM,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ATROPURPUREUM,** 5*s.*
—— —— **DISSECTUM,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
ACER POLYMORPHUM DISSECTUM ROSEO-MARGINATUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SANGUINEUM,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TATARICUM GINNALA,** 5*s.*

ACORUS JAPONICUS SIEBOLDII AUREO-STRIATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGAVE UTAHENSE.

A distinct hardy species from the Rocky Mountains, with narrow silvery leaves, radiating and, as it were, forming a star. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALTHÆA FRUTEX, *vide* Hibiscus syriacus.
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA (*Vitis japonica*), 2*s.* 6*d.*
AMYGDALUS PERSICA ALBA PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **CAMELLIÆFLORA,** 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **DIANTHÆFLORA,** 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROSEO-PLENA,** 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FOLIIS PURPUREIS,** 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PURPUREA,** 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROSÆFLORA,** 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARISÆMA CORNUTUM (*Sauromatum guttatum*), 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MARMORATUM,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **(SAUROMATUM) NIGRICANS,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PARDINUM,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PICTUM,** 5*s.*
—— **RINGENS,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **PURPUREUM,** 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARUNDO CONSPICUA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA, 1*s.*
ASPIDISTRA LURIDA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ASTILBE BARBATA (*Hoteia japonica, Spiræa barbata*), 1*s.*

AUCUBA JAPONICA FŒMINA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* each.

AUCUBA JAPONICA LUTEO-PICTA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

AUCUBA JAPONICA MASCULA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* each.

SEEDLING AUCUBAS.

These have been raised from some of the fine imported kinds, variously fertilised with the different varieties of plain-leaved, blotched and maculated males, and will probably produce many novel and fine sorts. The sexes in these seedlings may be expected to be somewhat equally divided. 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

AZALEA MOLLIS.

This showy hardy deciduous shrub bears oblong-obovate leaves, villose on the nerves and margin, and large funnel-shaped orange-coloured flowers in terminal umbels. Introduced from the mountains of Japan. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

AZALEAS, hardy varieties, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per dozen
AZARA MICROPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BAMBUSA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d*
—— **MAXIMOWICZII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METAKE**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NANA**, *vide* page 3.
—— **NIGRA**, 5*s.*
—— **RETICULATA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STENOPHYLLA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RADICANS MAJOR**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
BLOOMERIA AUREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BOCCONIA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BRODIÆA CONGESTA, 6*d.* and 9*d.*
—— **TERRESTRIS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*

BUDDLEA INSIGNIS.

A dwarf vigorous growing shrub of compact habit, producing terminal branched spikes of flowers of a lilac violet colour, lightly tinted with rose. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CALLIPRORA LUTEA, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
CALOCHORTUS ELEGANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VENUSTUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CATALPA SYRINGÆFOLIA AUREA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CEANOTHUS GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CEANOTHUS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CERASUS JAPONICA FLORE ROSEO PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIFLORUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CHRYSANTHEMUMS, *vide* Index.

CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM.

A branching evergreen shrub, native of Japan, and having well-marked individuality of character. The young branches are tetragonal, bearing opposite or sub-opposite obovate-cuneate leaves, which are three-nerved, smooth, and of a dark opaque green on the upper surface, whitish and silky beneath, from one and a half to two inches long, and about an inch wide. It is an interesting plant with something of the aspect of a *Ceanothus*, the leaves having a strong cinnamon flavour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CLEMATIS.

As hardy climbers, the large-flowered hybrid varieties cannot be too strongly recommended, for they are of easy and free growth, profuse bloomers, and the colours of the different sorts are varied and distinct, such as light and dark blue, white, plum, silver-gray, violet, lavender, rosy-purple, mauve, etc. Price 30*s.* and 42*s*, per dozen. New varieties, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* each.

DAPHNIPHYLLUM ROXBURGHII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DELPHINIUMS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
DIMORPHANTHUS MANDCHURICUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ERYTHRINA, *vide* page 53.
ERYTHRONIUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ESCALLONIA MACRANTHA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
EUGENIA UGNI, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

EULALIA JAPONICA ALBO-LINEATA.

A handsome ornamental grass with elegant linear-lanceolate leaves of a deep green colour attractively striped throughout the entire length with creamy white. In style of growth and general effect it somewhat resembles the variegated *Arundo donax*. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

EULALIA JAPONICA ZEBRINA.

An exceedingly elegant and ornamental grass from Japan. Its graceful leaves are barred crossways with alternate bands of creamy white and green, which variegation gives the plant a very distinct appearance, being so different to the general longitudinally striped variegation. The flower-panicles are erect, but as the flowers expand the branches curve over in a graceful manner. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

EUONYMUS MACROPHYLLUS ALBO-VARIEGATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— AUREO-VARIEGATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— RADICANS VARIEGATUS, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FRAXINUS MANDCHURICUS, this has gigantic leaves. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LONGICUSPIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— POTAMOPHILA, 5*s.*
GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— CRUENTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GUNNERA SCABRA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
HEDERA ALGERIENSIS VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LATIFOLIA MACULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— other choice sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— silver-variegated, 2*s.* 6*d.*
HIBISCUS SYRIACUS (ALTHÆA FRUTEX), 1*s.*
—— —— ALBO-PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ALBUS LUTEOLUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— AMARANTHUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— AMPLISSIMUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ANEMONÆFLORUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ARDENS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— BICOLOR HYBRIDUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— BOULE DE FEU, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CARNEO-PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CŒLESTIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— CŒRULEO-PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— COMTE DE FLANDRE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— COMTE DE HAINAUT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DE LA REINE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DE LA VEUVE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DUC DE BRABANT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— DUCHESSE DE BRABANT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ELEGANTISSIMUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— FASTUOSUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HIBISCUS SYRIACUS (ALTHÆA FRUTEX) CARNEO-PLENUS FOLIIS TRICOLORIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— GRANDIFLORUS SUPERBUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— LADY STANLEY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— LEOPOLDII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MACRANTHUS FOLIIS TRICOLORIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MONSTROSUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PÆONIÆFLORUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— POMPON ROUGE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PULCHERRIMUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PUNICEUS PLENUS, 1*s* 6*d.*
—— —— PURPUREUS VARIEGATUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PURPUREUS RUBER FLORE-PLENISSIMO, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— RANUNCULIFLORUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— ROSEUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— RUBRUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SPECIOSUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— RUBRUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SPECTABILIS FLORE-PLENO, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— TOTUS ALBUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VARIEGATUS PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VIOLACEUSSEMI-PLENUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— VARIEGATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VIOLACEUS ATROPURPUREUS FLORE-PLENISSIMO, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— VIOLET CLAIR, double, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HOTEIA JAPONICA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.
HYACINTHUS CANDICANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HYPERICUM PATULUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
IDESIA POLYCARPA (POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII), 10*s.* 6*d.*
IRIS CALIFORNICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS KÆMPFERI.

ALEXANDER VON SIEBOLD, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BLUMEI, 5*s.*
DE VRIESE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DUCHESSE DE BELCOURT, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GLIJMII, 5*s.*
IDA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
KRELAGII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME HÉLÈNE VON SIEBOLD, 5*s.*
REINWARDTII, 10*s.* 6*d.*
SOUVENIR, 7*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS KÆMPFERI RUTHERFORD ALCOCK.

A most gorgeous variety, producing flowers of an exceedingly bright indigo blue colour, six inches in diameter. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS KOLPAKOWSKYANA.

A new species from Turkestan, of the sub-genus *Xiphium*, partaking of the character of the pretty *Iris reticulata*. 5*s.*

IRIS ROBINSONIANA, *vide* page 54.
—— **TECTORUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LARDIZABALA BITERNATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
LILIUM AURATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **PICTUM**, 15*s.*
—— —— **VIRGINALE**, 1½ guinea.
—— **BATEMANÆ**, a new Japanese Lily, growing from 3 to 4 feet high, and giving richly coloured unspotted flowers of a bright Apricot tint; most desirable. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BLOOMERIANUM OCELLATUM**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BROWNII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BULBIFERUM**, 1*s.*
—— **BYZANTINUM**, *vide* chalcedonicum
—— **CALIFORNICUM**, a splendid hardy Lily. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CALLOSUM**, 5*s.*
—— **CANADENSE**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FLAVUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CANDIDUM**, 6*d.*
—— —— **FLORE-PLENO**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **PURPUREO-STRIATUM**, 1*s.*
—— —— **LUTEO-MARGINATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CARNIOLICUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CATESBÆI**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CHALCEDONICUM (BYZANTINUM)**, a very effective and showy Lily, with brilliant scarlet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COLUMBIANUM**, very rare, only a few bulbs of the true species being in cultivation. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CONCOLOR (SINICUM)**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **CORIDION**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORDIFOLIUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CROCEUM (AURANTIACUM)**, 9*d.*
—— **DALMATICUM**, *vide* Martagon dalmaticum
—— **DAVURICUM (SPECTABILE)**, this, the true species, is extremely rare. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ERECTUM**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FULGIDUM (SAPPHO)**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GRANDIFLORUM**, 1*s.*
—— —— **IMMACULATUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **INCOMPARABILE**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ELEGANS (THUNBERGIANUM)**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **ALUTACEUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **ATROSANGUINEUM (FULGENS)**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **FORMOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **LATERITIUM (BILIGULATUM)**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **MACULATUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **PRINCE OF ORANGE**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **SPLENDIDUM**, bright orange, spotted with black; a very showy and attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LILIUM ELEGANS (THUNBERGIANUM) STAMINOSUM, semi-double flowers of a deep reddish crimson colour, spotted with black. This is the variety usually sold as "flore-pleno." 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **VENUSTUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EXCELSUM**, *vide* testaceum
—— **EXIMIUM**, *vide* longiflorum eximium
—— **GIGANTEUM**, a stately growing Lily, producing noble flower stems, 4 to 8 feet high, from which depend trumpet-shaped white flowers which are streaked with violet crimson, and very fragrant. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **HANSONI**, 1½ guinea.
—— **HUMBOLDTII**, a splendid species from Humboldt country, California. It is quite hardy, and produces large golden yellow flowers, which are spotted with purple. One of the best of modern introduction. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **MACULATUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PUNCTATUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SUPERBUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JAPONICUM**, 1½ guinea.
—— —— **COLCHESTERI**, 1½ guinea.
—— —— **KRAMERI**, an exceedingly elegant Lily, with large trumpet-shaped blossoms, which are 6 to 8 inches in length; colour beautiful soft rose; the lobes of the flowers gracefully recurved. 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **CARNEUM**, a delicate blush coloured variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **KRAMERI**, *vide* japonicum Krameri
—— **LANCIFOLIUM**, *vide* speciosum
—— **LEICHTLINII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LONGIFLORUM**, 9*d.*
—— —— **EXIMIUM**, pure white; an exceedingly handsome variety; the best of the "longiflorum" section, and a Lily that should be in every collection. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **TAKESIMÆ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MARTAGON** (Turk's Cap Lily), 1*s.*
—— —— **ALBUM**, 5*s.*
—— —— **AURANTIACUM**, 1*s.*
—— —— **COCCINEUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **DALMATIOUM**, a very distinct and attractive Lily, producing beautiful flowers of a rich blackish purple colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FLORE-PLENO**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAXIMOWICZII**, *vide* tigrinum jucundum
—— **MONADELPHUM SZOVITZIANUM**, rich citron colour, spotted with black; flowers most deliciously fragant; one of the best of Lilies. 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NEILGHERRENSE FLAVUM**, a handsome variety of this charming Lily, with light yellow-coloured flowers. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE, a magnificent Lily, by far the finest of its section. The flowers are deliciously fragrant and of great substance. The roots were found on the Neilgherries, and the collector of them wrote:—It produces flowers nearly a foot long; the kinds varying in colour from pure white to primrose. It is of free growth, and admirably adapted for conservatory decoration. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **TUBIFLORUM**, this is a good variety of *L. neilgherrense*, with very long pure white flowers, and therefore a superbly handsome Lily and a most desirable acquisition. It is figured in Wight's *Icones Plantarum Indiæ Orientalis*. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— —— —— **LUTEUM**, a very beautiful sulphur coloured variety of *tubiflorum*. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— **PARDALINUM (PUBERULUM)**, a very showy hardy Lily, freely producing its fine flowers, which are of a rich golden orange colour, attractively spotted with maroon purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **PARDINUM**, *vide* Wilsoni

—— **PARVUM**, a pretty Californian Lily, with recurved flowers, of a canary yellow colour, slightly spotted. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **PHILADELPHICUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **POLYPHYLLUM**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— **POMPONIUM**, an elegant species, with bright red flowers. 1*s.*

—— **PUBERULUM**, *vide* pardalinum

—— **PULCHELLUM**, 5*s.*

—— **PURPUREUM**, this is a beautiful and distinct Californian Lily. It produces very fragrant flowers; the petals on opening are of a light colour, changing to a delicate purple, densely spotted. 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **PYRENAICUM**, 1*s.*

—— **ROSEUM**, *vide* Thomsianum

—— **SINICUM**, *vide* concolor

—— **SPECIOSUM (LANCIFOLIUM) ALBUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— **CORYMBIFLORUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **KRÆTZERI**, most exquisitely formed flowers, of snowy whiteness; a great improvement on the ordinary white variety. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LILIUM SPECIOSUM (LANCIFOLIUM) PUNCTATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **PURPURATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— —— —— **ROSEUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **RUBRUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— **CORYMBIFLORUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— **SUPERBUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SPECTABILE**, *vide* davuricum

—— **SUPERBUM**, bright orange yellow, more or less tipped with crimson and spotted with maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **PYRAMIDALE**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SZOVITZIANUM**, *vide* monadelphum Szovitzianum

—— **TAKESIMÆ**, *vide* longiflorum Takesimæ

—— **TENUIFOLIUM**, bright scarlet. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **TESTACEUM (EXCELSUM)**, nankeen coloured flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **THOMSONIANUM (ROSEUM)**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **THUNBERGIANUM**, *vide* elegans

—— **TIGRINUM**, 6*d.*

—— —— **FLORE PLENO**, this attractive variety produces beautiful double flowers, of a bright orange scarlet colour; the segments are thickly studded with dark brown spots, except at the tips, which are recurved. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **FORTUNEI**, 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **JUCUNDUM (MAXIMOWICZII)**, light cinnabar red colour, marked in the lower half of the segments with scattered black dots. 5*s.*

—— —— **SPLENDENS (LEOPOLDII)**, bright orange scarlet, with large dark spots; exceedingly attractive; this and the double-flowered variety are the most handsome of the *tigrinum* section. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **WALLICHIANUM**, this is an extremely handsome species; the flowers are very large, deliciously fragrant, and of a delicate creamy white colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **WASHINGTONIANUM**, this noble Lily inhabits the western slope of the Californian Sierra Nevada; the flowers are white, slightly flushed with lilac, and sweet-scented. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **WILSONI (PARDINUM)**, a handsome and rare variety; colour orange with yellow band, attractively spotted with crimson. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

Good and varied selections of Lilies made at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

LIMONIA TRIFOLIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

LYCORIS SEWERZOWI, 5*s.*

MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, 1 and 2 guineas

—— of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MALUS FLORIBUNDA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

MAXIMOWICZIA CHINENSIS, 5*s.*

OPHIOPOGON JABURAN AUREO-VARIEGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **SPICATUM ARGENTEO-MARGINATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA CÆRULEA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE, "The Cork Tree of the Amoor," 3*s.* 6*d.*
PIPER FUTOKADSURA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PLATYCRATER ARGUTA PUMILA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
PLANERA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII, *vide* Idesia polycarpa.
POLYGONUM FILIFORME VARIEGATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

POLYGONUM SACHALINENSE.

A free-growing perennial herbaceous plant, producing stout erect branched stems, furnished with ovate oblong leaves, 6 to 8 inches long, cordate at the base, having red footstalks, and traversed by a red mid-rib. The flowers grow in small compound racemes. It will form a distinct plant for the herbaceous border, and coming from the Amoor country is perfectly hardy. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PRIMULA AMŒNA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **LILACINA FIMBRIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **CLARKIÆFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **CŒRULEA ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FIMBRIATA OCULATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GRANDIFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LACINIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **ROSEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LAVATERA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LAVENDER QUEEN**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LILACINA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **MARGINATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAUVE BEAUTY**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAXIMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PINK BEAUTY**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PURPUREA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VINCÆFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VIOLACEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CARNIOLICA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORTUSOIDES ALBA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES HYBRIDA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **INTERMEDIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ETHEL**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **HEROINE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **IONA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LUCIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MINSTREL**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PHŒBE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SCEPTRE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SERAPH**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SURPRISE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **THEMIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ZEPHYR**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JAPONICA**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRUNUS DOMESTICA FOLIIS VARIEGATIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SINENSIS ALBO-PLENA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRO-PLENA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TRILOBA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

PTEROSTYRAX HISPIDUM.

The leaves of this hardy shrub are as large as those of a deciduous Magnolia; it gives in spring large bunches of white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RETINOSPORA LEPTOCLADA, 3*s.* 6*d.* & 5*s.*
RHAPHIOLEPIS OVATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

RHEUM OFFICINALE.

Very much interest attaches to this plant, as being the ascertained source whence is derived the true Turkey Rhubarb. *R. officinale*, which inhabits and is cultivated in Thibet and Western China, is a [illegible] It is a perennial producing shallowly [illegible] to seven lobed leaves, and flowering stems 4 feet to 10 feet high, branching in a paniculate manner, the branches spreading and so densely packed with the greenish flowers as to appear spiciform. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

RHEUM PALMATUM TANGHUTICUM.

A stately robust-habited perennial, which shares with *R. officinale* the reputation of furnishing the Turkish Rhubarb. Indeed this is held by Dr. Regel, who has been instrumental in sending it to this country, to be the true officinal Rhubarb. The radical leaves are deeply palmatifid, the lobes being acuminate and incised. The flowering stems are tall, terminating in a narrow panicle of pale green flowers, the branches of which are erect, and much less densely packed than those of *R. officinale*. Irrespective of the interest attaching to these plants as yielding officinal drugs, they are stately objects amongst the larger herbaceous perennials. For illustration, *vide* page 67. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

RHODODENDRON CAUCASICUM FLAVIDUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
RHODODENDRONS, choice hybrids, of sorts, to name, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
RIBES ALPINUM PUMILUM AUREUM, 5*s.*

RHEUM PALMATUM TANGHUTICUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 66.

RHUS GLABRA LACINIATA.

A dwarf hardy deciduous shrub, with deeply cut feathery foliage, which changes to rich deep crimson and brown in autumn. 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROSA RUGOSA (REGELIANA).

This attractive plant has been introduced from Japan. It is of neat compact bushy growth; the foliage is of a bright green above, and whitish and slightly tomentose underneath. The flowers, which are freely produced in large terminal clusters, are about 3 inches in diameter, and are composed of five petals, which are of a most beautiful bright rosy crimson colour. The flowers are succeeded by berries, which are of a large size, and of a rich rosy red colour, and are a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant, rendering it exceedingly effective. 5*s.*

ROSES, *vide* Index
RUBUS DELICIOSUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBO-PLENA**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROSEO-PLENA**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
RUBUS ROSÆFOLIUS, 5*s.*
SALIX BABYLONICA MASCULA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PENTANDRA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

SAXIFRAGA PELTATA.

This remarkable and attractive plant has been introduced from the River Sacramento, in California. It is of robust growth, producing immense roundly lobed dark green leaves about 15 to 18 inches in diameter. The flowers, which are of a beautiful rose colour, are most abundantly borne on a tall erect spike upwards of a foot in height. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SAUROMATUM, *vide* Arisæma.
SEDUM MAXIMOWICZII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SIBTHORPIA EUROPÆA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SKIMMIA OBLATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SPIRÆA BARBATA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.
—— **PALMATA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

STAPHYLEA COLCHICA.

For description and price, *vide* page 69.

SPIRÆA PALMATA ELEGANS.

A very distinct and pretty variety, in habit and foliage similar to *Spiræa palmata*, but with white flowers and conspicuous red stamens, which render it extremely effective. 5*s.*

STAPHYLEA COLCHICA.

A hardy, vigorous-growing, deciduous shrub, furnished with opposite imparipinnate leaves, and producing in profusion terminal panicles of pure white flowers. It is an extremely useful ornamental plant, and well adapted for early forcing. For illustration, *vide* page 68. 5*s.*

STYRAX JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

SYRINGA HYACINTHIFLORA PLENA.

This attractive variety was raised from a cross between *S. obtusa* and *S. azurea plena*; it produces fine large thyrses of blossom nearly 6 inches long and nearly 4 inches wide; the flowers are imbricated, double, well-formed, of a pretty rosy lilac colour, and the buds are red. 10*s.* 6*d.*

THUJOPSIS DOLABRATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 5*s.*
—— **LÆTEVIRENS**, 5*s.*
TIGRIDIA GRANDIFLORA, 4*s.* per dozen.
TRICYRTIS HIRTA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FLORE-NIGRO**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TRITOMA UVARIA GRANDIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

TULIPA STELLATA.

A distinct species from the Himalayas. In colour it appears to be variable, the flowers of some of the varieties being white, others white and pink; the petals are lanceolate, slightly concave, obtuse, the three outer ones larger than the rest, and bright yellow at the base within. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VERONICAS.

Where the climate is mild these make handsome decorative shrubs for the open border, and produce freely an abundance of showy flowers. They are well adapted for training against low walls or trellises, *vide* pages 60 and 61.

VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII.

A bold and effective evergreen shrub, with dark brown warted branches, and opposite dark green flat leaves, which are thick, coriaceous, and laurel-like in character. The leaf stalks are about an inch long, the blades broadly oblong oval, entire in the lower half, and obscurely and bluntly serrated towards the apex. It is a native of Japan, and has sometimes been called *V. awafurka*, which is probably its vernacular name. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ULMUS MEDIO-VARIEGATA ARGENTEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
VITIS HETEROPHYLLA VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
VITIS JAPONICA, *vide* Ampelopsis tricuspidata.
—— **VINIFERA PURPUREA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA ABEL CARRIÈRE, 3*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA AMABILIS LOOYMANSII AUREA.

An extremely attractive variety, with golden leaves and rose coloured flowers; it is very free flowering and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA AMABILIS VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA CANDIDA.

An extremely distinct variety, of vigorous habit and very free-blooming, producing fine large pure white flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA DOCTEUR BAILLON, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EDOUARD ANDRÉ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENDERSONI**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HYBRIDA INCARNATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LAVALLEI**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEMOINEI**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LOWII**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
WISTARIA MACROBOTRYS, 5*s.*
—— **SINENSIS**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
XANTHOCERAS SORBIFOLIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
YUCCA FILAMENTOSA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GLORIOSA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RECURVA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

OFFICINAL AND MEDICINAL PLANTS, TROPICAL FRUITS, &c.

Mr. William Bull's collection of living economic plants contains specimens of nearly all the spices and condiments in domestic use, many of the most highly esteemed tropical esculent fruits, many of those from which furniture and other woods are obtained, the principal gums and medicinal products, the poison trees from Java, Brazil and Madagascar, at one time only heard of in tales of fiction, and plants which supply our daily beverages and food, as well as many of historical interest.

The individual prices of the following depend upon the size of the plants and rarity of the species, particulars of which can be furnished on application.

Selections at 3, 4, 5 and 6 guineas per dozen ; or a collection for 10 guineas.

Abyssinian Banana	Musa Ensete	*Abyssinia*
African Mangosteen	Garcinia Livingstôni	*Africa*
Alligator Pear	Pérsea gratissima	*W. Indies*
Allspice	Eugénia Piménta	*W. Indies*
Arabian Coffee	Coffèa arábica	*Yemen*
Arnotto Dye Plant	Bixa Orellána	*Tropical America*
Australian Banyan	Ficus macrophylla	*Australia*
Balsam of Peru	Myróxylon Pereira	*Peru*
Banana	Musa sapiéntum	*W. Indies.*
Bark of Commereo	Cinchóna officinális	*Tropical America*
Betle Pepper	Piper Bétle	*E. Indies*
Bitter Aloe	Aloe socotrina	*Island of Socotra*
Bitter Quassia	Quassia amara	*Guiana*
Black Pepper	Piper nigrum	*E. Indies*
Bottle Tree of Australia	Brachychiton Delabêchii	*Australia*
Brazil Nut	Bertholletia excelsa	*Brazil*
Bread-fruit Tree	Artocárpus incisa	*Otaheite*
Butter Tree	Bássia butyrácea	*E. Indies*
Cabbage Palm	Eutérpe edúlis	*Brazil*
Camphor	Cámphora officinális	*Japan*
Candle Tree	Parmentiera cereifera	*Panama*
Caoutchouc	Castilloa elastica	*Honduras*
Cardamon	Amómum Cardamómum	*E. Indies*
Carnauba Palm	Copernícia cerifera	*Brazil*
Cashew Nut	Anacardium occidentale	*India*
Chilian Nut	Gucvina Avellana	*Chili*
Chinese Plantain Tree	Musa Cavendishii	*China*
Cinnamon Tree	Cinnamómum vérum	*Ceylon*
Clove Tree	Caryophyllus aromáticus	*E. Indies*
Coca	Erythroxylon Coca	*Peru*
Cocoa	Theobróma Cacáo	*Tropical America*
Coffee	Coffèa arábica	*Yemen*
Contrayerva Root	Dorsténia Contrayérva	*S. America*
Cuba Bast	Paritium elátum	*W. Indies*
Cubeb Pepper	Piper Cubéba	*Java*
Cundurango	Gouólobus Cundurango	*S. America*
Custard Apple	Anona mucósa	*Guiana*
Date	Phœnix dactylifera	*Levant*
Edible-fruited Passion Flower	Passiflóra edúlis	*Brazil*
Ediblo Vangueria	Vanguéria edúlis	*Madagascar*
Fiddle Wood	Citharéxylon quadrangulâre	*Jamaica*
Flame Tree	Brachychiton acerifolium	*New South Wales*
Fustick Wood	Maclúra tinctória	*W. Indies*
Gamboge	Xanthóchymus pictórius	*E. Indies*
Gigantic Granadilla	Passiflóra macrocárpa	*Rio Negro*
Ginger	Zingiber officinále	*E. Indies*
Granadilla	Passiflóra quadrangulâris	*W. Indies*
Guava	Psídium Cattleiánum	*Brazil*
Indian Paper Plant	Dáphne papyrácea	*Nepaul*
Ipecacuanha	Cephaëlis Ipecacuánha	*Brazil*
Ivory Nut Palm	Phytelephas macrocárpa	*Peru*
Japan Cinnamon	Cinnamómum sericeum	*Japan*
Japanese Pepper	Piper Futokadsura	*Japan*
Kola Nut	Cola acuminata	*Niger*
Laco Bark Tree	Brachychiton acerifolium	*New South Wales*
Latanier Palm	Latania borbónica	*Bourbon*
Lemon Grass	Cymbopógon Schœnánthus	*E. Indies*
Liberian Coffee	Coffèa liberica	*Africa*
Lignum Vitæ	Guaiacum officinale	*W. Indies*
Loquat	Eriobótrya japónica	*Japan*
Mahogany Tree	Swietenia Mahágoni	*W. Indies*
Mammee Apple	Mammea americana	*W. Indies*
Mango	Mangifera indica	*E. Indies*
Mangosteen	Garcinia Mangostána	*Java*

Matico	Artánthe elongáta	*Peru*
Milk Tree	Galactodéndron utile	*Caraccas*
Moreton Bay Chestnut	Castanospermum australe	*Australia*
Mustard Tree of Scripture	Salvadóra pérsica	*Persia*
Netted Custard Apple	Anona reticuláta	*S. America*
New Caledonian Apple	Eugenia magnifica	*New Caledonia*
Nutmeg	Myristica moschata	*E. Indies*
Oil Palm	Elais guineénsis	*Guinea*
Olive Wood	Elæodéndron austrále	*New South Wales*
Palissandor Wood	Machærium firmum	*S. America*
Paper Plant	Dáphne papyrácea	*Nepal*
Para Rubber	Hevea brasiliensis	*Brazil*
Patchouli Scent Plant	Pogostémen Pátchouli	*E. Indies*
Queensland Nut	Macadámia ternifólia	*Queensland*
Rhea Fibre Plant	Böhmeria nivea	*India*
Rhubarb	Rheum officinale	*China*
Rice Paper Plant	Arália papyrifera	*China*
Sarsaparilla	Smilax Sarsaparilla	*N. America*
Satin Wood	Chlorexylen Swietenia	*E. Indies*
Sour Sop	Anóna muricáta	*W. Indies*
Star Apple	Chrysophyllum Cainito	*W. Indies*
Sugar Cane	Sáccharum officinárum	*India*
Sugar Palm	Arenga saccharifera	*E. Indies*
Sweet Sop	Anóna squamósa	*Tropical America*
Sycamore Tree of Scripture	Ficus Sycomorus	*Egypt*
Tea	Théa Bohéa	*China*
Travellers' Tree	Ravenália madagascarlensis	*Madagascar*
Turkey Rhubarb	Rheum tanghuticum	*Asia*
Turpentine Tree	Pistácia Terebinthus	*S. Europe*
Upas Tree	Antiaris toxicaria	*Java*
Vanilla	Vanilla aromática	*S. America*
Wax Palm	Cerexylon andicola	*S. America.*

Purchasers of Officinal and Medicinal Plants, Tropical Fruits, &c., can have selections of living specimens made from the preceding at 3, 4, 5 and 6 guineas per dozen ; or a collection for 10 guineas. The difference in price principally depends upon the size of the plants, and the rarity of the species.

ORCHIDS.

Mr. William Bull being annually a large importer of Orchids, many of the following are offered at very low prices.

S distinguishes the stove kinds ; *I*, intermediate house ; and *C*, cool house. Those marked thus (*) are winter blooming kinds.

S	**ACANTHOPHIPPIUM BICOLOR**	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **STRIATUM**	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.*
I	**ACINETA HUMBOLDTII** (superba)	Colombia	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C	**ADA AURANTIACA**	Pamplona	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	**AËRIDES AFFINE**	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— **ROSEUM**	Sylhet	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	—— **CRASSIFOLIUM**	Burmah	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **CRISPUM** (Brookei)	Courtallum	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— **FIELDINGII** (Fox Brush)	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

Having imported large quantities from Assam, this, one of the most beautiful of Aërides, is offered at a low price.

C	—— **JAPONICUM**	Japan	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **LARPENTÆ**	East Indies	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— **LINDLEYANUM**	Coonoor	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **LOBBII**	Moulmein	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— **MACULOSUM**	Bombay	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **NOBILE**	India	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— **ODORATUM** (cornutum)	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— —— **MAJUS**	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— —— **PURPURASCENS**	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— **QUINQUEVULNERUM**	Philippine Islands	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S	—— **RUBRUM**	Bombay	63*s.* and 84*s.*
S	—— **SUAVISSIMUM**	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **VIRENS**	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— —— **DAYANUM**	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

I	AËRIDES WARNERI	Bombay	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	ANÆCTOCHILUS DAWSONIANUS, *vide* GOODYERA.		
I	—— CONCINNUS	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— INSCRIPTUS	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— ORNATUS	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.*
S	ANGRÆCUM BILOBUM	Capo Coast Castlo	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**S*	—— EBURNEUM (superbum)	Madagascar	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— FALCATUM	Japan	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— PERTUSUM	West Coast of Africa	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**S*	—— SESQUIPEDALE	Madagascar	105*s.* and 147*s.*
**S*	—— VIRENS (Brongniartianum)	Madagascar	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C	ANGULOA CLOWESII	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— EBURNEA	Peru	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C	—— RUCKERI	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C	—— UNIFLORA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S*	ANSELLIA AFRICANA	Sierra Leono	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	ARPOPHYLLUM GIGANTEUM	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	ARUNDINA BAMBUSÆFOLIA, *vide* page 3.		
C	BARKERIA ELEGANS	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C*	—— SKINNERI	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— SPECTABILIS	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	BATEMANNIA BURTII	South America	105*s.*
S	—— COLLEYI	Demerara	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— WALLISII	South America	105*s.*
I	BIFRENARIA AURANTIACA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	BLETIA HYACINTHINA	China	10*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— —— ALBO-STRIATA	China	31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— SHERRATTIANA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— TANKERVILLÆ, *vide* PHAIUS GRANDIFOLIUS.		
I	BOLLEA BACKHOUSIANA	Colombia	84*s.* and 105*s.*
I	—— CŒLESTIS	Colombia	42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*

A distinct and remarkable Orchid from Colombia, producing large and beautiful flowers, the sepals and petals of which are of a purplish blue tint, darkest over the middle, the other parts lighter and the tips white, the boat-shaped column is of a beautiful blue colour.

I	—— LALINDEI	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— PATINII	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
S	BRASAVOLA DIGBYANA	Honduras	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d*
C	—— GLAUCA	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— NODOSA	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	BRASSIA BRACHIATA	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— CAUDATA	Cuba, Panama	21*s.*
C	—— CINNABARINA	Colombia	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— GIREOUDIANA	Costa Rica	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— MACULATA	West Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— VERRUCOSA	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	BROUGHTONIA SANGUINEA	Jamaica	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	BULBOPHYLLUM BECCARII, *vide* page 4.		
I	BURLINGTONIA CANDIDA	Demerara	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— FRAGRANS	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— VENUSTA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	CALANTHE DOMINII	Hybrid	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— MASUCA	Nepal, Sikkim	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C	—— SIEBOLDII	Japan	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**I*	—— VEITCHII	Hybrid	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— VERATRIFOLIA	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— VESTITA LUTEO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— —— NIVALIS	Tavoy, Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— —— RUBRO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
S	CAMAROTIS PURPUREA	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	CATASETUM BIDENTATUM	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

I	CATTLEYA ACLANDIÆ	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— AMABILIS	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— AMETHYSTINA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— AMETHYSTOGLOSSA	Brazil	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— BASSETTII, *vide* C. SPECIOSISSIMA.		
I	—— BOOTHIANA, *vide* C. LOBATA.		
I	—— BULBOSA (Walkeriana)	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— CITRINA	Oaxaca	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s*
I	—— (LÆLIA) CRISPA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— —— SUPERBA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— DOWIANA	Costa Rica	42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
**I*	—— ELDORADO SPLENDENS	Rio Negro	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— ELEGANS, *vide* LÆLIA ELEGANS.		
I	—— FORBESII	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— GIGAS	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— GRANDIS, *vide* LÆLIA GRANDIS.		
I	—— GUTTATA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— HARRISONIÆ	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— INTERMEDIA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— LABIATA	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— LEOPOLDII	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— LOBATA (C. Boothiana, Lælia Boothiana, Lælia lobata)	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LODDIGESII	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— MARGINATA, *vide* LÆLIA MARGINATA.		
I	—— MAXIMA (Quindos)	Ecuador, Popayan	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— —— SUPERBA	Ecuador, Popayan	31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— MENDELII	South America	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— MOSSIÆ	La Guayra	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— AURANTIACA	La Guayra	21*s.* to 42*s.*
I	—— —— GRANDIFLORA	La Guayra	21*s.* to 42*s.*
I	—— —— SUPERBA	La Guayra	21*s.* to 42*s.*
I	—— PERRINII, *vide* LÆLIA PERRINII.		
I	—— PINELII, *vide* LÆLIA PINELII.		
**I*	—— QUADRICOLOR	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— SCHILLERIANA REGNELLI	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— SKINNERI	South America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— SPECIOSISSIMA (Bassettii, Lemoniana, Luddemanniana)	Caraccas	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— SUPERBA	Essequibo	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**I*	—— TRIANÆ	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.* to 42*s.*
**I*	—— —— ALBA	Colombia	63*s.*
**I*	—— —— ATALANTA	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**I*	—— —— GRANDIS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**I*	—— —— SPLENDENS	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**I*	—— —— TYRIANTHINA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— WALKERIANA, *vide* C. BULBOSA.		
I	—— WARNERI	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C*	—— WARSCEWICZII	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C*	—— —— DELICATA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— XANTHINA	South America	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	CHYSIS AUREA	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— BRACTESCENS	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LIMMINGHEI	Central America	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S	CIRRHÆA TRISTIS	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	CIRRHOPETALUM THOUARSII	Manilla	42*s.*
S	CŒLOGYNE ASPERATA (Lowii)	Borneo	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— BARBATA	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

One of the most handsome of the Cœlogynes, giving snow white flowers in the way of *C. cristata*, but with erect spikes and the flowers not wavy ; the lip has a brown middle lobe, bordered with ciliate fringes.

I	CŒLOGYNE CORRUGATA	Khasya	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— CORYMBOSA	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**I*	—— CRISTATA	Nepal, Sylhet	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— GLANDULOSA	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— OCELLATA	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CYMBIDIUM EBURNEUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 75.

S CŒLOGYNE PANDURATA ..... Borneo ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SPECIOSA ..... Java ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I COLAX JUGOSUS ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S CORYANTHES MACRANTHA ..... Caraccas ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I CYMBIDIUM ALOIFOLIUM ..... East Indies ..... 15*s.*
I —— EBURNEUM ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
The ivory-white, large and attractive flowers of this handsome species are always charming, and being deliciously fragrant, it is a universal favourite. For illustration, *vide* page 74.
I —— GIGANTEUM ..... Assam ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— HOOKERIANUM ..... Sikkim, Himalaya ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— LOWIANUM ..... Burmah ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
A remarkably handsome species, producing long spikes of large and beautiful flowers ; the sepals and petals of which are of a pale greenish hue, with a few sepia-brown lines over the strongest nerves ; the lip yellowish with the terminal segment of a rich crimson maroon colour.
I —— MASTERSII ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I CYPRIPEDIUM ARGUS ..... Hybrid ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— ASHBURTONIÆ ..... Hybrid ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— BARBATUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 5*s.*
I —— —— BIFLORUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— CROSSII ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Java ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— —— SUPERBUM ..... Java ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— MULTIFLORUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— NIGRUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— PICTUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.*
I —— —— PURPUREUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— —— SUPERBUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— BOXALLII ..... Burmah ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
An attractive species, in growth similar to *C. villosum*, but the flowers are of a darker shade of colour and the dorsal sepal is richly spotted with purplish brown.
I —— BULLENIANUM ..... Borneo ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CARICINUM, *vide* C. PEARCEI.
I —— CAUDATUM ..... Panama ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— ROSEUM ..... Panama ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— CONCOLOR ..... Moulmein ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CROSSIANUM ..... Hybrid ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— DAYANUM ..... Borneo ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— DOMINIANUM ..... Hybrid ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— DRURYI ..... East Indies ..... 63*s.*
I —— HARRISIANUM ..... Hybrid ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— HIRSUTISSIMUM ..... Assam ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— HOOKERÆ ..... Borneo ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— INSIGNE ..... Nepal ..... 5*s.*
**C* —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Nepal ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**C* —— —— MAULEI ..... Nepal ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C* —— —— PUNCTATUM ..... Nepal ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— JAVANICUM ..... Java ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— LONGIFOLIUM ..... Costa Rica ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— LOWII ..... Borneo ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— NIVEUM ..... East Indies ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— PARISHII ..... East Indies ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— PEARCEI (caricinum) ..... Peru ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— ROEZLII ..... South America ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— SCHLIMII ..... Ocaña ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— SEDENI ..... Hybrid ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— STONEI ..... Borneo ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— SUPERBIENS (Veitchii) ..... Java ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— VENUSTUM ..... Nepal ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— PARDINUM ..... Assam ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— VILLOSUM ..... Moulmein ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I CYRTOPODIUM ANDERSONI ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

I	CYRTOPODIUM WOODFORDII	Venezuela	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	DENDROBIUM ADUNCUM	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— AGGREGATUM	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— —— MAJUS	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— AINSWORTHII	Hybrid	63*s.*
I	—— ALBO-SANGUINEUM	Moulmein	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— ALBUM	East Indies	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— AMŒNUM	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— AUREUM, *vide* D. HETEROCARPUM.		
S	—— BARBATULUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— BENSONIÆ	Arracan Hills	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	—— —— AURANTIACUM	Arracan Hills	63*s.*
S	—— BIGIBBUM	Torres Straits	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*

A large importation of this hitherto rare species has been received from Torres Straits, hence the low price at which it is offered.

S	—— —— ROSEUM	Torres Straits	21*s.*
S	—— BOXALLII	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— CALCEOLUS	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— CAMBRIDGEANUM	Chittagong	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CHRYSANTHUM	Nepal	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— —— MICROPHTHALMUM, *vide* page 5.		
I	—— CHRYSOTIS, *vide* D. HOOKERIANUM.		
S	—— CHRYSOTOXUM	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— —— SUPERBUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CLAVATUM	East Indies	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S*	—— CRASSINODE	Arracan & Siam Mountains	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S*	—— —— BARBERIANUM	Arracan & Siam Mountains	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— CRETACEUM	Burmah	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— CRYSTALLINUM	Arracan Mountains	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— DALHOUSIANUM	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— DENSIFLORUM	East Indies	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
I	—— DEVONIANUM	Khaysa	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— DIXANTHUM	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— EBURNEUM	Moulmein	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— FALCONERI	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— FARMERI	Calcutta	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— FIMBRIATUM	Nepal	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— —— OCULATUM	Nepal	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— FINDLEYANUM	Cochin-China	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— FORMOSUM	Rangoon and Moulmein	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— GIGANTEUM	Rangoon and Moulmein	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— FREEMANNI	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— FUSCATUM	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— FYTCHEANUM	Burmah	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— GIBSONI	Tenasserim	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— GRIFFITHIANUM	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— HETEROCARPUM (aureum)	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*	—— HILLII, *vide* D. SPECIOSUM HILLII.		
I	—— HOOKERIANUM (chrysotis)	Assam and Sikkim	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— INFUNDIBULUM	Moulmein	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— JAMESIANUM	Moulmein	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— JAPONICUM (moniliforme)	Japan	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— —— VARIEGATUM	Japan	31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— JENKINSII	Gualpara	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— JOHANNIS	Torres Straits	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	—— LASIOGLOSSUM	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— LINAWIANUM		21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LITUIFLORUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LONGICORNE	Khasya Hills	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— LUTEOLUM	Moulmein	21*s.*
S	—— MACROPHYLLUM (macranthum)	Manilla	15*s.* and 21*s.*

S	**DENDROBIUM MACROPHYLLUM GIGANTEUM**	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— **McCARTHIÆ**	Ceylon	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **MARMORATUM**	Assam	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— **MONILIFORME**, *vide* **D. JAPONICUM.**		
I	—— **MOSCHATUM**	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**I*	—— **NOBILE**	Assam	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 21*s.*
**I*	—— —— **CŒRULESCENS**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— —— **ELEGANS**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— —— **RUBELLUM**	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**I*	—— —— **WALLICHII**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **NODATUM**	Moulmein	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— **PARISHII**	Moulmein	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **PAXTONI**	Khasya	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **PIERARDI**	Delta of Ganges	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— **LATIFOLIUM**	Delta of Ganges	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **PRIMULINUM**	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— **GIGANTEUM**	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **PULCHELLUM**	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	—— **RHODOPTERYGIUM**	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **SAUVISSIMUM**	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— **SECUNDUM**	East Indies	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **SMILLIÆ**	Torres Straits	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C*	—— **SPECIOSUM**	Australia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*	—— —— **HILLII**	Australia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **SULCATUM**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **SUPERBIENS**, *vide* page 5.		
S	—— **TAURINUM**	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— **THYRSIFLORUM**	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **TORTILE**	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— —— **ROSEUM**	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **TRANSPARENS**	Nepal	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **UNDULATUM FIMBRILABIUM**	Torres Straits	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **WARDIANUM**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

A remarkably handsome species, producing its magnificent flowers in great profusion ; the petals and sepals are waxy white, tipped with magenta rose ; the labellum is of a rich orange colour edged with white, and spotted on each side with dark crimson purple.

S	**DENDROCHILUM FILIFORME**	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**S*	—— **GLUMACEUM**	Philippine Islands	31*s.* 6*d.*
C	**DISA GRANDIFLORA**	Cape of Good Hope	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— **HERSCHELLII**	Cape of Good Hope	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	**EPIDENDRUM AROMATICUM**	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— **ATROPURPUREUM**, *vide* **E. MACROCHILUM.**		
S	—— **BICORNUTUM**	Demerara	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **DICHROMUM**	Bahia	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— **FALCATUM (Parkinsonianum)**	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **FRIDERICI GUILIELMI**	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **IBAGUENSE**	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **MACROCHILUM (atropurpureum)**	Venezuela	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— —— **ALBUM**	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— —— **ROSEUM**	Colombia, Guatemala	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **NEMORALE**	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **PANICULATUM**	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **POLYBULBON**	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **PRISMATOCARPUM**	Chiriqui	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **SCEPTRUM**	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **STAMFORDIANUM**	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **TIGRINUM**	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— **VITELLINUM**	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— —— **MAJUS**	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	**ERIOPSIS BILOBA**	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **RUTIDOBULBON**	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

S EULOPHIA GUINEENSIS	Africa	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— MACULATA	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.*
S GALEANDRA DEVONIANA	Guiana	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I GONGORA PORTENTOSA	Colombia	21*s.*
S GOODYERA (ANÆCTOCHILUS) DAWSONIANA	East Indies	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— DISCOLOR	South America	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— PUBESCENS	North America	5*s.*
S GRAMMATOPHYLLUM ELLISII	Madagascar	63*s.* and 84*s.*
C HELCIA SANGUINOLENTA	Andes of Guayaquil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I HOULLETIA BROCKLEHURSTIANA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I HUNTLEYA CERINA, *vide* PESCATORIA CERINA.		
S IPSEA SPECIOSA	Ceylon	21*s.*

An extremely pretty terrestrial Orchid, producing large bright yellow Dendrobium-like flowers; very handsome and attractive.

**C* LÆLIA ACUMINATA	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— ALBIDA	Guatemala	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— ANCEPS	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
C —— —— ALBA, *vide* page 6.		
C —— AUTUMNALIS	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— BOOTHIANA, *vide* CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
C —— CINNABARINA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CRISPA, *vide* CATTLEYA CRISPA.		
I —— DAYANA	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (CATTLEYA) ELEGANS	Brazil	63*s.*, 84*s.*, and 105*s.*
**C* —— FURFURACEA	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— (CATTLEYA) GRANDIS	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— HARPOPHYLLA	Brazil	105*s.*
I —— LINDLEYANA	Bahia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— LOBATA, *vide* CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
C —— MAJALIS or FLOR DE MAIO	Oaxaca	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— (CATTLEYA) MARGINATA	Oaxaca	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (——) PERRINII	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (——) PINELII (pumila)	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— PURPURATA	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SCHILLERIANA	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— SUPERBIENS	Malacatan	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— WOLSTENHOLMIÆ	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
**I* LIMATODES ROSEA	Moulmein	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
S LIPARIS ELEGANTISSIMA	South America	21*s.*
C LYCASTE AROMATICA	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— BARRINGTONÆ	West Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— CRUENTA	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— DEPPEI	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— GIGANTEA	South America	21*s.*
I —— (MAXILLARIA) HARRISONIÆ	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— LANIPES	Guayaquil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C* —— SKINNERI	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

One of the best and most abundant flowering of cool Orchids, producing freely large blossoms, which generally are white or blush shaded with rose, and the labellum spotted with crimson.

There are many varieties of this beautiful Orchid, scarcely two being alike.

They require little room, being of dwarf and compact habit; should have plenty of water whilst growing, and never be allowed to get dry.

**C* LYCASTE SKINNERI CANDIDA	Guatemala	63*s.* and 84*s.*
**C* —— —— GRANDIS	Guatemala	42*s.*
**C* —— —— MACULATA	Guatemala	21*s.*
**C* —— —— MAGNIFICA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— —— MARGINATA	Guatemala	42*s.*
**C* —— —— PICTA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C* —— —— PURPURATA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— —— ROSEA	Guatemala	21*s.*

*C LYCASTE SKINNERI RUBELLA ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C —— —— SPLENDENS ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
*C —— —— SUPERBA ..... Guatemala ..... 21*s.*
*C —— —— VIOLACEA ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
C MASDEVALLIA ABBREVIATA ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— AMABILIS ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— BELLA, *vide* page 6.
I —— CANDIDA, *vide* M. TOVARENSIS.
C —— CHIMERA ..... Colombia ..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
C —— CIVILIS ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— COLIBRI, *vide* M. TROCHILUS.
C —— CORIACEA ..... Colombia ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— CORNICULATA ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.*
C —— DAVISII ..... South America ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— ESTRADÆ ..... South America ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— HARRYANA ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— —— CŒRULESCENS ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
A charming variety, very free blooming; the flowers are of a violet-crimson colour shaded with bluish purple.
C —— —— SPLENDENS ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— IGNEA ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— LINDENI ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— MACRURA ..... Colombia .....
C —— MELANOPUS ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— NYCTERINA ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— PERISTERIA ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*
C —— POLYSTICTA ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— PSITTACINA ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— RADIOSA ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.*
C —— SHUTTLEWORTHII ..... Colombia .....
I —— TOVARENSIS (CANDIDA) ..... South America ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— TROCHILUS (Colibri) ..... Colombia ..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
C —— VEITCHIANA ..... Peru ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— VELIFERA ..... Colombia .....
I MAXILLARIA GRANDIFLORA ..... S. America ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— HARRISONIÆ, *vide* LYCASTE HARRISONIÆ.
*C —— LUTEO-ALBA ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— NIGRESCENS ..... Merida ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— PICTA ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— TENUIFOLIA ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— TURNERI ..... S. America ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VENUSTA ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C MESOSPINIDIUM SANGUINEUM ..... Ecuador ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VULCANICUM ..... Ecuador ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I MILTONIA CANDIDA ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— CLOWESII ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CUNEATA ..... Brazil ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— FLAVESCENS ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— MORELIANA ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— PURPUREA ..... Brazil ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— REGNELLII (cereola) ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— SPECTABILIS ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— VIRGINALIS ..... St. Catherine's ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— WARSCEWICZII, *vide* ONCIDIUM WELTONI.
I MORMODES LUXATUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— PARDINUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.*
*C ODONTOGLOSSUM ALEXANDRÆ, *vide* O. CRISPUM.
C —— ANDERSONIANUM ..... Bogota ..... 105*s.* and 147*s.*
C —— ANGUSTATUM ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C —— BICTONIENSE ..... Guatemala ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*

*C ODONTOGLOSSUM BICTONIENSE ROSEUM Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
*C —— BLUNTII, *vide* O. CRISPUM.
*C —— CERVANTESII ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C —— —— DECORUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— CHESTERTONI ..... Colombia ..... 105*s.*

ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM.

C ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM..... Ecuador..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

This superb new Odontoglossum is a much more handsome species than the still rare *O. nævium*, which it somewhat resembles in colour and character, but infinitely surpasses ; it produces fine strong branched spikes of blossom, each flower three or four inches across, white, marked and spotted in the way of *O. nævium ;* exceedingly chaste and beautiful.

C ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM KLABOCHORUM	Ecuador	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— CITROSMUM (pendulum)	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— CARNEUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— ROSEUM	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— CORDATUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— CORONARIUM	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

**C* ODONTOGLOSSUM CRISPUM..... Bogota..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

This plant, also known under the names of *O. Alexandræ* and *O. Bluntii*, is one of the gems of the cool Orchid house, since by a little management its charming flowers may be had all the year round. It is a plant which varies to an almost endless extent, no two of the many thousands imported being perhaps exactly alike, and very considerable differences in size, colouring or crispness in the flowers constantly presenting itself. In good typical forms the sepals and petals are white, ovate or ovate-lanceolate, the petals being much undulated, and often fimbriately toothed. The lip is oblong-acuminate, yellow and crested towards the base, beautifully crisped at the margin, and more or less spotted towards the front with blotches of reddish brown. It has been very largely imported from Colombia, and in some of its forms is flushed with a lovely tint of rose.

*O. ODONTOGLOSSUM CRISPUM GRANDIFLORUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
*O. —— —— NIVALE	Bogota	42*s.* and 63*s.*
*O. —— —— SPECIOSUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
*O. —— —— SUPERBUM	Bogota	63*s.* and 84*s.*
O. —— CRISTATUM	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
O. —— DAWSONIANUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
O. —— EHRENBERGII	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
O. —— GLORIOSUM	Ocaña	15*s.* and 21*s.*
O. —— —— SUPERBUM	Ocaña	42*s.* and 63*s.*
O. —— GRANDE	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
O. —— HALLII	Ecuador	15*s.* and 21*s.*
O. —— HASTILABIUM	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*

ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALÆNOPSIS, for price, *vide* page 83.

C ODONTOGLOSSUM HYSTRIX, *vide* O. LUTEO-PURPUREUM.
**C*—— INSLEAYI ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— LEOPARDINUM ..... Mexico ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— JENNINGSII ..... Colombia ..... 105*s.*
I —— KARWINSKII ..... S. America ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— LINDENI ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— LINDLEYANUM SPECIOSUM ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*
I —— LONDESBOROUGHIANUM ..... Mexico ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— LUTEO-PURPUREUM (hystrix) ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*—— MACULATUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*—— —— SUPERBUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— MADRENSE ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— MEMBRANACEUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— MINIATUM ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— NÆVIUM ..... Ocaña ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— NEBULOSUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— CANDIDUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— PARDIDUM ..... Mexico ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— ODORATUM ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— PARDINUM ..... S. America ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— PENDULUM, *vide* O. CITROSMUM.
C —— PESCATOREI ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— —— NIVALE ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— —— SPLENDENS ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— PHALÆNOPSIS ..... Ocaña ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
For illustration, *vide* page 82.
C —— PRETIOSUM, *vide* O. SCHLEIPERIANUM.
**C*—— PULCHELLUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*—— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Mexico ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— RAMOSISSIMUM ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— RAMULOSUM ..... Ocaña ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— ROEZLII ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
A strikingly beautiful Colombian epiphytal Orchid, allied to *O. vexillarium* and *O. Phalænopsis*. It has oblong compressed pseudobulbs, and linear-ligulate leaves, the peduncles supporting several large flowers, which have oblong-ligulate sepals, similar but rather wider petals, and a broad cuneate-flabellate bilobed lip. The colour is pure white, the base of the petals being purple, and the base of the lip furnished with yellow crests and rich brown streaks. It is a free-flowering plant which no collection should be without.
I —— —— ALBUM ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— ROSEUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*—— ROSSII ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C*—— —— MAJUS ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— SCEPTRUM ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— SCHLEIPERIANUM (pretiosum) ..... Costa Rica ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— TRIUMPHANS ..... Ocaña ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— UROSKINNERI ..... Guatemala ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— VEXILLARIUM ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
This magnificent Orchid produces the largest and most beautiful flowers of the whole genus. The plant is exceedingly free-flowering, often giving spikes with from 4 to 8 of its charming flowers, which are of a lovely rose colour. For illustration, *vide* page 84.
C ONCIDIUM ÆMULUM, *vide* O. SUPERBIENS.
C —— ALCICORNE ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— ALTISSIMUM ..... West Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* to 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— AMPLIATUM ..... Panama ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— MAJUS ..... Panama ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— AUREUM ..... South America ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— AURIFERUM ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— AUROSUM ..... Ecuador ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— BALDERRAMÆ ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— BARBATUM ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM.
For description and price, *vide* page 83.

I	ONCIDIUM BARBATUM GRANDIFLORUM	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— BARKERI, *vide* O. TIGRINUM.		
I	—— BATEMANII	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— BICALLOSUM	Guatemala	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— BIFOLIUM	Monte Video	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

C	ONCIDIUM CÆSIUM	Mexico	15*s.*
C	—— CAVENDISHIANUM	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CHEIRI	Ecuador	15*s.*
I	—— CHEIROPHORUM	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CONCOLOR	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CORNIGERUM	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CRISPUM	Brazil	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
I	—— —— GRANDIFLORUM	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— MAGNIFICUM	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— —— SPLENDENS	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— CRUENTUM (pelicanum)	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— CUCULLATUM	Oeaña	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— —— MACULOSUM	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— DASYTYLE	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— DIADEMA, *vide* O. SERRATUM.		
C	—— DIVARICATUM	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— FLEXUOSUM	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— FORBESII	Brazil	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— FUSCATUM	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— GLOBOLIFERUM	Colombia	105*s.*
C	—— HASTATUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— HYPHÆMATICUM (leopardinum)	S. America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— INCURVUM	Oaxaca	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**S*	—— KRAMERIANUM	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— LANCEANUM	Surinam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— LEOPARDINUM, *vide* O. HYPHÆMATICUM.		
**C*	—— LEUCOCHILUM	Mexico	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C*	—— —— SPLENDENS	Mexico	42*s.*
S	—— LURIDUM	Tropical America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— MACRANTHUM	Ecuador	42*s.* and 63*s.*

A splendid species producing immense spikes of large showy flowers ; the sepals and petals of a rich yellow colour tinted with bronze ; the lip yellow blotched with purplish crimson ; one of the most handsome of the Oncidiums.

C	—— —— HASTIFERUM	Ecuador	63*s.* and 84*s.*

A magnificent variety, producing from thirty to forty flowers, each 3 to 4 inches across, on a spike 6 to 9 feet long. The sepals are pale olive yellow, the petals bright yellow, with a dagger-shaped crimson lip.

I	—— MARSHALLIANUM	Brazil	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

This attractive species produces fine branched spikes of large flowers of a rich golden yellow colour spotted with brown.

C	—— NUBIGENUM	Ecuador	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— OBRYZATUM	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C*	—— ORNITHORRHYNCHUM	Guatemala	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— PAPILIO	Panama	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	—— —— MAJUS	Panama	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— PELICANUM, *vide* O. CRUENTUM.		
I	—— PENTADACTYLON	Ecuador	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— PHILIPSIANUM	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— PHYMATOCHILUM	Brazil	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— PRÆTEXTUM	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— PUBES	Rio, Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— PULVINATUM	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— REICHENBACHII	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— ROEZLIANUM	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— ROSTRANS	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— SARCODES	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— SERRATUM (diadema)	Peru	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— SESSILE	Santa Martha	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— SPHACELATUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— STELLIGERUM	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	—— STIPITATUM PLATYONYX	Central America	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

ONCIDIUM WELTONI.

For description and price, *vide* page 87.

C **ONCIDIUM SUPERBIENS** (æmulum)..... Colombia..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— **TETRACOPIS** ..... Colombia..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— **TIGRINUM** (Barkeri) ..... Mechoacan ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **TRILINGUE**..... Colombia..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— **TRIQUETRUM** ..... West Coast of Africa..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— **UNGUICULATUM**..... Mexico..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— **VARICOSUM** ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— **ROGERSI**..... Brazil ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— **WELTONI** (Miltonia Warscewiczii) ... Colombia..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

This rare and very beautiful Orchid throws out numerous flower stalks at all seasons, each spike with from twelve to twenty and even thirty flowers, the whole plant seldom exceeding 12 inches high. For illustration, *vide* page 86.

I —— **WENTWORTHIANUM** ..... Guatemala ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **ZEBRINUM** ..... Colombia..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I **PALUMBINA CANDIDA**..... Mexico..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S **PAPHINIA CRISTATA**..... Surinam ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S **PERISTERIA ELATA** (The Dove Flower)... Panama ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

The *Espiritu Santo* (*Holy Ghost Flower*) of the Spaniards. The centre of each blossom bears a striking resemblance to a waxen dove, hence its name.

I **PESCATORIA** (Huntleya) **CERINA**..... South America ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— —— **GRANDIFLORA** ..... South America ..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
I —— **DAYANA** ..... Colombia..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— —— **CANDIDULA** ..... Colombia..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— —— **SPLENDENS** ..... Colombia..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— **EBURNEA** ..... Colombia..... 84*s.*
I —— **LAMELLOSA** ..... Colombia..... 63*s.*
I —— **ROEZLII** ..... Ecuador ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— **WALLISII** (fimbriata) ..... Ecuador ..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
S **PHAIUS ALBUS**, *vide* **THUNIA ALBA.**
S —— **BENSONIÆ**, *vide* **THUNIA BENSONIÆ.**
I —— **GRANDIFOLIUS** (Bletia Tankervillæ) Hong Kong..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— **MACULATUS** ..... East Indies..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— **WALLICHII**..... Sylhet ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
S **PHALÆNOPSIS AMABILIS** ..... Sunda Isles..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— **EQUESTRIS**, *vide* **P. ROSEA.**
S —— **GRANDIFLORA** ..... Borneo..... ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— —— **AUREA**..... Tambelan Islands ..... 42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
S —— **LEUCORRHODA** ..... Manilla .....
S —— **LUDDEMANNIANA** ..... Philippine Islands..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— **ROSEA** (equestris) ..... Manilla ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S* —— **SCHILLERIANA ..... Manilla ..... 42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I **PILUMNA** (Trichopilia) **FRAGRANS** ..... Merida..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— **NOBILIS** ..... South America ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C* **PLEIONE HOOKERIANA ..... Assam ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C* —— **HUMILIS ..... East Indies..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C* —— **LAGENARIA ..... Khasya..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C* —— **MACULATA..... Assam, Khasya ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **PRÆCOX** ..... Assam ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C* —— **REICHENBACHIANA ..... East Indies ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C* —— **SCHILLERIANA ..... East Indies ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
C* —— **WALLICHIANA ..... Arracan Mountains ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S **POGONIA DISCOLOR** ..... Java..... 21*s.*
I **POLYCYCNIS MUSCIFERA** ..... Colombia..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S **RENANTHERA COCCINEA** ..... Cochin China ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C **RESTREPIA ANTENNIFERA**..... Colombia..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S **RODRIGUEZIA SECUNDA** ..... Tropical South America.. 10*s.* 6*d.*
S **SACCOLABIUM AMPULLACEUM**..... Rangoon ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
S —— **BLUMEI** ..... East Indies ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— **DAYI**..... East Indies ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— **MAJUS** ..... East Indies ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— **CURVIFOLIUM**..... Nepal, Ceylon ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

S	SACCOLABIUM FURCATUM	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**S*	—— GIGANTEUM (Vanda densiflora)	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S	—— GUTTATUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— —— GIGANTEUM	Ceylon	63*s.*
S	—— —— HOLFORDII	East Indies	84*s.* and 105*s.*
S	—— —— SPLENDENS	Ceylon	63*s.*
S	—— HARRISONI	Pulo, Copang	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— MINIATUM	East Indies	63*s.*
S	—— PRÆMORSUM	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— RETUSUM	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— RHEEDII	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— VIOLACEUM	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	SCHOMBURGKIA CRISPA	Guiana	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— LYONSII	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— UNDULATA	La Guayra	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	SCUTICARIA HADWENII	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.*
	SELENIPEDIUM, *vide* CYPRIPEDIUM.		
I	SOBRALIA MACRANTHA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— —— SPLENDENS	Guatemala	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C	SOPHRONITES CERNUA	Rio de Janeiro	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— GRANDIFLORA	Organ Mountains	15*s.* and 21*s.* to 42*s.*
C	—— —— AURANTIACA	Organ Mountains	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C	—— —— COCCINEA	Organ Mountains	15*s.* and 21*s.* to 42*s.*
C	—— VIOLACEA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	STANHOPEA DEVONIENSIS	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— GRANDIFLORA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— INSIGNIS	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— MARTIANA	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— OCULATA	Xalapa	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— SHUTTLEWORTHII	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— TIGRINA	Xalapa	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C	—— —— SUPERBA	Xalapa	21*s.*
I	—— WARDIANA	La Guayra	21*s.*
C	STENIA PIMBRIATA	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	THUNIA (PHAIUS) ALBA	Burmah	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— —— BENSONIÆ	Arracan and Moulmein Mountains	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	TRICHOPILIA COCCINEA	Costa Rica	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— CRISPA (gloxiniæflora)	Costa Rica	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I	—— —— MARGINATA	Costa Rica	84*s.* and 105*s.*
I	—— FRAGRANS, *vide* PILUMNA FRAGRANS.		
I	—— GALEOTTIANA (picta)	Costa Rica	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C*	—— SUAVIS	Costa Rica	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*	—— —— SUPERBA	Costa Rica	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C	—— TORTILIS	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— TURIALVÆ	Costa Rica	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	UROPEDIUM LINDENI	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	VANDA ALPINA	Assam	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— BATEMANNI	Moluccas	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— BENSONI	Burmah	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— CATHCARTII	Sikkim	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— CŒRULEA	Khasya	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— CŒRULESCENS	Burmah	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— BOXALLII	Burmah	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— CRISTATA	Nepal	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— DENISONIANA	India	63*s.*, 84*s.* and 105*s.*
**S*	—— DENSIFLORA, *vide* SACCOLABIUM GIGANTEUM.		
S	—— GIGANTEA	Moulmein and Rangoon	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— LAMELLATA	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— LOWII	Borneo	63*s.* and 84*s.*
S	—— PARISHII	Burmah	63*s.* and 84*s.*

S **VANDA ROXBURGHII**	Bengal	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— **CŒRULEA**	Bengal	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— **STRIATA**	Assam	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— **SUAVIS**	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— **TERES**	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **TRICOLOR**	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— **FORMOSA**	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— **INSIGNIS**	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— **MULTIFLORA**	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— **SUPERBA**	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— **UNDULATA**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S **VANILLA AROMATICA**	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I **WARREA LINDENIANA**	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d*
I **WARSCEWICZELLA DISCOLOR**	Costa Rica	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d*
I —— **MARGINATA**	Ocaña	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **VELATA**	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I **ZYGOPETALUM CRINITUM**	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **GAUTIERI**	Brazil	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— **INTERMEDIUM**	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.*
I* —— **MACKAYI	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I* —— —— **MAJUS	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **MAXILLARE**	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

CHOICE ORCHIDS.

EAST INDIAN | **WEST INDIAN** | **COLOMBIAN**
MEXICAN | **PERUVIAN** | **BRAZILIAN.**

Collections made at 4, 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*

ORCHIDS FOR COOL HOUSES.

In the belief that the culture of Vinery and Greenhouse Orchids will become general when their beauty and easy management are known, special selections can be made, and are now offered at 4, 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*

PLECTOPOMAS.

These form not only a new group of hybrids, but a novel genus of Gesneraceæ; they are summer flowering, with large-tubed funnel-shaped blossoms.

ALFRED LASSERE, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ANORMAL, 2*s.* 6*d.*
AUREO-LILACINUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BICOLOR, 1*s.* 6*d.*
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SUAVE-ROSEUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SUAVISSIMUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TRIUMPHANS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
VIOLA, 2*s.* 6*d.*

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS).

The value of Gesneras as decorative plants can scarcely be over estimated. Most of them have rich velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson. If only grown for the foliage they are very attractive, but during the winter they produce splendid pyramidal spikes of blossom, which are extremely handsome. Originally, however, the principal colour was orange scarlet; now, as the result of fertilisation, there are various colours and shades, added to which the spotting on the flowers of some of the varieties is extremely pretty.

ADELINA, creamy white tube, pure white lobes, deep yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ALBO-LUTESCENS GRANDIFLORA, very large flowers, of a delicate cream colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

AMABILIS, fine snow-white flowers, with a large citron yellow spot on the lower lip. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BICOLOR, coral tube, dark yellow throat and mouth. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BOLIDE, very bright orange vermilion; clear yellow ground, with globular spots and flesh-coloured band; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CÉRÈS, exterior of the flower coral salmon, interior soft rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CERISE D'OR, surface of the tube cerise, throat and lobes golden yellow, netted and dotted with cerise; a beautiful colour and good habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHAIR ET CAPUCINE, delicate flesh colour, bordered and spotted with red; magnificent zonate foliage. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHARM, clear lemon yellow, with orange throat, the tube slightly tinted with red. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHROMATELLA, large and well expanded flower, clear yellow, fine foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CINNABARINA ROSEA, a beautiful clear vermilion; the tube almost transparent; the interior carnation marbled with white; throat citron yellow, speckled with gold. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CITRINA CORONATA, coral tube, throat and lobes pure citron, each lobe being spotted with vermilion; an admirable variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CITRINA ROSEA, a very pretty variety with fine flowers; the exterior of the tube rose colour; the lobes and mouth citron yellow. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CLIFTONI, very large lobes, half vermilion, half golden yellow, the whole flower covered with small crimson spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYMOSA, clear rose pink, very handsome foliage. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAUW, lobes white, sprinkled with rose; throat golden yellow, netted with vermilion; the divisions of each lobe snowy white, marked with very bright rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DONDERSTRAAL, dark carmine lobes, golden yellow throat, largely spotted with cochineal, the divisions of the lobes white, rayed and dotted with rose; fine spikes of flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DROOM, large flesh-coloured flowers, beautifully marked with chrome yellow on a cream ground, and produced in fine pyramidal spikes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMMA, beautiful soft carmine coloured flowers, of a lighter shade on the lower lobes. 5*s.*

FESTOON, bright pink tube, blush white lobes, and orange throat. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GAY-LUSSAC, clear vermilion, spotted with vermilion on the inside. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GRAND MOGUL, flowers of the most intense vermilion colour, with rich citron mouth and throat; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GUILLAUME TELL, a large flower, of a dark orange vermilion colour, the interior white, spotted with orange. 2*s.* 6*d.*

INCENDIE, fiery red, finely sprinkled on the white ground of the interior. 3*s.* 6*d.*

INFANTA, exterior of tube light rose; interior deep yellow; lobes white, slightly tinged with blush; a very pretty flower. 5*s.*

INTERESTING, surface of the tube deep salmon, interior of the lobes and throat yellow, minutely freckled with cinnamon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JOVIAL, orange; tube snow-white, dotted and bordered with the most beautiful vermilion. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JULIETTE, fine large flesh-coloured flowers, tinted with orange; mouth straw colour, marbled with very bright ochre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEICHTLINII, pure yellow, margined with deep rose; fine foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LEOPARD VERMILLON, magnificent corymbs of large flowers, of the most brilliant vermilion, encircling a cream-coloured ground, which is sparingly dotted with vermilion. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LINDLEYANA, surface of the tube coral, throat and lobes golden yellow, regularly sprinkled with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LUTEA PUNCTATISSIMA, very bright yellow, the throat spotted with vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME A. LACOMBLÉ, pure white, with rose netting; a charming variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME VAN HOUTTE, fine branching pyramids of flowers, very bright rose tube, white lobes, striped and spotted with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MASTOUCHE, flesh colour, bordered with red; the interior of the flower white, spotted with flesh colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MORGENLICHT, superb foliage, fine pyramids of well-formed flowers, of a beautiful pure golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NACHTEGAAL, large carnation-coloured lobes, white throat, netted and spotted with flesh colour; a pretty flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NIKITA, white interior, broadly bordered and spotted with dark vermilion; exterior brilliant orange colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NIVALIS, fine pyramidal spikes of pure white flowers, with rich yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OCTAVIE, a fine flower, of a very pure and clear yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

PERA, lobes pink, spotted with crimson ; exterior of tube rosy crimson ; interior orange ; the foliage of this variety is remarkably rich and attractive. 5*s.*

REFULGENS, rich violet flowers ; throat white, with large chamois spot. 2*s.* 6*d.*

REINE MARIE HENRIETTE, orange, with beautiful dottings of the same colour upon a cream-coloured ground ; flowers produced in fine pyramidal spikes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSALIE, blush tubes, white lobes, deep golden yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSEA PUNCTATISSIMA, very deep rich rose, canary yellow throat. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSE D'AMOUR, rose, marbled and maculated with pure snow white ; throat white, rayed and spotted with clear citron. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RUBAN COCHENILLE, outside red, with cochineal margin ; golden encircled white interior. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SAPPHO, blush pink tube and lobes, rich yellow throat ; very pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE BRILLANT, a fine variety, with very richly coloured foliage, freely producing large bright coral flowers, shaded with lilac, with a richly spotted citron yellow throat. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE CERISE, bright cerise vermilion, spotted with golden yellow, flowers produced in fine pyramidal branched spikes ; magnificent bronzy foliage, covered with velvety crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE CORAIL, fine pyramids of brilliant coral flowers, the mouth striped with canary yellow, rich velvety amaranth foliage. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE ROYAL, fine bronzy amaranth foliage, largely spotted with bright green, large coral flowers, citron throat, with spots of rich scarlet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOCIAL, rosy salmon tube, buff lobes, which, with the throat, are covered with minute spots of bright carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SUAVITAS, delicate flesh colour ; interior, white ground speckled with flesh colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TOTA ALBA, this is the only pure white Gesnera. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ZONNENDAAL, a fine flower of a delicate rose colour, with beautiful cinnamon dottings. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ZUCHT, fine coral-coloured lobes, throat distinctly veined and netted with chamois colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EUCODONIAS.

EHRENBERGII, an attractive variety, having the foliage of a Ligeria, and freely producing clear blue flowers, which are slightly crumpled and have a white throat. 1*s.*

NÆGELIOIDES, a pretty hybrid Gesneraceous plant ; flowers freely produced on small plants, nearly the size and form of a drooping Gloxinia, but having the soft colouring and elegant markings of some of the rosy-flowered Tydeas, with the throat of a citron yellow. 1*s.*

NÆGELIOIDES DIAMANTINA, this variety is similar to the preceding in growth and habit, but differs in the colour of its flowers, which are of a brilliant violet purple, with citron yellow throat. It is an abundant bloomer, flowering very freely on small plants. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NÆGELIOIDES LILACINELLA, the flowers of this variety are of a beautiful fresh lilac colour, marbled, and the throat is pure white, spotted and dotted with citron, yellow and lilac. It is a very attractive plant, and an abundant bloomer. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NÆGELIOIDES NANA MULTIFLORA, this charming plant remains upwards of three months in all its beauty. It is the dwarfest in habit of the genus ; the flowers, which are produced most profusely, are amaranth and golden yellow, dotted with vermilion. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VAN HOUTTEI, a splendid variety, with very large flowers of the most perfect form ; colour vivid carmine and pure white, ornamented with flesh-coloured stripes ; very striking and attractive. The plant is of fine habit, and extremely floriferous. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROSANOWIA (BIGLANDULARIA).

CITRINO-AMARANTINA, rich woolly and glossy foliage ; the flowers, which are large and of good form, are freely produced in the axils of the leaves on long erect peduncles ; the flowers are yellow outside and lemon colour inside, striped and speckled with amaranth. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSEO-LUTEA, a very fine variety, with beautiful, large and fine flowers, which are half yellow and half rose colour. It has charming foliage, nearly orbicular. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STRAMINEA STRIATELLA, fine large yellow flowers, striped with amaranth, the tube entirely flesh colour ; a splendid variety, with very beautiful foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TYDÆAS.

AGAR, white ground, suffused with carmine and distinctly dotted with very bright chamois. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ALBA KERMESINA, white ground, shaded with rose, and marked with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ALBA NIGRA, fiery red ground, white throat, striped with black. 2*s.* 6*d.*
AMARANTE ET CANNELLE, amaranth cerise, fiery throat, marked with deep cinnamon. 3*s.* 6*d.*
APOLLON, violet corolla; spherical brown dottings. 3*s.* 6*d.*
AURANTIACA ZEBRINA, vermilion orange, the entire flower striped; very beautiful. 2*s.* 6*d.*
AVONDSTER, clear cerise, with white throat, regularly marked with large black blotches. 2*s.* 6*d.*
B. VERLOT, bright carmine scarlet tube; clear yellow lobes, barred and spotted with dark purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*
CÉRÈS, tube coral red; the lobes half white and half vermilion, dotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHAMALIÈRES, light red, striped with golden yellow. 3*s.* 6*d.*
CLIO, straw colour, with large scarlet throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*
COMPACTA FLORIBUNDA, beautiful velvety flowers, rosy cerise, marked with bright amaranth; very compact. 2*s.* 6*d.*
ELLIPTICA MULTIFLORA, tube carmine, reflected with vermilion; lobes shaded with carmine rose, and regularly spotted with dark carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*
ETNA, very dark scarlet, striped with black. 2*s.* 6*d.*
EUTERPE, lower lobes white, marbled and spotted with vermilion; tube vermilion, shaded with carmine; upper lobes amaranth, densely speckled. 2*s.* 6*d.*
FOURNAISE DE PLUTON, intense vermilion, darkly striped. 2*s.* 6*d.*
GIGANTEA, a variety of majestic growth, with large flowers of a vermilion and golden-yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
HERCULE, red tube; deep violet lobes, dotted with rich brown. 3*s.* 6*d.*
ITACULUMI, a large and well-formed flower; rosy-carmine tube and satiny-rose lobes. 3*s.* 6*d.*
JUNON, reddish-purple tube; scarlet purple lobes, spotted with reddish brown. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LADY CAROLINE KERRISON, tube orange scarlet; lobes rich light rose, spotted with violet; interior of the tube beautifully marked with carmine crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*
LE NAIN ROSE, a dwarf and free blooming variety; large flowers with clear rosy carmine tube; upper lobes carmine rose; lower lobes blush white, spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LEON DUVAL, bright carmine tube, shaded violet; lobes lilac violet, spotted with purple carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*
LÉONIDAS, tube of a brilliant coral colour; lobes half straw yellow pointed with cherry red, and half dark red pointed with vermilion. 5*s.*
LIEFKEN, orange vermilion, with white throat, speckled with carmine, and rayed with cinnamon crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
LINDENI, a beautiful variety, producing charming flowers of a lilac purple colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME HALPHEN, a fine flower, with well-expanded carmine-coloured tube; the lower lobes lightly tinted with lilac and spotted with carmine; the upper lobes shaded with carmine rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME HEINE, clear carmine-coloured tube; lower lobes white, marked with spots of purple black, shading off to purple carmine; upper lobes bordered with amaranth. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MADAME LAVALLÉE, a beautiful flower; tube rose colour; lower lobes white, spotted with purple carmine; upper lobes margined with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MAGNIFICA AMARANTINA, brilliant amaranth, regularly striped with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
MELPOMENE, large flowers of a bright carmine colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MIERKEN, white, thickly blotched with cochineal, and marbled with white; throat white, maculated with orange scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*
MINERVE, purple tube; purple violet lobes, with crimson dots. 3*s.* 6*d.*
OPHIR, orange vermilion, upper petals spotted with black, lower petals spotted with yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*
PLUTON, violet tube; purple violet lobes, marked with reddish brown dottings. 3*s.* 6*d.*
POLYMNIE, carmine tube; upper petals bright carmine, lower petals pure white; the whole of the petals spotted with rich dark carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*
QUADRICOLOR, cerise tube, lobes tinted with carmine lilac, and punctated with dark purple; the orifice of the throat shaded with citron colour; a distinct and attractive flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*
RUBIS, a dwarf-growing variety, with prettily-veined foliage; tube of the flowers bright carmine; lobes purple carmine, with darker spotting; a magnificent colour. 5*s.*
SAPÉ, a beautiful flower of a fiery vermilion colour; the mouth and throat golden yellow, lined and dotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
THALIE, citron, spotted and flaked with vermilion; tube vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TYDÆAS—Continued.

TRICOLOR, white, beautifully spotted with amaranth, coral coloured tube. 2*s.* 6*d.*

URANIE, a large lilac flower, striped with scarlet, deep yellow throat, striped with brown. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLET ET MARRON, rich violet ground, throat white, spotted with chamois, lobes bright purple, the whole streaked with maroon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VULCAIN, ample metallic foliage, marbled with purple veins; the tube and lobes of the flower deep bright scarlet, the lobes finely spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

WILHELMINE LEFEBVRE, upper petals amaranth, lower petals white, all the flowers reticulated with amaranth on a pink ground. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WONDER, flowers of a bright orange vermilion colour, veined with black; majestic spikes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Tydæas can be cultivated so as to produce an abundance of bloom throughout the winter, their flowering season principally depending on the time of year their tubers are started into growth.

With a little management a succession of blooming plants can be had nearly throughout the year.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES.

ADMIRATION, a fine variety, of free robust habit and growth; the flowers, which are beautifully formed and of large size, are of a deep rose colour, with light throat. It is very free-blooming, and exceedingly attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARGUS, colour rich plum, large deep orange eye, spotted with carmine, upper lobes of the flowers beautifully rayed towards the margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CELESTIAL, a very fine and distinct variety, of good habit and a profuse bloomer, producing exceedingly beautiful flowers of a very light blue colour, with attractive centre, the upper part of the eye being rich purple, and the lower part cream colour, darkly rayed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARM, a very large fine flower, of a beautiful light rosy purple colour, with light throat marked with orange at the mouth. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHERUB, a splendid variety, producing abundantly large white flowers, which are tinted with blue on the margin of the lobes; it is exceedingly attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DIADEM, magenta shaded carmine, with golden yellow eye; medium-sized flower; a very bright-looking and free-blooming variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DIAMOND, a variety in the style of *Ambroise Verschaffelt*, but having the purple blue radiation and blotch confined to the centre of the flower, thus leaving the lobes whiter than in that kind. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, bright orange, red eye, beautifully spotted with carmine, good habit and free. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EXCELSIOR, plum colour, large and fine, good habit, very distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FIREFLY, flowers of great size and substance, with beautifully fringed edges; colour a rich deep carmine, golden yellow eye, spotted with crimson and shading off to magenta. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIBSONI, *vide* Plectopoma Gibsoni.

GLOXINIÆFLORUM, *vide* Plectopoma gloxiniæflorum.

HARRY WILLIAMS, very large fine flowers of a bright cerise colour, with yellow eye spotted with maroon, lower part of eye pale mauve, the edges of the flowers beautifully fringed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY LYTTLETON, magnificent large flowers of a rich magenta colour deeply shaded with crimson, clear orange yellow eye, edges of the petals beautifully fringed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LOVELINESS, a fine flower of good size and substance, rich magenta, shading off to crimson towards the margin, golden yellow eye dotted with maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNET, orange, spotted with crimson, deep carmine circle and spotted eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARVEL, a remarkably rich and bright-looking flower, of fine form and large size, colour a very bright rosy violet, with light throat, darkly spotted at the base. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MASTERPIECE, this variety is of robust growth, and the flowers, which are very smooth and well-formed, are of a very rich rose colour, with violet shade; a splendid variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NESIDA, soft lilac; light yellow centre, spotted and rayed with lilac; a very pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NINA, a very large and handsome flower of a dark satiny lilac colour, beautifully rayed in the three lower petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OBERON, bright blue, upper portion of the eye purple, white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RIVAL, deep puce, excellent habit and profuse bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROLLISSONI, *vide* Plectopoma Rollissoni.

SPARKLER, rich deep scarlet, dwarf compact habit; extra fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STELLA, fine large flowers of a clear magenta colour, orange eye, spotted with carmine, nicely serrated, distinct and beautiful. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES—Continued.

UNIQUE, very large fine flowers of a soft rosy pink colour, with pale orange eye, dotted scarlet and shading off to magenta. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VENUS, an exceedingly attractive variety, freely producing large white flowers, the eye beautifully shaded with purplish crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WILLIAMSII, a free-blooming variety of good compact and branching habit, producing large flowers of good substance, of a vivid scarlet colour, with orange yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMBROISE VERSCHAFFELT, 1*s.*
AURORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BELLE CRACOVIENNE, 1*s.*
CARDINEAUX, 1*s.*
CARL WOLFARTH, 1*s.*
CARMINATA ELEGANS, 1*s.*
CHIRITA, 1*s.*
DAZZLE, 1*s.*
DENTONIANA, 1*s.*
EDWARD BOSSIER, 1*s.*
GRANDIFLORA, 1*s.*
—— **FLORE PLENO**, 1*s.*
GRANDIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HENDERSONI, 1*s.*
LEOPARD, 1*s.*
LONGIFLORA, 1*s.*
—— **ALBA**, 1*s.*
—— **MACRANTHA**, 1*s.*
LONGIFLORA MAJOR, 1*s.*
LOUIS VAN HOUTTE, 1*s.*
MARGARITÆ, 1*s.*
MAUVE PERFECTION, 1*s.*
—— **QUEEN**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
METEOR, 1*s.*
MINIATA, 1*s.*
PARSONSII, 1*s.*
PATENS, 1*s.*
PICTA, 1*s.*
PURPUREA ELEGANS, 1*s.*
—— **MULTIFLORA**, 1*s.*
ROSEA MAGNIFICA, 1*s.*
SIR TREHERNE THOMAS, 1*s.*
SKINNERI, 1*s.*
VENUSTA, 1*s.*
VESTALIN, 1*s.*
VIVICANS, 1*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.

Those marked thus (*) *have erect flowers.*

*__ADONIS__, pure white throat, the lobes white, lightly striped with rose; the mouth surrounded with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__AÏDA__, a distinct and beautiful variety, of a soft rose colour, the whole of the lobes reticulated with bluish lines, and the throat encircled with dark rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__ALBERT MAROUSE__, delicate rose, beautifully dotted with pure white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__ALCIBIADE__, white tube, the lobes maculated with lake; white throat; spotted at the base. 5*s.*

__ALICE__, an immense flower with large smooth limb of rich mauve, and clear yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__BOULE DE FEU__, this variety gives a profusion of fine large flowers of the most intense and brilliant red colour; very attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__BRADAMANTE__, very large flower; pure white tube; light rose lobes bordered with rich rose, and blotched with white. 5*s.*

*__CECILE D'ELCHINGEN__, bright crimson, bordered with rose, a very large and fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__CHARLES RAFARIN__, dark violet, margined with bluish violet; a splendid flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__CHARME DE LUTÈCE__, pure milky white, the centre of each lobe ornamented with distinct scattered violet purple spots; the margin of each lobe densely freckled with very small light bluish dots; cream-coloured throat covered with small violet spots; very beautiful. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__CLÉMENCE DELAHAYE__, white, tinted with flesh colour; each division of the lobes marked with a cerise red spot surrounded with bright rose. 5*s.*

__CLIO__, pure white lobes, with rich magenta throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__COLOR NOVA__, magenta, shaded with carmine; a most distinct and attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__COMTESSE DUCHÂTEL__, lilac throat, rayed and spotted with crimson; white lobes, blotched with carmine; a very fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

__CONCENTRIQUE__, white throat, shaded with lilac; magenta lobes, surrounded with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__CONSTELLATION__, white ground, punctuated with rose, and having a carmine spot at each intersection of the lobes. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__CORDON CÉLESTE__, white, with ligh blue band. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__COUPE D'HÉBÉ__, very large flowers of a dark velvety cerise colour, with the border distinctly and clearly edged with pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

*DERNIÈRE MODE, white, centre of lobes spotted maroon; throat dotted with lilac blue. 3s. 6d.

*DUC DECAZES, a splendid flower of large size; white ground, beautifully maculated with lilac magenta. 5s.

*DUCHESSE DECAZES, a very fine flower; lobes carmine rose, shaded with lilac towards the mouth; throat creamy white; extremely floriferous. 5s.

*DUCHESSE DE GALLIERA, a novel and beautiful flower; yellow throat; lavender blue lobes, bordered with white. 2s. 6d.

*ELDORADO, cerise, shaded with amaranth, the centre of the lobes striped and spotted with bright red; a beautiful velvety looking flower. 2s. 6d.

*EMPEREUR DU BRÉSIL, tube and throat white, very lightly rayed and spotted with rosy carmine; lobes white, spotted with blue. 2s. 6d.

*FANFRELUCHE, centre of lobes rosy pink, densely freckled with carmine and bordered with white; throat and mouth creamy white, covered with minute soft magenta dots; pretty. 2s. 6d.

FLEUR DE FLANDRE, white throat, purple mouth; lobes marbled and netted with indigo blue, white edge. 2s. 6d.

*FLORE, rosy lavender, shaded with light purplish pink; pure white centre, rayed and spotted with bright mauve; creamy white throat, slightly spotted with pink. 2s. 6d.

*GENEVIÈVE BRETON, a very large flower; tube white; throat very dark violet, shading off to indigo blue on the lobes, which are bordered with white. 5s.

*GRANIT ROSE, pure white ground, densely spotted in the centre of the lobes with bright carmine, the spotting becoming more scattered towards the margin; light cream-coloured throat, densely freckled with rosy pink; a lovely flower. 2s. 6d.

*HENRI FLÈCHE, a magnificent flower, of fine form; colour magenta, brilliantly shaded with red at the month; the edges of the lobes widely bordered with snowy white. 3s. 6d.

*INALTÉRABLE, a fine flower, of an intense shade of carmine magenta; very showy. 3s. 6d.

*INÈS, bright solferino, veined with magenta; a very beautiful flower. 3s. 6d.

*ISABELLA, light blue lobes, with white centre, spotted and shaded with purplish violet; light throat, rayed and freckled with purplish crimson; very fine. 2s. 6d.

*LA FRAÎCHEUR, very soft and fresh rose; throat and tube pure white; an attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

*LE PROGRÈS, dark velvety carmine, with large pure white border. 3s. 6d.

*LISÉRÉ D'ARGENT, intensely bright crimson scarlet, distinctly margined with pure white; light throat, beautifully spotted and freckled with carmine, and shaded with rosy carmine. 2s. 6d.

*LIVINGSTONE, rich velvety amaranth crimson, shaded with soft purplish violet, and margined with rosy lilac; light creamy throat, shaded with rose at the month; a splendid flower. 2s. 6d.

LYDIE, tube red, smooth pure white lobes, festooned at the mouth with rich mauve. 2s. 6d.

*MACROPHYLLE, violet purple, embroidered with bluish violet; month of the throat shaded with amaranth. 3s. 6d.

*MADAME BASSOT, cream-coloured throat, spotted with lilac; the mouth shaded with mauve; lobes surrounded with satiny rose. 2s. 6d.

MADAME DUVAL, dark fiery crimson, shaded off to bright scarlet towards the edges of the lobes, which are margined with rose; dark crimson mouth; light throat, densely spotted with crimson; a magnificent flower. 2s. 6d.

*MADAME THIBAUT, throat, mouth, and centre of lobes pure white, rayed and spotted with bluish purple; the lobes widely margined with light blue. 2s. 6d.

*MDLLE. ANGÉLINE MARTIN, rich magenta, striped and spotted with solferino, the lobes bordered with white. 5s.

*MDLLE. CHARLOTTE DE LA TRÉMOILLE, a fine large white flower, marbled and dotted with rose; the throat lined with lilac; an extremely beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

MAMMOTH, an enormous flower, of a rich violet colour; the lower lobes marked with light crimson and marbled with white. 2s. 6d.

*MARGUERITE D'ELCHINGEN, very rich deep violet purple lobes; creamy white throat, densely freckled with minute purplish dots, the light throat stretching up a little into the centre of each lobe and forming a kind of star. 2s. 6d.

*MARTHA, a very large flower; flesh colour, rayed and freckled with lilac rose; the mouth shaded with clear lilac. 3s. 6d.

*MEMNON, rich reddish purple; white tube; light rose throat; a very fine flower. 5s.

MINA, very bright cerise, with snow-white mouth; an attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

*MODÈLE, flat smooth lobes of a fresh rose colour, shaded and spotted with crimson and margined with soft rose. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

*MON CAPRICE, soft mauve, the divisions of the lobes to the tube white; very pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*MONSIEUR BUSQUET, cerise, margined with rose; the centre of the lobes flesh colour, with carmine markings; a very beautiful flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*MONSIEUR TESTARD, white ground, nearly covered with a marking and spotting of dark violet; each lobe marked with a violet horse-shoe; a beautiful flower. 5*s.*

*NÉGUS, velvety violet black, embroidered with violet indigo. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NOBILISSIMA, splendid lilac flowers; the three inferior lobes richly adorned with large cochineal blotches, and a large snow-white ribbon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ORBICULAIRE, very fine flowers of excellent form; magenta colour, neatly bordered with snowy white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*PATRIE, mouth of the throat intensely dark indigo purple, the lobes shading off to bluish violet and margined with white; light throat shaded with violet crimson; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*PAULINE BRETON, a very large flower, white tube, rosy carmine lobes, bordered with white. 5*s.*

*PRÉSIDENT THOMAS, a large flower; lobes a bright velvety cerise colour, surrounded with carmine amaranth; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RÊVE D'OR, pure white, neatly shaded with sky-blue. 2*s.* 6*d.*

REV. H. H. D'OMBRAIN, bright crimson lake, shaded with rosy purple; creamy white throat, minutely spotted with purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*RICHARD WALLACE, a novel and attractive variety; the orifice of the throat and spots in the form of a hemisphere on each of the lobes of a rich clear glazed violet carmine colour; margin bright cerise carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ROBE ÉTOILÉE, pure white lobes, spotted in the centre with violet blue and freckled on the margin with light bluish lilac; cream coloured throat, spotted with violet crimson dots. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ROSEA GRANDIFLORA, a fine large flower of a beautiful carmine rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSE D'AMOUR, cream-coloured throat, lobes bright rosy carmine, shaded towards the base with rose cerise. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TRICOLORE, cherry carmine, flaked with white and green on a cochineal ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRICOLORE COCHENILLE, an extremely large and fine flower of a cochineal colour with lavender rays; tricoloured tube. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VLAANDEREN, white throat, ornamented with myriads of carmine spots, tube carmine, shaded with plum, lobes rich velvety purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WASHINGTON, very dark vermilion cochineal. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*WÉGA, white ground, tinted and spotted with violet carmine; the lobes surrounded with soft bluish violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*WILLIAM ROBINSON, lobes bright rosy carmine, margined with pink; the centre of each lobe white, thickly spotted and freckled with bright pink; throat creamy white, thickly spotted with pink; a fine large flower; exquisitely beautiful. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ZINGARI, large gray flowers, flaked with cochineal. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good kinds can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at 18*s.* *and 30*s.* *per dozen.*

SHRUBBY GLOXINIA INSIGNIS.

This distinct variety produces its flowers during the autumn and winter; colour bluish lilac, marked with a large crimson blotch at the base of the tube. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GLOXINIA MACULATA ROSEA CHIRITIFORMIS.

A very distinct and attractive hybrid, blooming during the whole of the winter. Its foliage is very beautiful, of a bronzy amaranth, and its flowers, which are produced abundantly, are of a beautiful bright rose, with a bluish tint. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GLOXINIA MACULATA SCEPTRUM.

A magnificent hybrid, with extra large erect cordate foliage. It produces a rigid terminal inflorescence, exceeding 20 inches in height, which bears majestically its large clear lilac well-formed blooms. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

This name is applied to that magnificent group of Pelargoniums, the flowers of which are of large size, very rich and showy, and although they are not really double, yet from their fulness of form and the extra number of petals, they have the appearance of being so.

BEAUTY OF OXTON, a splendid variety; upper petals very rich maroon darkly blotched; under petals very dark crimson shaded with maroon; light centre tinted with rose; all the petals attractively and regularly margined with white, and beautifully fringed. The flowers are large and very full, the extra number of petals giving them the appearance of being semi-double. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CAPTAIN RAIKES, a fine large full flower; upper petals deep fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black and bordered with carmine; lower petals clear bright fiery crimson. The flowers are extremely attractive, and admirably adapted for bouquet making. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DR. MASTERS, a fine variety, throwing large trusses of beautiful flowers; the upper petals have large black blotches in the centre, with a narrow margin of rich crimson; the lower petals have a smaller blotch, with a broader margin of the same colour as the upper. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS OF BEDFORD, one of the most useful and charming of this highly decorative section of Pelargoniums. Its blossoms are of the purest white, prettily fringed, with feathered spot of delicate rose in the upper petals. It is one of the best of the early-blooming varieties, and from the chaste beauty of its blossoms is invaluable where cut flowers are required. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ELEGANTISSIMUM, a beautiful variety, with large crispy semi-double flowers, of a rich vermilion colour, all the petals broadly margined with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME EVRARD, a most attractive and distinct variety; the flowers are very full, with beautiful crispy petals of an exceedingly bright purplish crimson colour, richly spotted with dark maroon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF PELARGONIUMS, large flowers with elegantly fringed margins, of a brilliant vermilion scarlet ground colour, finely relieved by a blush white centre with violet veins, and flushed with rich crimson in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF TECK, rich deep crimson shaded with violet; the upper petals blotched and feathered with very dark blackish maroon; centre shaded with violet; a remarkably free-blooming variety, producing fine large trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF WALES, an exceedingly handsome variety, of excellent habit, freely producing good trusses of large and effective flowers, which are not really double, but from their fulness of form and extra number of petals, which are prettily undulated, have the appearance of being so. The colour is a bright vermilion with light centre and light edge to the petals, the superior ones being marked with light crimson and darkly blotched. 3*s.* 6*d.*

QUEEN VICTORIA, the flowers of this handsome and distinct variety have peculiarly crispy petals, of a rich vermilion colour, broadly margined with pure white, the upper ones blotched with maroon; extremely attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ATTRACTIVE COLOURED & SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

These have been obtained by carefully hybridising the attractive French kinds with the best varieties of the most eminent English raisers, so that while possessing the rich and varied colours of the French sorts, combined with their wonderfully free-flowering character, they partake of the shape of the English varieties.

ANNABELLA, an attractive flower, with large light centre; upper petals rich crimson, blotched with very dark maroon; under petals rich bright crimson, with violet shade. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ANTAGONIST, upper petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with violet crimson, and margined with white; under petals soft pink, spotted with violet crimson, white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BRIDAL BOUQUET, an extremely free-flowering and attractive variety, producing fine large trusses of beautiful pure white flowers; the two upper petals blotched with pink; admirably adapted for forcing. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COMMANDER, bright rosy scarlet, the upper petals heavily blotched with maroon; under petals blotched with rich crimson, fine striking white centre; a magnificent flower. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE ATTRACTIVE COLOURED AND SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

CONCORD, violet mauve, intersected with white and rose, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONDUCTOR, bright carmine, the upper petals blotched with maroon, the under petals shaded with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONSISTENCY, violet, margined with lavender, upper petals blotched with crimson, the under ones spotted with same colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DEBATE, violet mauve, upper petals blotched with maroon ; light centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DOMITIUS, upper petals maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with light rose ; under petals light rose, spotted with dark crimson ; the petals beautifully fringed. 5*s.*

DRAGON, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright red ; under petals fiery carmine, spotted with crimson ; pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, upper petals very dark blackish maroon, edged with fiery crimson ; under petals rich deep crimson, shaded with bright scarlet, and blotched with very dark maroon ; light centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ENSIGN, all the petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EUROPA, dark violet, all the petals blotched with maroon ; novel colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FIREFLY, fiery crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon ; the under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre shaded with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GERTRUDE, rosy lavender, with a slight crimson spot and feathering in the upper petals ; very distinct and pleasing. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HARMONY, upper petals purple maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with lavender ; under petals lavender, shaded with pink and spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

HECTOR, bright carmine, all the petals spotted with dark crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HIAWATHA, upper petals very dark maroon, margined with crimson and edged with white ; under petals rosy crimson, margined with blush and blotched with maroon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HUNTSMAN, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, dark spots on the under petals, violet centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

KENNETH, upper petals rich dark purplish crimson, margined with light violet crimson and feathered with crimson maroon ; under petals rich violet crimson, edged with rosy lavender ; light centre. 5*s.*

MADAME THIBAUT, rose, striped with white and blotched with maroon ; large white centre ; immense trusses of very large fine flowers with undulated petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MEDINA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with rose ; under petals rose, blotched with very dark crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNATE, a magnificent flower of a soft violet colour, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals lightly spotted with crimson, clear white centre. 5*s.*

MODERN, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon ; under petals spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OSCAR, upper petals crimson, margined with rose and blotched with maroon ; under petals rose, spotted crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PATRICIAN, bright violet, the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon ; under petals having a small blotch of dark maroon, light centre ; an attractive variety. 5*s.*

PIONEER, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon ; under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROYALTY, a free-flowering and effective variety, producing beautifully fringed white flowers, with large carmine spot on each petal. 5*s.*

SALUTE, under petals soft rose, spotted with dark crimson ; upper petals maroon, surrounded with crimson, with rose margins. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE, rose, the upper petals blotched with maroon and shaded with crimson ; the under petals spotted with dark crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SENATOR, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with crimson and edged with rose ; lower petals rich crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOUVENIR, bright rose, upper petals blotched with maroon ; under petals heavily spotted with maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TEMPLAR, a beautifully formed flower, of a rich soft shade of violet crimson ; upper petals blotched with dark purple ; under petals slightly marked with purple, light centre. 5*s.*

TENNYSON, upper petals dark maroon, margined with rose and edged with white ; under petals pure clear white, with a small blotch of bright lake in the centre of each. 5*s.*

TRIUMPHANS, rich violet crimson, all the petals margined with violet rose, the upper petals feathered with very dark crimson ; large light rosy violet centre ; a rich velvety looking flower and extremely distinct. 5*s.*

TROJAN, crimson upper petals, surrounded with bright rose and margined with pink ; under petals blush, spotted crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TYRIAN, very rich dark maroon, upper petals almost black, with narrow edge of deep rose ; under petals shaded with rosy scarlet and blotched with crimson maroon. 5*s.*

VANDAL, upper petals very dark crimson, blotched with very dark maroon, almost black ; under petals crimson lake, spotted with dark crimson. 5*s.*

VANGUARD, rich violet mauve, upper petals blotched with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ATTRACTIVE COLOURED AND SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

VELLEDA, rich deep velvety crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals spotted with very dark crimson ; a fine flower ; bright and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VICTORIOUS, orange scarlet, upper petals blotched with maroon, white centre, shaded with violet ; under petals spotted crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIZIER, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with rich violet crimson and margined with lilac ; under petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon, and bordered pale lilac. 7*s.* 6*d.*

WATCHFUL, lilac, shaded with violet, upper petals spotted with crimson, light centre ; very attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection, at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

ALICE, lower petals rosy crimson, maroon spot on top petals, crimson purple edge, large white eye ; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMBASSADOR, upper petals deep pink, with medium spot ; lower petals rosy pink, clear white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANATINA, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rosy crimson ; under petals rose, shaded with crimson ; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARCHDUCHESS, lower petals richly painted crimson, with rosy purple edges ; top petals black with narrow crimson edge ; large clear white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARCHDUKE, maroon top petals with orange margin, cherry pink lower petals veined with rose ; white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARTIST, lower petals mottled carmine ; maroon spot on upper petals, carmine edge ; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ASTROLOGER, lower petals deep crimson purple, with black maroon spot ; narrow crimson edge, white centre ; a large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AURORA, deep crimson scarlet with medium spot on top petals ; a very richly coloured variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BECERRA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with bright crimson ; under petals light rose ; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BLUE BOY, lower petals bluish purple ; upper petals rich deep purple, with narrow margin ; a large and novel flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CECILIA, upper petals dark velvety maroon, surrounded with bright crimson and edged with rose ; under petals rosy pink ; clear distinct white centre. 5*s.*

CHALLENGER, deep scarlet, spotted with maroon ; very showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARTER, rich maroon, upper petals margined with violet rose ; under petals violet rose, shaded crimson ; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHIEFTAIN, lower petals rose ; maroon spot on top petals, shaded to the margin with rosy lilac ; white centre ; good form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CICELY, crimson maroon spot on top petals, orange shade, lilac edge, white centre ; free bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONDUCTOR, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright rose ; under petals delicate rose, pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONQUEST, bright red, small maroon spot on top petals ; fine shape and very effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONSTANCE, fawn colour, with small spot on top petals shaded with orange ; clear white eye ; a large flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

COSSACK, upper petals very dark maroon, surrounded with bright crimson ; under petals bright rose ; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COVENANT, lower petals rosy purple ; upper petals very dark maroon ; narrow fiery margin ; clear white centre ; large, smooth flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CREUSA, light rose, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CROWN PRINCE, upper petals black maroon ; under petals richly painted crimson ; bright narrow edge ; clear white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DARDAN, upper petals black maroon, bordered with rosy crimson ; under petals light bright rose ; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DESPOT, rich deep scarlet crimson, with maroon spot on the upper petals ; a smooth and very finely formed flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLOMATIST, upper petals dark maroon, lower petals rosy purple ; clear white eye ; good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE, scarlet, medium black spot on top petals ; a smooth flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, bright crimson scarlet ; black blotch on upper petals ; a free-flowering smooth bright variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, lower petals crimson ; dark rosy top petals ; white centre ; a large flower of fine shape. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, lower petals pink, with crimson spot ; black blotch on top petals, shaded to the edge with pale pink ; white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELOQUENCE, lower petals pale rose, large dark blotch on upper petals, shaded with orange rose to the margin ; a large bold flower. 5*s.*

EMBLEM, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

EVELYN, lower petals pale rose, small black spot, clear white centre ; a large, smooth, and finely formed flower. 5*s.*

EXCHEQUER, maroon upper petals, surrounded with bright crimson, and margined with rose, under petals rose, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FAVOURITE, under petals pale pink ; black blotch on top petals, with rich wiry band of orange, shaded off to the margin with pale pink ; large white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FLIRT, a rich dark variety ; lower petals crimson, richly painted ; black upper petals, narrow crimson edge. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GARNET, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with violet rose ; bright rose under petals, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GEORGE FREDERICK, bright orange scarlet ; very glossy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIANT, under petals rosy pink ; maroon spot on upper petals, lilac edge, white centre ; a large variety, very dwarf habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIPSY, very dark upper petals ; lower petals richly marked, narrow crimson margin ; white eye ; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GRACE, crimson, with dark maroon upper petals, and narrow crimson edge. 5*s.*

GRANTA, maroon upper petals surrounded with rosy crimson, and edged with lavender ; under petals light rosy crimson, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HESPERUS, orange crimson, shaded with deep rose ; dark top petals, orange margin ; a fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HIGHLAND LASSIE, salmon rose, medium black spot shaded with orange, white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HUMPHREY, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose ; under petals bright rose, shaded with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

INFLEXIBLE, bright rose, maroon spot on upper petals, white centre ; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JUDITH, maroon upper petals, shaded with carmine ; warm rose lower petals, white eye ; a large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

KATHLEEN, soft salmon pink, with large spot and pale lower petals ; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LILIAN, pink, with small maroon spot on the upper petals, white centre ; a large and showy flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LORA, upper petals maroon, margined with scarlet and edged with rose ; under petals rosy pink, white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LORD OF THE ISLES, crimson, with maroon spot on the upper petals, rich crimson edge, white centre ; a very fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MOUNTAINEER, rich painted crimson, with fiery crimson edge and white centre ; dark maroon top petals ; an effective flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. A. MATTHEWS, a smooth flower, of a soft rose colour, with white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose ; under petals bright rose, pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OUTLAW, rose under petals, rich maroon upper petals, shaded to the margin ; narrow rose margin ; a large flower. 5*s.*

PRINCE OF WALES, under petals rosy purple, maroon spot on upper petals, white centre ; a large flower, good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE RUPERT, soft rosy pink, with maroon spot on the upper petals, shaded to the margin with orange and lilac, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PROTECTOR, under petals purple maroon, with maroon spot on upper petals, lilac margin ; extra fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PURITY, deep rosy crimson, with maroon spot on upper petals, white centre ; a very fine flower. 5*s.*

PURPLE GEM, lower petals deep purple ; top petals black maroon, margin of purple, very glossy ; novel and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

REVENGE, bright scarlet ; a rich flower of medium size ; free and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROBIN HOOD, rich purple lower petals, maroon top, small spots and white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROVER, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose and edged with pale lavender ; under petals very light rose, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUBY, bright fiery scarlet, maroon spot on upper petals ; an attractive flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUTULIA, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy crimson ; under petals rich scarlet crimson ; light centre, shaded violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SAPPHO, a dwarf and most abundant bloomer, cherry rose suffused with purple, small maroon spot on upper petals, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SCOTTISH CHIEFTAIN, under petals richly painted crimson ; upper petals dark maroon, with narrow margin of fiery crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SENATOR, mottled purple, richly veined ; upper petals purple maroon, of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SOVEREIGN, a large and beautiful flower of a very bright crimson scarlet colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SPARTAN, upper petals rich crimson, with central blotch of intensely dark maroon, almost black ; under petals of a beautiful rich violet rose colour. 5*s.*

SPLENDENT, upper petals maroon, surrounded with scarlet and edged with pink ; under petals salmon rose, white centre. 5*s.*

SYBIL, soft pale orange, small maroon spot, shaded with orange, white centre ; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TALISMAN, rich scarlet ; a very finely-formed, large and smooth flower. 5*s.*

TOBY, rich dark maroon, medium dark spot on upper petals ; a very fine flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

TOPSY, a fine flower; the under pétals purplish rose; the upper petals black, with narrow crimson margin; white centre; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VICTORY, a pleasing pink, small spot on top petals, white eye, shaded off to the edge with orange; large and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIRGIN QUEEN, pure white, with purplish carmine spots on the upper petals; a very useful and attractive variety of dwarf free habit. 5*s.*

VISCOUNT, lower petals mottled rose; upper petals maroon, white centre; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.*'s general collection, at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 8.

AGATHA, upper petals dark crimson maroon, edged white; under petals crimson, margined with white, light centre. 5*s.*

ALPICUS, *vide* page 8.

ANGELIC, upper petals crimson, edged with white; under petals bright rosy violet, edged with white, attractive white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AQUILON, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy violet and edged with white; lower petals white, blotched with rich crimson and shaded with rosy purple. 5*s.*

ARIADNE, rich rosy crimson, edged with white; the under petals deep rose margined with white, white centre; a pretty flower. 5*s.*

ASSEMBLY, upper petals rich maroon, edged with white; under petals rosy purple, margined with white, large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ATLANTIC, rich crimson, suffused with purple, smooth and of excellent habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BRIGHTNESS, deep rosy crimson, with clear white centre and edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CABELLO, a very fine large flower; upper petals soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the petals; lower petals of a very delicate rose colour, margined with white, clear white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CASSANDRA, *vide* page 8.

CLEMENTINE, white, with rose spots; a very pretty and free variety. 5*s.*

COUNTESS OF DUDLEY, deep rosy crimson upper petals, light throat; rose lower petals; very fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH, white, with carmine spot on each petal; very distinct and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELIGIBLE, rosy crimson, upper petals with light blotch, shaded with violet; under petals violet lake, clean white centre, the entire flower edged with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELLEN BECK, lilac carmine, with bright edges; dwarf habit; very free flowering. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELSIE, upper petals dark crimson, margined with lavender; under petals violet crimson, edged with white; white centre. 5*s.*

ERMAN, upper petals violet crimson, edged rose; under petals blush, shaded with light crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ETHEL, upper petals rich crimson, margined with white; the centre of the petals shaded with violet; under petals rosy crimson, margined with white, large white eye; very fine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ETRURIA, upper petals soft rose, edged with white; under petals white, tinted with rose; a very clearly marked and pretty flower. 5*s.*

FAUST, upper petals rich dark maroon, edged with lavender; under petals blush, shaded with rich crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GENEVRA, *vide* page 8.

HENRY BAILEY, crimson, with white eye; very dwarf, and a most abundant bloomer; extremely useful and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

INSULAIRE, maroon, with purple margin and light lower petals. 5*s.*

JEWESS, upper petals rosy carmine, suffused with carmine, lilac edge; light mottled under petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY MAYORESS, rosy lilac, with white edges and large white eye; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LYDIA, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with white; under petals dark purple crimson, edged with white; large clear white centre. 5*s.*

MARGUERITE, white with crimson spots, white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARIONETTE, rosy crimson, suffused with purple; white edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MISS GODARD, rich crimson with white centre and edges; a smooth flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. ALFRED WIGAN, pink with clear white centre and edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. FORD, lilac margined with white, lower petals suffused lilac. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. HART, rosy crimson purple, with narrow white margin on upper petals, shaded off with rosy purple to a large clear white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. PHIPPS, rosy crimson with pale lilac edges and white centre; a finely formed flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. POPE, upper petals rose with white edges, lower petals white with rose spots; a pleasing and excellent variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. PORTER, French white, with purple spot on each petal; free and of good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

NELLY FORDHAM, white with delicate lilac shade ; free and distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ORION, *vide* page 8.

PELIAS, *vide* page 8.

PILGRIMAGE, pale lilac with white centre and white edges ; very free. 5*s.*

PRINCESS TECK, white with carmine spots, a very smooth flower and a most profuse bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RESTITUTION, rich dark maroon margined with violet, light centre, encircled with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSINA, rosy lake upper petals, edged with white ; under petals rose, blotched with lake ; large white eye ; a very pleasing flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSY MORN, cheerful rose with clear white throat and edges ; a fine flower of excellent shape. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SANTERRE, upper petals dark crimson maroon, edged with white ; under petals white blotched with dark crimson ; white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SATIRE, maroon upper petals, surrounded with violet crimson and edged with white ; under petals crimson, margined with white, large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SONNET, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with white ; under petals light crimson, margined with white, and white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THERESA, upper petals dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with white ; under petals crimson, margined with white ; large light centre. 5*s.*

THE SHAH, deep crimson purple, with narrow lilac edge and light centre ; a smooth and very pleasing flower ; extra fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THOMAS RING, carmine suffused with violet, pale lilac edges, white centre ; a large smooth flower of extra fine shape. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TRIBUNE, violet peach, pure white centre, and all the petals edged with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRITON, *vide* page 8.

VICTOR HUGO, crimson, with large light centre ; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

HYBRID PERPETUAL PELARGONIUMS.

This section is of Bavarian origin, and is recommended for its perpetual free-blooming character and the glowing colours of the flowers. The plants commence blooming in the spring and continue until the autumn.

FREUND EBBE, bright carmine with dark veins and spots ; a very rich and attractive flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HOFGÄRTNER HUBER, a fine round flower ; the upper petals rosy purple, darkly spotted and veined ; the under petals rosy carmine, with light veins. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HOFGÄRTNER KELLERMANN, the upper petals carmine red, with dark spots and veins ; under petals light carmine, lightly veined. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME GLEVITZKY, upper petals of a fine vermilion colour, veined and spotted with purple, under petals light vermilion. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OBERBÜRGERMEISTER HEIM, rich velvety crimson, very darkly spotted. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 7.

ADAIR, large trusses of fine flowers, with thick wax-like petals of a rich carmine colour, shaded with scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ADELINA PATTI, a charming variety, producing large trusses of splendid flowers of a beautiful rich dark cerise colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AILSA, rich crimson, shaded with carmine scarlet and tinted with violet ; trusses close and compact. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALCMENA, a fine variety, producing very large trusses of rich magenta crimson flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALEXIS, rose, shaded with bright salmon ; a fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALSATIA, bright salmon flowers, of large size and excellent form. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMANUS, deep rosy magenta, with pink marking in upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMASIA, very bright scarlet, with conspicuous white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMAZONE, bright lilac mauve, sprinkled with carmine dots ; large truss ; dwarf and free flowering. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMULET, deep rosy magenta, shaded with scarlet in upper petals ; fine truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

ANDRÉ GILL, large trusses of clear rose flowers turning to a grayish tint; a free blooming variety of fine habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ANSELMO, rich bright scarlet; a fine large flower with good broad petals 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARNOBIUS, a splendid variety, producing immense trusses of very rich bright dazzling scarlet flowers, with white eye; the individual blossoms are very large, of good shape, with thick shell-like petals. 5*s.*

ARVON, rosy cerise, with light pink marking in upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ATROPOS, deep rich scarlet crimson; fine large truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARINGO, a pretty, clean flower; pure white, with bright rosy salmon centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEPPO, intensely bright scarlet; a fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BRENNUS, rosy cerise, with violet-pink blotch in the upper petals; fine large round flowers, produced in immense trusses. 5*s.*

BUTTERFLY, a distinct-looking flower, of a blush white colour, beautifully and richly striped and flaked with bright pink. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CAMERON, magenta purple, marked with vermilion in the upper petals; a most beautiful and distinct shade of colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CATO, under petals rosy magenta crimson, with slight violet shade; upper petals scarlet shaded with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CATRINA, pure white, with pink centre; large truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CHARM, pure white, striped, flaked and splashed with rose; a pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CORYBAS, pure white, with light blush pink centre; a very pretty flower. 5*s.*

CYPRIA, rosy cerise shaded with magenta; fine truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CYTHERA, *vide* page 7.

DECOY, salmon, flaked, and striped with white; a very pretty flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DEMADES, rich crimson scarlet, shaded with orange in upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DIOMEDES, a very fine flower of a deep rich scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DR. JOHN DENNY, rich crimson violet; the base of the two upper petals marked with orange scarlet; a magnificent flower of large size and good form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DRUSUS, bright salmon pink, flaked and striped with white; a very fine showy flower. 5*s.*

EGERIA, a very pretty variety, with rosy peach flowers, shaded with magenta. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELFIN, bright pink; a splendid colour; the upper petals marked with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ERNESTINE, a very pretty and distinct flower; colour blush, shaded with salmon rose towards the centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EUGÉNIE GODARD, very dark carmine rose, with white centre; a fine variety, producing its flowers in large globular trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EUROPA, flowers of exquisite form, rich deep scarlet, shaded with crimson in the upper petals; white eye, very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EURYALE, *vide* page 7.

EURYNOME, pure white, with bright salmon pink centre; an attractive flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FAIRY, a novel and distinct flower, of a beautiful blush colour, richly flaked and striped with deep salmon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FLAMMETTA, rich dark crimson; the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FLORIAN, a well-formed flower, of a violet amaranth colour, the upper petals tinted with violet, red centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GABINIUS, rich soft pink, marked with white in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GALENUS, *vide* page 7.

GLAUCUS, bright orange scarlet with white eye; very attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HEBE, pure white, shaded and irregularly marked with salmon blush; salmon pink centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

HERON, rich magenta crimson, shaded with violet in the upper petals; a remarkably attractive shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

HIDALGO, fine large flowers, of an intensely rich and bright scarlet colour; of good form and substance. 3*s.* 6*d.*

IDYL, a finely formed flower of a beautiful salmon colour, having a white centre surrounded with orange scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUANITA, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower; white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUBILEE, fine large flowers of a soft rosy lake colour; distinct and pretty. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LAVERNA, a very large fine flower, of a delicate soft satiny pink colour, with white marking in the two upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LELA, very clean pure white; medium-sized flower of good form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LEVINUS, rich bright salmon rose, striped and flaked with white and blush. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARCEAU, large round trusses of beautiful flowers of a purplish lake colour tinted with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARCUS, a fine well-formed flower, of a bright scarlet colour, with white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARTIUS, a magnificent flower, of a most showy and attractive rich rosy cerise colour, with beautiful violet crimson shading. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MELAS, rich deep scarlet, with white eye; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MINDORA, blush white, with bright salmon ring around the centre of the flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MIRABEL, delicate soft pink, with white marking in the upper petals; fine large flowers borne in immense trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

M. LEVYLIER, fine large round flowers, of a beautiful bright salmon colour, slightly marbled with white; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. GEORGE SMITH, bright salmon; a very fine smooth flat flower, of beautiful form; a most abundant bloomer. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, a fine round well-formed flower, of a dark amaranth crimson colour, striped and flaked with nankeen; very distinct. 5*s.*

NEW LIFE, a sport from the well known and useful variety *Vesuvius*, having its vivid scarlet flowers striped and flaked with salmon and white; distinct and effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NUMITOR, a magnificent flower, of excellent form and good substance; the colour is a rich rosy magenta, shaded with violet, the upper petals tinted with scarlet. 5*s.*

OSMAN PACHA (Lemoine), a beautiful variety with orange red flowers, the centre surrounded with a rose chamois tint; very attractive. 5*s.*

OSMAN PACHA (Rendatler), a very large flower of good form; flesh colour, veined and marbled with salmon; white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PABELLON, deep cerise, suffused and shaded with orange scarlet; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PALLADIO, rich bright scarlet, shaded with crimson in the upper petals; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PALLAS, enormous trusses of flowers of a rich and deep rosy pink colour, slightly marked with white in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PAMELA, orange salmon; a fine flower, very bright and distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PHORBAS, rich bright scarlet; flowers of good shape, produced in large trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PLOTINA, a very pure white flower, with thick shell-like petals; good truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PORSENNA, a fine large flower, of a rich salmon pink colour, with white centre. 5*s.*

PORTIA, salmon, with light margin; very large and stout flowers, of excellent form. 3*s.* 6*d.*

POTAMOS, light bright scarlet, the upper petals shaded with crimson; a fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PROCLES, this distinct and showy variety produces good trusses of brilliant cerise flowers, shaded with vermilion. 5*s.*

PYRRHUS, *vide* page 7.

PYTHAGORAS, a fine flower, of an extremely intense shade of scarlet crimson, with white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PYTHIAS, deep rich crimson, shaded with scarlet; a fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

REGGIO, soft rosy cerise, a very pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SALMON VESUVIUS, rich salmon, suffused with coral; white eye; a free blooming and effective sport from *Vesuvius*. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SALVATOR, a very fine variety, producing large flowers of an intensely bright scarlet colour, with attractive white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SANTLEY, a very fine smooth flower, of a splendid soft orange scarlet colour, with large attractive white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SÉNATEUR BERNARD, a very beautiful variety, giving large round trusses of flowers of a rose madder colour, with lighter centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

STEROPES, very bright light scarlet, with white eye; of dwarf habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SYRISSA, pure white, with soft flesh-coloured centre; a fine flower; exceedingly pretty and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TAGUS, rich magenta crimson, shaded with cerise in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TARIM, cerise scarlet with white eye; a very fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TELLUS, *vide* page 7.

TERANO, deep rich scarlet crimson; a fine showy flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TEREUS, a remarkably large and fine flower of a very rich and bright scarlet colour, with conspicuous white eye; extremely attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THESEUS, splendid rich bright scarlet flowers, with thick shell-like petals, produced in fine large trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THETIS, pure white, with a distinct rosy pink zone round the centre of the flower, which is also white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

UKARA, *vide* page 7.

URBINO, rosy violet; a very pretty shade of colour; flowers of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VELINDRA, magenta crimson, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE VESUVIUS, a sport from *Vesuvius*, with pearl white flowers; very useful for winter blooming. 1*s.* 6*d.*

XANTHO, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower; white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ZARA, white, with distinct and well marked ring of a beautiful salmon rose colour around the white centre; very pretty. 5*s.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection, at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

PELARGONIUMS,
CAPE HYBRIDS AND VARIETIES,

18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

This section is admirably adapted for bedding, as the flowers are borne in the greatest profusion, and in immense trusses, and hence produce great effect.

ADMIRANDA, one of the most remarkable and distinct varieties ever raised; the flowers are of a beautiful blush colour, the base of the petals being marked with bright salmon scarlet, thus giving the flower the appearance of having a ring of that colour with a light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALBANIA, a magnificent variety, producing immense trusses of rich rosy violet flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALETHIA, cerise, shaded with salmon, and margined with vermilion; distinct and effective. 5*s.*

ALGERNON, rich carmine crimson, flowers large and fine; extremely effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHEUS, bright dazzling crimson scarlet; a very fine variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANGUS, cerise shaded with scarlet; immense truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARPA, rich bright crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARSENAL, rich magenta crimson, with scarlet shade in upper petals; fine large truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ATREUS, crimson, with a slight violet shade; fine large truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BLACK DIAMOND, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of very rich dark crimson flowers; a splendid colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BUFFON, a dwarf growing variety giving large trusses of flowers, of a carmine amaranth colour shaded with violet; the upper petals marked with scarlet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CAMERINO, a magnificent variety, producing enormous trusses of rich rosy cerise flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CARLOS, cerise, shaded with scarlet; fine flowers borne in immense trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CATULLUS, a fine large flower of a rich deep crimson scarlet colour. 5*s.*

CERES, a splendid flower; violet magenta, with scarlet marking in the upper petals; a most novel and distinct colour; one of the best varieties in its section. 2*s.* 6*d.*

COLERINO, cerise, with light scarlet shading; large truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CORIOLANUS, this variety produces immense trusses of fine flowers of a rich clear bright scarlet colour 3*s.* 6*d.*

DORIS, very light pink, with white marking in the upper petals; an extremely beautiful and delicate shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JULES GROLEZ, fine trusses of beautiful flowers, of a rich rosy crimson colour, marked with bright scarlet in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUNO, a magnificent flower of a deep rose colour, shaded with violet lake, slight light marking in the upper petals; a very distinct variety; extra fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JUSSIEU, immense trusses of flowers of an orange scarlet colour, veined with purple in the centre; very fine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LASSO, light rosy cerise; immense trusses; an attractive variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LATINUS, fine large trusses of beautiful rosy peach coloured flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEONIDAS, soft rosy violet, with scarlet marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LEVANA, good trusses of fine large flowers of a rich deep pink colour, with white marking in the upper petals. 5*s.*

MAMERTES, very light pink with deep rich salmon centre; a very beautiful flower. 5*s.*

MANRIQUE, deep rosy magenta, with light scarlet marking in the upper petals; flowers produced in fine large trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARGUERITE MOUGIN, large flower, of a very clear rose colour, the upper petals marked with white towards the centre; dwarf habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARTHESIA, very rich and bright deep pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. CALAME, a superb variety, producing immense trusses of rich velvety vermilion coloured flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEKROS, rosy peach, suffused with magenta; a beautiful shade of colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NIZAM, intensely dark rich crimson; very attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NUMICIUS, rich deep crimson magenta; fine large round truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OLIVAR, deep magenta, tinted with violet, a magnificent colour; the edges of the petals are shaded with rich scarlet crimson; flowers borne in enormous trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ORMOND, upper petals rose shaded with violet; under petals rose shaded with scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OSSIAN, violet rose, edged with deep scarlet; an effective flower of good size and shape. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PARMENIO, soft rosy violet, the upper petals shaded with crimson; a very large and fine flower; trusses immense. 5*s.*

PERSEUS, light cerise pink, beautifully shaded with salmon; one of the largest flowers in the section; of good form, with fine broad petals; extremely distinct and attractive. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

PHASIS, rich purplish crimson, tinted with violet; a charming colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RINALDO, soft magenta, shaded with rose and violet; a large showy flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSARIO, blush, shaded with pink towards the centre, which is pure white; immense truss; very fine flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SIBYLLA, a beautiful flower; blush white, the central half of the petals marked with bright salmon pink, forming a ring around the light centre; a remarkably attractive variety. 5*s.*

SONORA, a beautiful variety, giving immense trusses of very large and fine flowers of a light rosy cerise colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

STREPHO, bright vermilion scarlet; a fine large round well-formed flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SYLPHE, this variety produces large trusses of white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TAPOS, a fine variety, producing large trusses of bright rosy cerise flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THAPTO, large flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THESSA, a showy variety, producing immense trusses of cerise scarlet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THIAM, intensely bright vermilion scarlet; extremely showy and effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

TINTAMARRE, an excellent bedding variety, producing immense trusses of fine flowers of a cerise red colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TISON, very fine large flowers, of a magnificent rich shade of magenta crimson; very showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

URANIE, a fine flower, of a very deep rich magenta crimson colour, with violet shading; the upper petals are tinted with scarlet; immense truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ZELIA, a very fine large flower, of a soft magenta rose colour; good truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

For New Varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 8.

ADINE, pale rosy pink with light centre; a pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGATHA, soft pinkish lavender, with light centre and crimson marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARABELLA, fine large full flowers of a rosy pink colour, with white centre; the upper petals feathered with purplish crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AURELIA, rosy pink, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BIJOU, an extremely attractive hybrid, producing large trusses of full double flowers of a rich bright scarlet colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CALYPSO, pale pink, the upper petals feathered with rich crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHARM, *vide* page 8.

DUNOIS, delicate blush; the upper petals slightly feathered with dark crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EGERIA, deep violet rose; the upper petals slightly marked with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMBLEM, a beautiful hybrid, with pretty double flowers of a cerise pink colour, slightly shaded with salmon; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERNEST, deep rich mauve pink, the upper petals flaked with dark crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FESTINA, lavender rose, the upper petals marked with bright crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FINETTE, blush white, the upper petals flushed with rose and feathered with dark crimson; a very fine, large and distinct flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GAZELLE, delicate blush with light rose tint, upper petals feathered with crimson; a very full double flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HERMINE, rosy lavender, with rich crimson feathering in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

IDA, light rosy pink flowers of large size and good form, the upper petals feathered with purplish crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IONA, soft lavender with white centre, upper petals marked with purplish crimson; a large and beautiful flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ISABEL, *vide* page 8.

JULIA, delicate blush white, the upper petals rayed with purple; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LUCINDA, blush pink, the upper petals feathered with crimson; a very large and finely-formed double flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MABEL, large flowers of a rosy lavender colour, the upper petals striped with rosy crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARSHAL, rich rosy cerise; a most attractive hybrid variety producing fine double flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

MARTHA, *vide* page 8.

MINERVA, pinkish lavender, the upper petals feathered with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MIRANDA, soft lavender pink with crimson marking in the upper petals; a fine full flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEPHELE, deep rosy lilac with purplish feathering in the upper petals; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NORMA, a distinct variety, giving fine flowers of a deep lavender pink colour, the upper petals barred with violet crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OLIVAR, pale mauve pink, with light crimson marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OLYMPUS, rich mauve pink, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ONDINE, a very fine large flower of a soft rosy pink colour, the upper petals feathered with bright carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OPHIR, *vide* page 8.

PABLO, soft lavender blush, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PLUTUS, *vide* page 8.

PORTENA, pinkish lavender, the upper petals feathered with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RENOWN, a magnificent hybrid, producing fine double flowers of a rich rosy carmine colour, shaded with scarlet; exceedingly showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSETTE, soft rose, shaded with mauve; a beautifully formed large rosette-like flower; the plant is of compact habit and very free blooming. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSINA, pale pink, with crimson marking in the upper petals; a very pretty variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE, soft pink, slightly shaded with lavender, the upper petals blotched with violet crimson; a very fine full double flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SERAPH, light mauve pink, the upper petals beautifully barred and feathered with rich dark crimson; flowers very full and double. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SIDONIE, a very free blooming variety, producing fine full flowers of a deep mauve pink colour. 5*s.*

THALIA, *vide* page 8.

THISBE, rosy lilac with crimson feathering in the upper petals; a pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

URANIE, soft rose, tinted with violet, the upper petals blotched with rich crimson; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VESTA, fine large double flowers of a very delicate blush pink colour, the upper petals rayed with purplish crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VIRGO, a beautiful flower, of a very pretty soft pink colour, the upper petals feathered with bright crimson. 5*s.*

ZEPHYR, a beautiful variety, with large full flowers of a rich soft rose colour with mauve tint, and the upper petals striped with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

"PELARGONIUM LATERIPES."

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums, on account of their graceful drooping growth, are extremely useful for vases, and rustic or suspended baskets; the rich wax-like foliage alone is ornamental, but added to that, they have pretty flowers, and the different varieties present a contrast and charm obtained by few other plants.

For New Varieties offered for the first time, vide page 8.

AVOCA, *vide* page 8.

BUTTERFLY, bright rose, striped with crimson in the upper petals, and blotched with rosy violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAMBODA, *vide* page 8.

CAPTIVE, rose, marked with pink in the upper petals, and feathered with carmine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CASSIDY, rose pink, with white centre, blotched in the upper petals very conspicuously with purplish crimson; a most attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CEDARO, deep rose, shaded with purple, upper petals feathered with crimson and white; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONSTANCE, mauve, striped with crimson in the upper petals; very distinct and pretty. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS, violet pink, feathered with bright red on the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, a splendid variety, freely producing its lovely flowers, which are of a beautiful mauve pink colour, and have the upper petals distinctly and attractively feathered with rich crimson; this charming variety is one of the best and most distinct of its class. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

FASCINATION, bluish white, the upper petals barred with maroon and feathered with crimson; a fine showy variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FELICIANO, *vide* page 8.

FLORINDA, an extremely pretty flower, of a very delicate pink colour, with white centre; the upper petals marked with purplish crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HASTIA, under petals blush white, upper petals blush, feathered with light rosy violet; distinct and pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

IDRA, *vide* page 8.

LEDA, rosy pink, with light centre, the upper petals richly feathered with dark violet crimson; a very fine variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARION, white tinted blush, the upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MEDINA, bright rosy lavender, with white centre; the upper petals marked with violet rose; a very pleasing flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINA, white; the under petals suffused with blush; the upper petals blotched with deep violet rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MORA, *vide* page 8.

NAIAD, lavender pink, a very delicate shade of colour; the upper petals ornamented with crimson feathering; a showy and attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PERA, delicate blush; the upper petals beautifully blotched and feathered with rich purplish crimson; a very fine variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TEKAPO, *vide* page 8.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

For New Varieties offered for the first time, vide pages 7 and 8.

ACASTUS, a distinct and pretty variety, producing white flowers with salmon centre. 5*s.*

ALBA PERFECTA, a free-flowering variety, producing enormous trusses of large and well-formed pure snowy white flowers. 5*s.*

AMPHILLA, a neat-habited variety, freely producing fine trusses of full double pure white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMPHITRITE, this variety produces nice compact trusses of alabaster white flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ANATOLE DE LA FORGE, very large trusses of fine full flowers, of the most beautiful brilliant carmine lake colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARETUSA, a magnificent variety, producing very fine large well-expanded flowers of a deep rich crimson scarlet colour; extremely attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ARVON, fine large flowers of a bright carmine-scarlet colour, occasionally striped with white; distinct and pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BOULE DE NEIGE, a beautiful variety, producing enormous trusses of full double flowers of a pure snowy whiteness; of dwarf habit, and very free blooming. 10*s.* 6*d.*

BRONTES, *vide* page 7.

CANDIDISSIMA PLENA, very large full and finely formed flowers of the most pure snowy whiteness, not becoming tinted with rose as the flowers get fully expanded. 5*s.*

CHARLES HOVEY, fine full flowers of a delicate blush colour, produced in immense trusses. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CHARLES VOGT, an attractive variety, producing immense trusses of rosy violet flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COMTE RAMPON, dark red flowers, very full and of fine form; trusses immense. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRATINUS, bright cerise scarlet, a very fine flower; trusses immense. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRÉMIEUX, orange red; a very attractive variety, producing enormous trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYBELE, *vide* page 7.

DÉPUTÉ ANCELON, this variety produces very large trusses of fine round well-formed flowers of a very dark magenta rose colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DÉPUTÉ BERLET, large trusses of very fine full flowers, of a rich carmine scarlet colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DÉPUTÉ VIOX, immense trusses of large fine flowers of a rich dark crimson colour, shaded with violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DR. JACOBY, an attractive variety, with enormous trusses of very large full flowers of a clear nankeen salmon colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ED. ABOUT, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear coppery red colour, paler towards the edges. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

ED. ANDRÉ, a very large flower of a bright red colour, deeper in the centre; all the flower shaded with lilac. 5*s.*

ELATHEUS, *vide* page 8.

ELFIN, this variety produces good compact trusses of pure white flowers. 5*s.*

EMILE DE GIRARDIN, a splendid variety, producing immense trusses of flowers of a beautiful rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERNEST LAUTH, a splendid variety, giving huge trusses of rich violet crimson flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

F. P. RASPAIL, a beautiful flower, of a rich bright crimson colour, trusses enormous; a very attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GAMBETTA, immense trusses of very large flowers of a deep rosy cerise colour. 5*s.*

GORDIUS, *vide* page 8.

HARMONIA, a fine variety, giving enormous globular trusses of very large full flowers of a light cerise colour, shaded with vermilion. 5*s.*

HEROINE, a free-flowering variety, producing immense trusses of fine, large and full, pure white flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

INDUS, rich bright scarlet; this variety is of good habit and free blooming. 5*s.*

JEAN DOLLFUS, very fine full flowers of a brilliant purplish violet colour; immense trusses; novel and distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JULES SIMON, a dwarf and very free-flowering variety, producing beautiful flowers of a clear rose colour; an excellent bedder. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LA CANDEUR, immense compact trusses of large flowers of a delicate blush colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA CONSTITUTION, brilliant orange salmon; one of the most beautiful flowers of this shade of colour; large and full. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LA LORRAINE, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of large flowers of a chamois salmon colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LE CENTENAIRE, reddish crimson shaded with violet; a fine large flower, very attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LE NORD EST, a fine full double flower of a very dark vermilion colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LITTRÉ, immense trusses of fine large flowers of a clear rosy violet colour, the upper petals marked with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOTHARIO, a fine variety, producing large trusses of full flowers of a bright scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LOUIS POIRIER, large globular trusses of fine full flowers of a beautiful salmon rose colour, with large bright orange centre. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME AMAURY DE CAZANOVE, a dwarf variety, producing large white flowers which are prettily tinted with clear mauve; very fresh and beautiful. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME AMÉLIE BALTET, an excellent variety producing very full and well-formed flowers of pure snowy whiteness; the trusses are of immense size and borne well above the foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME LA MARÉCHALE DE MACMAHON, a remarkably attractive and beautiful variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear fresh rose mauve colour with white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME LIERVAL, pearl white; the centre spotted with clear orange; very pretty. 5*s.*

MADAME THIERS, immense trusses of large and beautiful flowers of excellent form; white lightly shaded with rose at the decline of the flower; a very pretty variety. 5*s.*

MADEMOISELLE LÉONIE VAN HOUTTE, a magnificent variety, of dwarf habit and very free blooming; the flowers are of a soft apricot colour striped with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MAELSTROM, an extremely pretty flower of a deep salmon pink colour, lighter towards the edges of the petals. 5*s.*

MINOS, bright orange scarlet, fine large flowers, very full and double. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MIRABEAU, an effective variety producing immense trusses of large flowers of a brilliant scarlet colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

M. BÜCHLER, a distinct and attractive variety producing very fine flowers of a rich dark purplish crimson colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. DALLIÈRE, rich deep vermilion red; fine large flowers produced in strong trusses. 5*s.*

M. LAVIGNE, a fine flower of a rich and brilliant scarlet colour; very effective. 5*s.*

M. MACHET, fine large trusses of reddish orange flowers; the lower petals of which are marked with salmon rose; very distinct. 10*s.* 6*d.*

M. MALLER, a magnificent variety freely producing very large flowers of a dazzling scarlet colour; extremely showy and attractive. 5*s.*

M. PASTEUR, large globular trusses of rich red flowers shaded with orange; very showy. 10*s.* 6*d.*

M. PLAISANÇON, immense trusses of dark crimson purple flowers; a splendid variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NAMUR, a large flower of bright orange scarlet colour, tinted with lilac in the centre; extremely attractive. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

NYMPHE, white, slightly tinted with rose; very fine large full flowers produced in immense globular trusses. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PERLE, this variety produces beautifully formed full flowers of a soft satiny flesh colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PILGRIM, a very distinct and attractive variety, producing immense trusses of fine large flowers of a beautiful shade of deep violet rose colour. 5*s.*

PRECIOSA, a beautiful flower of a soft pink colour, of good form ; trusses immense. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRESIDENT LÉON SIMON, a vigorous growing variety, producing huge trusses of very large and full flowers, of a clear deep red colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRESIDENT RENOUARD, a fine flower of a bright carmine colour with light centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESSE DE LÉON, a large and fine flower of a very deep crimson colour. 5*s.*

PSYCHÉ, a fine variety producing very large semi-double flowers of a clear bright rose colour changing to carmine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PTERON, a dwarf-habited variety, producing fine flowers of a bright light scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SARPEDON, an attractive variety, producing fine full flowers of a deep pink colour, shaded with salmon and margined with blush. 7*s.* 6*d.*

SMUGGLER, rich carmine scarlet; a very fine large flower with broad petals; large truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

STENYO, *vide* page 8.

STUDENT, rich rosy scarlet, shaded with magenta ; a fine, large and full flower ; extremely showy and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TELEBO, blush, shaded with pink, bright salmon centre ; a very attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TOSILOS, a splendid variety, with large trusses of fine full flowers of a rich magenta crimson colour, shaded with scarlet ; habit dwarf and compact ; very fine. 5*s.*

TRITON, soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the flower ; trusses large and fine. 5*s.*

TYNDARUS, *vide* page 8.

VATINIUS, deep rich crimson, shaded with magenta, a most beautiful and attractive colour, flowers large and full. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VAUBAN, a fine flower, of a brilliant reddish crimson colour, shaded with amaranth and violet. 10*s.* 6*d.*

VICTOR HUGO, a fine variety producing enormous trusses of double flowers of an orange red colour, veined and marbled with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLET, a very free blooming variety, producing beautiful flowers of a violet crimson colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE WONDERFUL, a variety of good compact habit, producing fine trusses of large double pure white flowers of excellent form and substance. 2*s.* 6*d.*

XENOPHON, a splendid variety, producing huge trusses of very large and well-formed flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 9*s.*, 12*s. and* 18*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS.

ACHIEVEMENT, this very bright and rich variety is most refined in its marking, smooth, and is in every respect a superior kind, and is generally considered one of the most beautiful of the Golden Tricolors. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ACME, a great improvement on *Mrs. Pollock ;* the leaf margin bright lemon yellow, with a red zone, darkly banded, which strikingly contrasts with the green leaf disc. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BRIGHT STAR, an effective variety, with pure white edged leaves and scarlet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BRILLIANT, a very fine and distinct golden-coloured variety, with remarkably bright and richly-marked zone ; of good compact habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DOLLY VARDEN, a variety with finely-coloured foliage, having a dark zone splashed with bright carmine, and broad white margin. 3*s.* 6*d.*

E. H. REYNARD, a fine variety, with brilliant scarlet-flamed zone, and rich gold margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EMPRESS OF INDIA, an attractive variety of compact growth ; large round leaves with well-defined zone of dark chocolate and rosy carmine, and very pure white margin. 5*s.*

ENCHANTRESS, a free-growing variety ; the leaves have a well-defined dark zone, belted with carmine scarlet, and rich green disc. 2*s.* 6*d.*

E. R. BENYON, a brilliant and effective variety, with very rich and broad flame scarlet zone ; it is of free vigorous habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FLORENCE, large foliage with well-defined green centre, surrounded by a broad distinct zone fringed with dark crimson and maroon. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

GEM, light green leaf centre, dark bronzy zone flamed with reddish crimson, light golden margin; a very pretty variety. 5*s.*

GENERAL, small rich green leaf disc, broad zone of a dark bronzy maroon colour, flamed and shaded with rich reddish crimson, and margined with bright yellow. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HOWARTH ASHTON, a rich and beautifully marked variety, leaves of circular outline and great substance, with a rich golden margin, the disc surrounded with a small bronze zone, brilliantly suffused with flamed scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

J. B. DOWNIE, an attractive variety; the leaves have a rich deep black zone belted with crimson lake and margined with golden yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY DOROTHY NEVILLE, a pretty and attractive silver tricolor variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LASS'-O-GOWRIE, leaf margin white, with inner broad zone of brilliant carmine rose. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LUCY GRIEVE, rich velvety golden margined leaves, with broad zone of bright crimson on a bronze ground. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MACBETH, a very showy variety, with heavy zone and broad margin of golden yellow. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MARIE STUART, a really beautiful and distinct variety, with large well formed and richly coloured golden tricolor leaves. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MASTERPIECE, a showy variety; the leaves have a broad blackish zone ornamented with rich crimson lake. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAY QUEEN, a very fine variety, producing large trusses of pink flowers; foliage margined with pure white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MISS GORING, a very attractive variety, with richly flamed red zone, dark green disc, and golden leaf margin; very striking and effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MISS POND, a very effective variety, with bright crimson zone and broad white margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. COL. WILKINSON, leaves flat, with narrow zone of bright carmine, and white edge; a very pretty silver tricolor variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. DUNNETT, a splendid tricolor, of very compact habit, flat salver-shaped leaves, with intensely dark zone. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. GRIEVE, broad rich flame-crimson zone, with dark bronze bars and golden leaf margin; a free and effective variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. HEADLEY, a splendid golden tricolor variety, maintaining its great beauty during the whole season; the colouring is very bright, and well defined. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. H. LITTLE, an exceedingly beautiful, rich, and distinct variety; golden margin, with broad well defined zone of rich flamed scarlet; vigorous and compact habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. JOHN MARSHALL, large smooth leaves margined with pure silver; bronze and carmine-lake zone; an excellent variety, of good compact habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. MASTERS, a robust and strong-growing variety; the leaves are margined with creamy white; the dark zone is surrounded with beautiful bright rosy carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PETER GRIEVE, a variety with rich gold-margined leaves, of correct outline, brilliantly zoned with flamed scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF WALES, one of the finest tricolors ever offered, of most vigorous habit, and intensely brilliant colours. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, a useful and effective bedding variety; foliage margined with pure white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, leaf margin sulphur, zone of rich magenta and black, foliage ample, habit free and compact; a truly beautiful variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SALAMANDER, a golden tricolor variety, of very free growth, with bright red zone, retaining its gay colours during the summer and winter months. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STANSTEAD BRIDE, a variety of vigorous habit; the leaves have a black zone, rich lake border and pure white margin. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SUNSHINE, neat round leaves with small green disc, and rich broad dark zone brilliantly flamed with rich bright crimson; golden yellow margin. 5*s.*

WILLIAM SANDY, an excellent golden tricolor bedding variety, with brightly coloured foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B's *general collection at* 12*s.* *and* 18*s. per dozen.*

PELARGONIUMS,
SWEET-SCENTED LEAVED KINDS,

12*s.*, 18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS.

ACIS, a splendid variety of vigorous and compact habit, fine round smooth leaves of a bright gold ground colour, with distinct and striking intense crimson zone ; exceedingly handsome. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMBASSADOR, flowers round and perfect in shape, of a rich vermilion colour ; foliage gold, with bronzy crimson zone ; very showy and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANTAGONIST, a splendid variety with fine bold foliage ; ground colour rich yellow, with a broad dark chocolate zone ; the flowers are of a rich crimson colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARCHETTE, an exceedingly effective variety, the rich golden tint of its ample foliage being relieved by a profusion of pink flowers, with light marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AUSPICIOUS, a variety with small neat foliage, of a yellow ground colour, with broad dark bronze zone ; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BRUIN, a variety with beautifully marked neat compact foliage ; the leaf has a small round yellow disc, very broad dark chestnut zone, and narrow margin of bright yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CELEBES, a very good variety, with attractive foliage of a rich bright golden ground colour, ornamented with a broad and distinct cinnamon coloured zone. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAMON, nice round smooth foliage, the leaf disc pure yellow, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson and margined with bright yellow ; a very showy and useful variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIAN, an exceedingly attractive variety, with pure golden coloured foliage, freely producing pretty flowers of a deep rosy pink colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERASMUS, splendid foliage of a golden yellow ground colour, with exceedingly rich bronzy crimson zone ; flowers deep crimson, with distinct white eye ; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EVELINE, leaf disc bright yellow, surrounded with a rich bronzy crimson zone, and margined with golden yellow. 5*s.*

GIDOUR, a very prettily marked variety, of neat and compact habit ; the ground colour of the leaf is pale yellow, and the zone of an extremely dark bronzy hue. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JESSICA, bright golden disc, surrounded with a very dark bronzy crimson zone, edged with bright yellow, leaves round and smooth ; a very useful and effective variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LAURA, very dark bronze zone on a light yellow ground ; beautiful light pink flowers with white marking on the upper petals ; fine large truss. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEONIE, this variety is of bold free growth, with very fine rich golden foliage zoned with cinnamon ; the flowers are large and of good shape, colour a light rosy scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LILLIA, this variety produces fine well-formed flowers of a lovely bright pink peach colour ; the foliage is of a rich golden ground colour, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LYCURGUS, centre of leaf rich yellow ; zone very broad, and of a dark bronze colour ; very wide yellow margin ; a bold habited and effective variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGWITCH, rich scarlet flowers of good shape and size ; small round gold leaf disc, surrounded by an immense rich chocolate zone and narrow margin of bright yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OPAL, beautiful light salmon-coloured flowers, freely produced in large trusses, and contrasting well with the foliage, which is of a light yellow ground, with dark bronzy chocolate zone. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ORESTES, this variety is remarkable on account of its intensely dark bronzy crimson zone, which is very broad and effective ; the centre of the leaf and the margin are pure yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PASHA, a beautiful variety, of compact habit, with fine large smooth leaves, the ground colour rich golden yellow, forming an admirable contrast with the attractive bronzy crimson zone. 3*s.* 6*d.*

QUEEN MAB, leaves round, smooth, of perfect form, and of a light golden yellow colour ; the flowers are of a pleasing light pink shade, and produced in great profusion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SABINE, a beautiful variety, with neat foliage ; yellow centre, surrounded with wide dark bronze zone, and a narrow yellow margin. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SECRET, a very distinct and pretty variety, leaves of a bright golden ground colour, with dark reddish brown zone, surrounded with a narrow but effective golden yellow margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THEOBALD, a fine showy variety, with rich foliage ; deep golden centre ; narrow zone of bright bronzy crimson ; broad margin of pure bright yellow. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VERONA, a free-flowering variety, giving immense trusses of fine large rich pink flowers, which are borne well above the clear yellow leaves ; it is most effective for bedding. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ZILLAH, fine showy foliage ; golden disc, surrounded with a broad rich bronzy zone ; distinctly marked yellow margin. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection, at* 9*s.*, 12*s. and* 18*s. per dozen.*

TREE FERNS.

Of these majestic plants the stock is very large. They have stems varying in height from 1 foot to 10 feet, and having been imported from Australia and New Zealand, they are such as will succeed well in any ordinary greenhouse. Their fine graceful habit and singularly distinct appearance render them peculiarly adapted for the decoration of conservatories. They range in price according to sorts, sizes, and strength of the specimens. It may, however, be as well to remark that they are not merely newly imported trunks, but well established plants with fine heads; many of them having been grown in this country several years.

Prices on application, or an inspection invited.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
1	Dicksonia antarctica	2 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
2	,, ,,	2 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
3	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 1 in.
4	,, ,,	4 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.
5	,, ,,	4 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
6	,, ,,	4 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
7	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
8	,, ,,	2 ft. 11 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
9	,, ,,	3 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
10	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 9 in.
11	,, ,,	4 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
12	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
13	,, ,,	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
14	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
15	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
16	,, ,,	8 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
17	,, ,,	4 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
18	,, ,,	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
19	,, ,,	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
20	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.
21	,, ,,	2 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.
22	,, ,,	5 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
23	,, ,,	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
24	,, ,,	6 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.
25	,, ,,	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
26	,, ,,	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
27	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	4 ft. 6 in.
28	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 8 in.
29	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
30	,, ,,	2 ft. 11 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
31	,, ,,	6 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
32	,, ,,	1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.
33	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
34	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
35	,, ,,	2 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.
36	,, ,,	4 ft.	3 ft.
37	,, ,,	4 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.
38	,, ,,	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.

CYATHEA SMITHII. CYATHEA DEALBATA.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.

TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
39	Dicksonia antarctica	5 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.
40	,, ,,	6 ft. 7 in.	4 ft.
41	,, ,,	3 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
42	,, ,,	6 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
43	,, ,,	11 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
44	,, ,,	9 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.
45	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
46	,, ,,	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
47	,, ,,	5 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
48	,, ,,	3 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
49	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
50	,, ,,	6 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
51	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
52	,, ,,	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
53	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
54	,, ,,	2 ft. 7 in.	3 ft.
55	,, ,,	6 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
56	,, ,,	5 ft.	3 ft.
57	,, ,,	7 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
58	,, ,,	5 ft.	4 ft.
59	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
60	,, ,,	9 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.
61	,, ,,	6 ft. 5 in.	3 ft.
62	,, ,,	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
63	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
64	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
65	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
66	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
67	,, ,,	6 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.
68	,, ,,	5 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
69	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
70	Dicksonia squarrosa	7 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
71	Alsophila Leichardtiana	7 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
72	Cyathea dealbata	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
73	,, ,,	5 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
74	,, ,,	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.
75	,, ,,	4 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
76	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	2 ft.
77	,, ,,	8 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.
78	,, ,,	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
79	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft.
80	,, ,,	4 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
81	,, ,,	2 ft.	2 ft.
82	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.

TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
83	Cyathea dealbata	2 ft. 5 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
84	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
85	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.
86	,, ,,	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
87	,, ,,	7 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
88	,, ,,	5 ft.	3 ft.
89	,, ,,	2 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.
90	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
91	,, ,,	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft.
92	,, ,,	2 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
93	,, ,,	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
94	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
95	,, ,,	2 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
96	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
97	,, ,,	5 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.
98	Cyathea dealbata foliosa	3 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
99	Cyathea Smithii	5 ft. 7 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
100	,, ,,	7 ft. 5 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
101	Cyathea Burkei	7 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
102	,, ,,	7 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
103	,, ,,	4 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
104	Cyathea Dregei	3 ft. 1 in.	2 ft.
105	,, ,,	5 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
106	,, ,,	5 ft.	3 ft.
107	,, ,,	3 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
108	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
109	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft.
110	,, ,,	5 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
111	Cyathea medullaris	6 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 6 in.

CHOICE STOVE FERNS.

Mr. William Bull's general collection of these elegant decorative plants is of considerable extent, and comprises kinds that are moderate in price, as well as many that are extremely rare and unique.

Selections for the Stove can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen; when taken by the hundred, say in 50 sorts, £10, the selection would include many new and expensive kinds.

ADIANTUM AMABILE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BELLUM**, *vide* page 3.
ADIANTUM CARDIOCHLÆNA, 5*s.*
—— **CAUDATUM**, 5*s.*

ADIANTUM CILIATUM.

A very fine Maidenhair, somewhat resembling *A. caudatum*, but its fronds are double the size of those of that variety, with the pinnæ boldly cut or fringed, and the colour is also brighter. It is of elegant growth, and well suited for hanging baskets or other decorative purposes. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ADIANTUM CONCINNUM, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CURVATUM**, 5*s.*
ADIANTUM CONCINNUM LATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM FARLEYENSE.

The most magnificent variety of this handsome family ; the fronds are of the size and form of *A. trapeziforme*, but pendent, and all the large pinnules are deeply fringed and crisped. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ADIANTUM GRACILLIMUM.

A most elegant and distinct Fern, with very light and graceful fronds ; the multiplicity of minute pinnules and almost invisible ramifications of the rachis impart to the plant a peculiarly charming appearance ; the texture of the fronds, which are about a foot long and 8 to 9 inches across, is thin and fragile, and the colour is a very pale yellowish-tinted olive green. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM GHIESBREGHTII (SCUTUM), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HENDERSONI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENSLOVIANUM (SESSILIFOLIUM)**, 5*s.*
—— **LUNULATUM**, 5*s.*
ADIANTUM MACROPHYLLUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PENTADACTYLON**, 5*s.*
—— **PERUVIANUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5s.
—— **SANCTÆ CATHERINÆ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SEEMANNI**, 5*s.*
—— **TINCTUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ADIANTUM TETRAPHYLLUM GRACILE. For description and price, *vide* page 118.

ADIANTUM TETRAPHYLLUM GRACILE.

A handsome stove Fern, sent by one of my collectors from the United States of Colombia. It is of moderate stature, and remarkable for the beautiful reddish tint assumed by its fronds when first developed, and continuing until they are fairly expanded. The fronds are bipinnate, on slender black stipes, arching over elegantly at the top, and dividing into from 4 to 6 pinnæ, which are linear, parallel-sided, 6 to 8 inches long, and terminate in a long lobe which is diminished to the point. The pinnules are nearly equal sided above and below, the part next the rachis cut off parallel therewith, and the end cut off obliquely. The upper and less fully fertile pinnules are serrated towards the tip, while the pinnules in the sterile fronds are more curved or sub-falcate in outline. The red colour of the young fronds adds very much to the ornamental aspect of the plant, which is moreover of an elegant mode of growth. For illustration, *vide* page 117. 1 guinea.

ADIANTUM TRAPEZIFORME, 5*s*.
—— **WILSONI**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS, 1*s*. 6*d*. and 2*s*. 6*d*.

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS TESSELLATA.

A pleasing variety of the stove flowering Fern, *Anemidictyon Phyllitidis*, remarkable for its reticulated variegation. It has, like its prototype, dimorphous fronds, which are ternately branched, the two lateral branches being erect, contracted, and fertile, and the terminal branch leafy, spreading, and sterile. The latter are pinnate, with broad obliquely ovate pinnæ. The venation of this Fern is reticulated in elongated meshes pointing towards the apex, and the course of the veins is indicated by a line of dark green, while the areolæ is of a paler green. Sometimes in addition there is a band of pale bright green along the centre of the pinnæ, while the rest is either dark green or reticulated. Introduced from Brazil. 7*s*. 6*d*.

ASPLENIUM BELANGERI, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **CICUTARIUM**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **FERNANDEZIANUM**, 5*s*.
—— **HETEROCHROUM**, 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **PROLONGATUM**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **SHEPHERDII**, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.

ASPLENIUM, of sorts, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
BLECHNUM BRASILIENSE, 3*s*. 6*d*. & 5*s*.
—— **POLYPODIOIDES**, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
CYATHEA (CIBOTIUM) PRINCEPS, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **PUBESCENS**, *vide* page 4.

DAVALLIA MOOREANA.

This most beautiful Fern is a native of Borneo. The stipes are quite smooth and pale coloured. The fronds are from 2 to 3 feet long, and from 1 to 2 feet wide at the base, triangular and pointed, of a graceful arching habit of growth, and most elegantly cut into a multitude of small blunt oblique soriferous segments; their colour is a pale green, and they are very remarkable for the dotted appearance presented by the upper surface from the prominence of the sori. 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

DAVALLIA HEMIPTERA, 5*s*.
—— **PARVULA**, 5*s*.

DAVALLIA PENTAPHYLLA, 5*s*.
—— **POLYANTHA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

DAVALLIA TENUIFOLIA STRICTA.

An extremely elegant free-growing Fern. 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

DAVALLIA (HUMATA) TYERMANNI.

One of the most beautiful of all the Hare's-foot Ferns, of dwarf compact habit, having rich dark green fronds. The rhizomes are slender, and densely clothed with large silvery white chaffy scales, which contrast charmingly with the deep green of the fronds. 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

DIPLAZIUM ARNOTTII.

A stout free-growing arborescent Fern from the Sandwich Islands. The fronds are of a broad or triangular outline, the pinnæ oblong acuminate, and the pinnules of the same form and cut into close-set lobes, bearing the duplex sori which are characteristic of Diplazium. It is a large-growing plant, well adapted for clothing masses of bold rockwork in warm plant houses. 10*s*. 6*d*.

GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYLLUM.

A very distinct and interesting stove Fern, well suited for basket culture. It has widely creeping rhizomes, which are clothed with scales on the younger portions, and from which spring the simple coriaceous oblong-lanceolate fronds, which are of a deep glaucous green colour on the upper surface, silvery beneath, and rather conspicuously veined. An illustration of this plant was given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for July 4th, 1874. 5*s*.

GONIOPHLEBIUM SUBAURICULATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GYMNOGRAMMA CALOMELANOS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
GYMNOGRAMMA CHRYSOPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DECOMPOSITA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA LAUCHEANA.

The best Gold Fern in cultivation, and highly esteemed for decorative purposes. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA MERTENSII DOBROYDENSIS.

A new form of Gold Fern, with the shortish triangular fronds, and irregular-shaped pinnules of *G. Mertensii*, densely clothed with golden powder beneath, and partially so on the upper surface of the younger fronds. 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA PERUVIANA ARGYROPHYLLA.

Beautifully silvered above and below the fronds, and of neat and compact habit. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA WETENHALLIANA.

An exceedingly handsome species, richly powdered with sulphur, and having the ends of the fronds finely tasselled. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GYMNOTHECA RADDIANA.

A noble Brazilian stove Fern of the Marattiaceous order, and one of the plants included in *Marattia cicutæfolia* by some authors. It has a large purplish brown root-stock, formed by the imbricating stipuliform bases of the stout fleshy stipites, and produces ample bipinnate bright glossy green fronds, the pinnæ of which are lanceolate, and the pinnules linear with the posterior base cordate, the anterior base truncate, and the apex acuminate, while the margin is distinctly serrated with sharp even teeth. This plant can be recommended as being of noble and ornamental character. 2 and 3 guineas.

LASTREA QUINQUANGULARE.

A very handsome ornamental Fern. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOMARIA GIBBA.

This is one of the most beautiful and useful Ferns in cultivation, and admirably adapted for exhibition or decorative purposes. 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LYGODIUM SCANDENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII, *vide* page 120.
MICROLEPIA HIRTA CRISTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

NEPHRODIUM TRUNCATUM.

An elegant free-growing subarborescent stove Fern introduced from the Sandwich Islands. It is well figured by Gaudichaud in his account of the plants of Freycinet's voyage, and is quite distinct from the *N. truncatum (abruptum)* of gardens. It has a short erect caudex, with smooth green stipes. The fronds are large, lanceolate-ovate in outline, palish green in colour, of a firm membranaceous texture, and are chiefly remarkable in the pinnato-pinnatifid series for their elegantly wavy surface. 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEPHROLEPIS ENSIFOLIA.

A pretty Fern for suspended baskets. 5*s.*

NEPHROLEPIS PECTINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PHLEBODIUM GLAUCUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PLATYCERIUM GRANDE, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

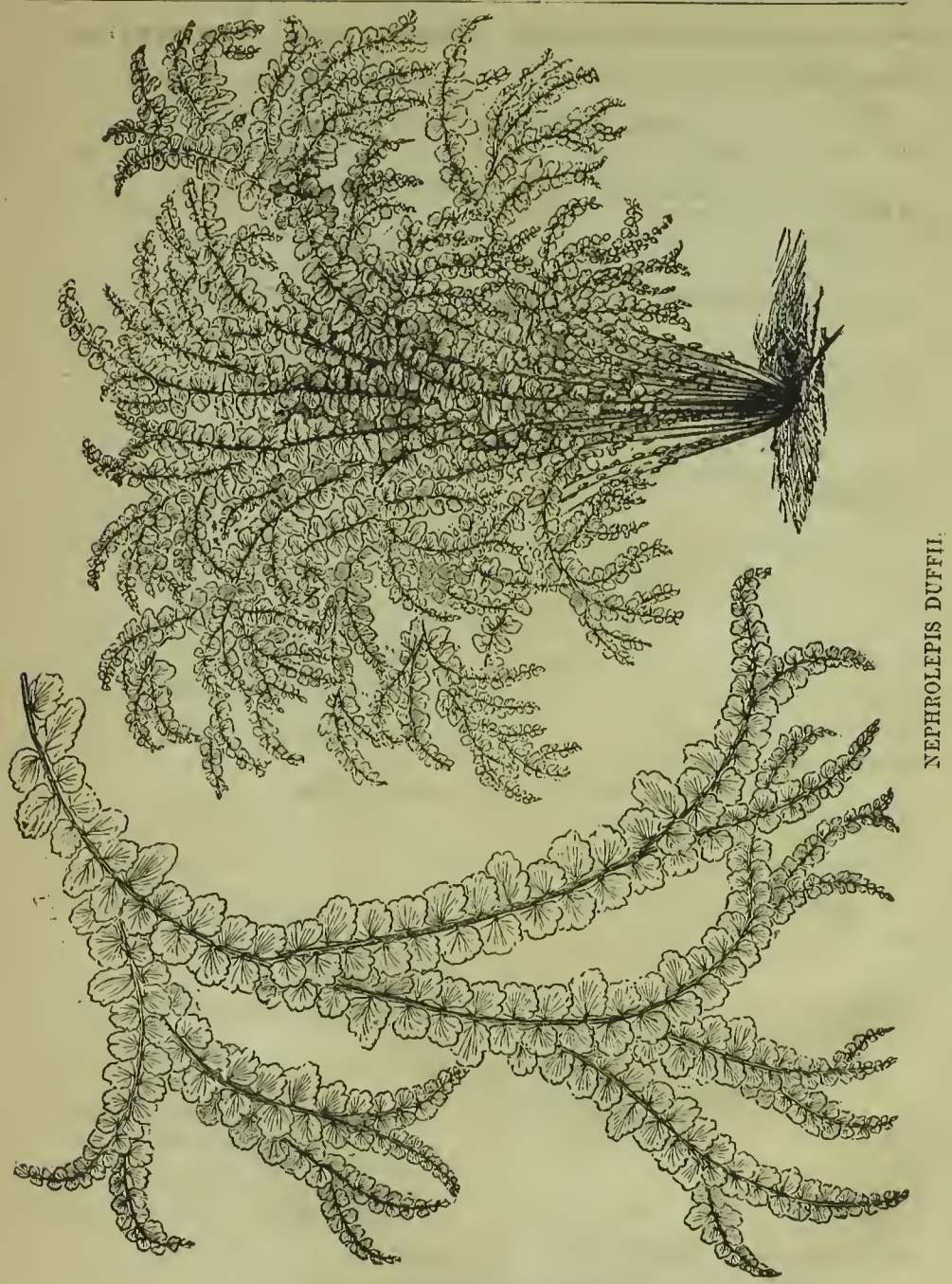
PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA.

This remarkably handsome stove Fern is of arborescent habit. The fronds are as broad as long, triangular, and tripinnate in the basal pinnæ. The pinnules appear deflexed from being set on below the surface of the rachides, which thus appear raised and produce a kind of ridge and furrow appearance. The ordinary pinnules are cut into ovate or oblong-toothed lobes, the sinuses being reflexed, which gives a crisped appearance to the surface. The specimens now offered were imported from the Philippine Islands, but it is found also in India, China, the Moluccas, and in some of the Pacific Islands. For illustration, *vide* page 121. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PTERIS BIAURITA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
PTERIS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SADLERIA CYATHEOIDES.

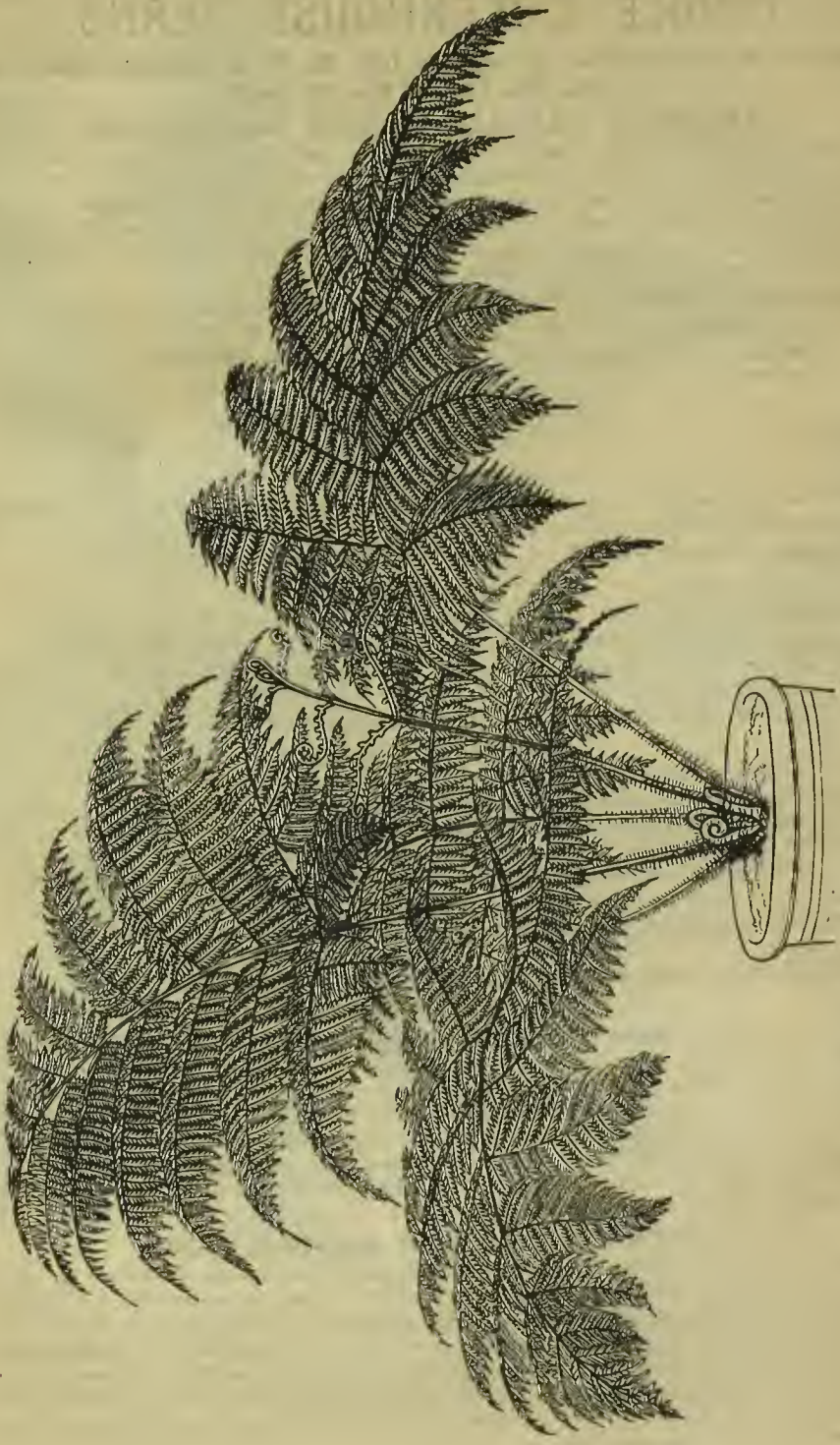
A very handsome Tree Fern of moderate stature, introduced from the Sandwich Islands. The fronds are bold and of coriaceous texture, the pinnæ cut down to the rachis into numerous linear pinnules. The sori form a continuous line on each side of the midrib, in the way of *Blechnum*, to which genus it is closely related, differing technically in the fact of the veins forming a series of costal arches. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in 1876. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.



NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII.

NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII.

A very distinct and remarkable Fern, from Duke of York Island. It is a stove plant, of a close tufted habit of growth, throwing out long thread-like stolones on which young plants are developed, and producing numerous fronds of a very peculiar character and exceedingly ornamental. The fronds, which have a charmingly drooping habit, are pinnate, with small rounded or flabellate pinnæ, which have the peculiarity of growing two together from the same point, and are crenate at the edges. *7s. 6d.* and *10s. 6d.*



PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA. For description and price, *vide* page 119.

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS MAGNIFICUM.

The fronds of this really useful and attractive Fern are much larger than those of *A. Capillus-Veneris*, being from 12 to 15 inches long by 4 inches broad, and curving over the sides of the pot. The pinnæ are of a beautiful soft green, and are almost as large as those of *A. farleyense*, and, like that variety, they gracefully overlap each other with finely incised and fringed edges. The chief value of this plant is its hardiness and adaptability to the temperature of the greenhouse, whereas *A. farleyense* can only be cultivated in a stove. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS - VENERIS DAPHNITES, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CUNEATUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DECORUM**, 5*s.*
ADIANTUM FORMOSUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ALSOPHILA AUSTRALIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BALANTIUM CULCITA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALSOPHILA CAPENSIS.

Trunks of various sizes, 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea.

CIBOTIUM REGALE.

An exceedingly beautiful Fern, very remarkable from the stems and young fronds having a thick silky covering of pale yellow hair-like scales. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 116.
CYATHEA DREGEI, *vide* page 116.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

The Silver Fern of New Zealand. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea. For large plants, *vide* pages 115 & 116.

CYATHEA MEDULLARIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SMITHII**, 1 to 2 guineas. *Vide* also page 116.
CYRTOMIUM FORTUNEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAVALLIAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* For large plants, *vide* pages 113 to 115.
—— **SQUARROSA**, *vide* page 115.

DICKSONIA YOUNGIÆ.

A fine arborescent Fern, with the general aspect of *D. squarrosa*. Its trunk is clothed at the summit with the numerous bristly scales which densely clothe the base of the castaneous stipes, and the blade of the frond, which is oblong-deltoid, is tripinnately divided. The pinnæ are fully a foot long, oblong-lanceolate; the pinnules two or three inches long, lanceolate and subsessile, their segments being also lanceolate and close set, the sterile ones toothed and the fertile ones deeply incise-pinnatifid, with six to eight sori on each segment. It is a native of New South Wales. 1 and 1½ guinea.

LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA, *vide* page 6.
LITOBROCHIA VESPERTILIONIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LOMARIA GIBBA, *vide* page 119.
—— **CYCADÆFOLIA**, 5*s.*
—— **ZAMIÆFOLIA**, 5*s.*

LOMARIA DALGAIRNSIÆ.

A very fine Fern of arborescent habit, possibly a form of *L. Boryana (magellanica)* and having something the aspect of that arborescent variety of this species which bears the name of *L. zamioides*. It has a blackish trunk, shaggy at the apex; subcoriaceous fronds and lanceolate acute pinnæ, dark green on the upper surface and paler beneath. It has been introduced from South Africa, and is a free-growing vigorous plant in a greenhouse temperature, and therefore a valuable acquisition. In the absence of fertile fronds, its glabrous surface and confluent upper pinnæ point to the plant published by Dr. Pappe under the name here adopted. For illustration, *vide* page 123. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas; a few very handsome plants at 3 guineas each.

LOMARIA DISCOLOR BIPINNATIFIDA.

This beautiful Fern is certainly one of the most handsome of the Lomarias yet introduced. It is of symmetrical habit, its broad sterile fronds rise evenly from the crown, spread outwards in all directions, and arch in an exceedingly graceful manner. Their pinnæ are closely set, so that their parts overlap each other, and are divided to the mid-rib, the segments being very much toothed and somewhat crisped, which gives the fronds an elegantly fringed appearance. This was one of the twelve new plants with which Mr. W. Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in September, 1876. The specimens offered have been imported from Victoria, and are of various sizes. Prices on application.

LOMARIA DALGAIRNSIÆ. For description and price, *vide* page 122.

MICROLEPIA ANTHRISCIFOLIA.

An elegant South African Fern of remarkably free growth, the creeping rhizomes throwing off an abundance of quadripinnate fronds, which resemble those of *Cheilanthes elegans* in their numerous and finely cut divisions, while their more ample size, velvety texture, and soft green colour, give a delightful effect to the whole plant. 5*s*.

NEPHRODIUM MOLLE CRISTATUM, 5*s*. | **NEPHRODIUM MOLLE RAMOSUM**, 5*s*.

OSMUNDA PALUSTRIS.

A handsome evergreen warm greenhouse Fern, very closely resembling our native Royal Fern in its general style of growth, but differing in the fronds being persistent through the winter, which adds very much to its desirable qualities. The fronds are bipinnate, with the leaflets oblong and obtuse, the stipes and raches tinted of a reddish-brown colour. It is a native of Brazil. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ONYCHIUM JAPONICUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
POLYPODIUM TRICHODES (LASTREA TENERICAULIS), 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* & 7*s.* 6*d.*
PTERIS ARGYREA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CRETICA ALBO-LINEATA**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TREMULA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **UMBROSA CRISTATA**, *vide* page 7.
—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA.

A pretty greenhouse evergreen Fern, which probably owes its origin to an accidental cross between *P. serrulata cristata* and *P. cretica albo-lineata.* The sterile fronds are pinnate, with the lower pinnæ forked ; they are sharply toothed at the edge, sometimes tasselled at the tips, and marked with a white band down the mid-rib ; the fertile fronds are similar in division but taller and narrower, with a gracefully drooping character, and multifidly tasselled at the apices of the pinnæ. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

PTERIS SERRULATA FIMBRIATA.

A very distinct and beautiful variety of *P. serrulata.* The ends of each pinnule are beautifully tasselled, the tassels themselves being delicately fringed or frilled, which adds much to the ornamental character of the plant. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

THAMNOPTERIS (NEOTTOPTERIS) AUSTRALASICA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) INTERMEDIA, 2 and 3 guineas.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) HYMENOPHYLLOIDES.

This pretty New Zealand Filmy Fern, commonly called *Todea pellucida*, can be supplied in nice plants at 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA.

Any attempt at description must fall far short of conveying an adequate notion of the exquisite beauty of this lovely Fern, which is unquestionably one of the most handsome yet known. It should be seen to be justly appreciated.

The fronds, which are 15 to 18 inches in length, are of a bright green, of transparent texture and of a lanceolate outline, spreading, beautifully arching and feathered down to the very base ; the pinnæ are crowded and cut into narrow segments, which, instead of lying flat, as in *Todea hymenophylloides*, are turned upwards, giving the frond a frilled surface, and producing an effect distinct from that of any Fern in cultivation.

This is probably the most beautiful of all the dwarf-growing New Zealand Ferns. Fine plants, 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea.

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS—Continued.

TRICHOMANES RADICANS.

(THE IRISH BRISTLE FERN OR KILLARNEY FERN.)

This is a British species, but it must, as far as culture is concerned, be included among the greenhouse kinds, as it is almost impossible to succeed with it if treated as an ordinary hardy Fern. 10*s.* 6*d.*

WOODWARDIA RADICANS CRISTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW HARDY FERN.

ATHYRIUM FILIX-FŒMINA APICALE.

A dwarf crested form of considerable beauty, well deserving a place in collections of hardy Ferns. It grows about 6 inches in height, and has the fronds very much divided, the apices of the several divisions ending in a tasselled or cristate head of curled segments. It is one of the smaller and more elegant varieties of this very polymorphous Fern. 5*s.*

CHOICE HARDY FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS).

G, greenhouse ; *H*, hardy ; *S*, stove.

	s.	*d.*
S **AFRICANA** (Vogelii)	2	6
S **ALBO-SPICA**	2	6
S **APUS** (APODA)	1	6
S **ATROVIRIDIS**	2	6
S **BELLULA**, *vide* page 7.		
S **BROWNII**	2	6
S **CONFERTA**	2	6
S **CONVOLUTA** (paradoxa)	2	6
S **CUSPIDATA** (circinalis)	2	6
S **DELICATISSIMA** (microphylla)	2	6
S **ERYTHROPUS** (umbrosa)	2	6
S **FILICINA** (dichrous)	2	6
S **GALEOTTII** (Schottii)	2	6
S **INÆQUALIFOLIA** 1*s.* 6*d.* &	2	6
H **JAPONICA**	3	6
G **KRAUSSIANA** (denticulata)	1	6
G **KRAUSSIANA VARIEGATA**	2	6
S **LÆVIGATA** (cæsia arborea)	3	6
S **LEPIDOPHYLLA** 3*s.* 6*d.* &	5	0
S **LOBBII**	2	6
S **LYALLII**	3	6
S **MARTENSII**	1	6
S —— **ALBO-VARIEGATA**	2	6
S **POULTERI**	2	6
S **RUBRICAULIS**	2	6
S **SERPENS** (mutabilis and variabilis)	1	6
S **SETOSA**	3	6
S **TRIANGULARIS**	2	6
S **UNCINATA** (cæsia)	1	6
S **WALLICHII**	3	6
G **WILDENOVII** (pubescens)	2	6

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLA VICTORIÆ.

An elegant sub-scandent species, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has a creeping caudex, from which at intervals springs up an erect stem, which lengthens by forming new growths at the point ; these stems produce alternate lateral branches of an ovate outline, flat and closely pinnate, like the frond of a Fern. The colour is a dark sap green, the spikelets and young growth being of a paler and lighter hue. It is allied to *S. Wallichii*, but is a still more elegant plant, and differs essentially in having a long terminal pinnulet to each branch, instead of diminishing gradually to the end. For illustration, *vide* page 126. 10*s.* 6*d.*

SELAGINELLA VICTORIÆ.

For description and price, *vide* page 125.

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS.

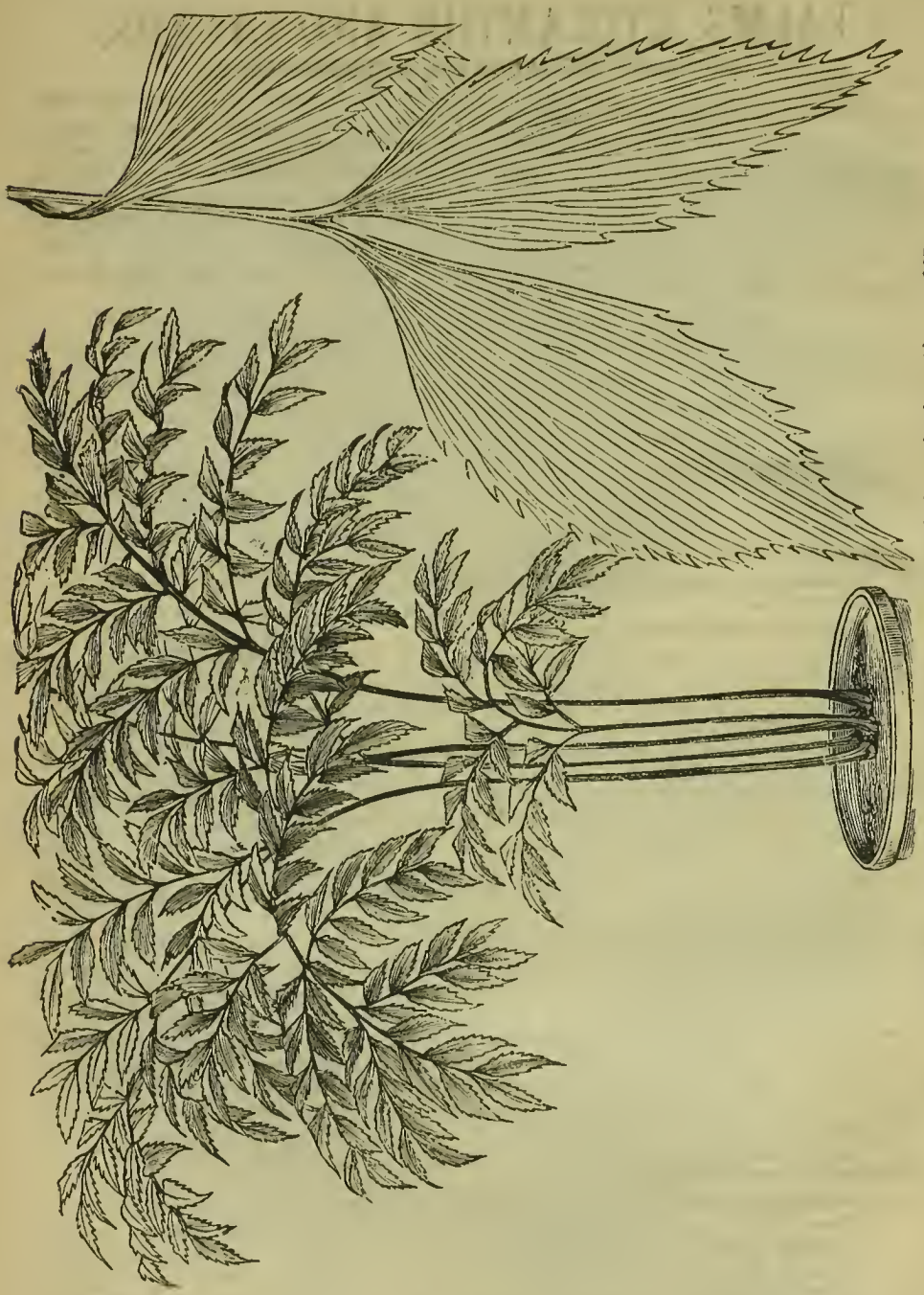
Including ENCEPHALARTOS, MACROZAMIA, &c.

The Palms constitute the most noble family in the vegetable kingdom, and afford sufficient diversity of character to allow of selections being made from them for the greenhouse, stove, or conservatory, to either of which Palms impart a richer tropical appearance than any other plants. Some of the miniature dwarf-growing kinds are, from their light and graceful forms, admirably adapted for table decoration, for vases, or for almost every purpose in which ornamentation is desired. The more hardy and larger kinds can be used for sub-tropical gardening, to which they impart a most luxuriant grandeur, evidence of which has been given at Battersea Park, and in other places where Palms have been used.

Selections of Stove Palms, at 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.
Selections for the Greenhouse, at 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.
Larger specimens, from 2, 3, 4 and 5 to 10 guineas each.

Those marked with an asterisk are kinds that will succeed in a greenhouse.

ACANTHOPHŒNIX (ARECA) CRINITA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— HERBSTII ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
ARECA ALBA ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— AUREA, a fine and graceful Palm, with yellowish stems ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— BAUERI (Seaforthia robusta) ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— CRINITA, *vide* Acanthophœnix crinita.
—— HERBSTII, *vide* Acanthophœnix Herbstii.
—— LUTESCENS ..... 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— MADAGASCARIENSIS ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— NENGA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— RUBRA ..... 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SAPIDA ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— TRIANDRA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— VERSCHAFFELTII, *vide* Hyophorbe Verschaffeltii.
ARENGA SACCHARIFERA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
ASTROCARYUM ARGENTEUM, a fine silver-leaved Palm, from the United States of Colombia. The stalks and the under surface of the leaves are covered with a fine white scurf, which gives them a silvered appearance. The leaves are arching, wedge-shaped and bilobed, distinctly plicate, and of a bright green colour on the upper surface, which contrasts strongly with the whitened under surface. One of the best of the so-called Silver Palms. 1½ and 2 guineas.
—— DECORUM, *vide* page 3.
—— FILARE, this very distinct and elegant Palm, which is comparatively of small and slender growth, is an introduction from the States of Colombia. The leaves are erect and narrowly cuneate, with two divergent lobes. The petioles are thickly covered with white scurf, both on the upper and under surfaces ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea.
—— GRANATENSE, a distinct Palm from the United States of Colombia. It has brownish-looking leaf-stalks, which latter are armed with numerous scattered needle-shaped dark-coloured spines. The leaves themselves are pinnately parted, with oblong acuminate segments, and the rachis is spiny, like the petiole, both on the upper and lower surfaces ... 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MALYBO ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
—— TENUIFOLIUM ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
BOWENIA SPECTABILIS ..... 2 and 3 guineas
—— —— SERRULATA. This is a most distinct and remarkable plant, Bowenia being the only known Cycad having bipinnate fronds. It has a short thick caudex, from the crowns of which are developed its large and singularly handsome leaves. The petioles are long, slender, roundish, and of a dark green colour; the lamina is bipinnatisect and spreading, the pinnules are firm in texture, differing materially from the typal and only other known Bowenia in having their margins distinctly and prettily toothed or serrated. Any description must fail to give an adequate idea of the distinct and striking character of this ornamental Australian plant. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Carlisle in 1877, and the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 128..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea



BOWENIA SPECTABILIS SERRULATA. For description and price, *vide* page 127.

*BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA (*Pritchardia filifera*), this new Palm has been introduced from Lower California ; it will succeed admirably in the greenhouse, and may probably prove hardy in some sheltered localities. It is of graceful habit and quick growth. The leaves are palmatifid, with numerous divisions of whitish filaments ; the leaf-stalks are long, with brownish yellow spines .....small plants, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.* ; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

CALAMUS ADSPERSUS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **CILIARIS** ..... 1, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— **MICRANTHUS** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **ROXBURGHII** ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **SPECIOSUS** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea

CALYPTRONOMA SWARTZII, an elegant pinnate-leaved Palm from the lower regions of the interior hills in Jamaica. The trunk is spineless, with unequally pinnatisected leaves, the segments of which are linear-acuminate, green, and glabrous. It has the flowers and staminal tube of *Geonoma*, and produces sub-angular one-seeded fruit. It is a useful and pretty Palm for decorative purposes ..... 1 guinea

CARLUDOVICA DRUDEI, *vide* page 4.
—— **PALMATA**, a very grand and useful Cyclanth ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
CARYOTA SOBOLIFERA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **URENS** ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CATAKIDOZAMIA HOPEI, a remarkably distinct and fine Cycadaceous plant, introduced from Queensland. It has an ovate trunk clothed with thick broad-based scales. The leaves are of a dark green colour, somewhat recurved, with a stout petiole and rachis, and very thick leathery crowded leaflets, linear-lanceolate in form, and having a broad flattened decurrent base, those situated near the base of the leaf being more or less convergent. It is a distinct and well-marked plant ..... 5 guineas
—— **MACLEAYI**.....
CATOBLASTUS MONTANUS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
CERATOZAMIA FUSCO-VIRIDIS, *vide* page 4.

***CEROXYLON ANDICOLA**, this Palm produces the South American Palm Wax. It forms a splendid ornamental plant with finely divided pinnate leaves, the under surface of which is silvery white ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NIVEUM (Diplothemium caudescens)** ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
CHAMÆDOREA ELEGANS..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **GRAMINIFOLIA** ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

***CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI (excelsa)**, in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.* to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each
*—— **HUMILIS**, this useful decorative Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3 and 4 guineas each
*—— —— **ROBUSTA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*—— —— **TOMENTOSA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

***COCOS CHILENSIS**, *vide* **Jubæa spectabilis.**
—— **WEDDELLIANA**, perhaps the most elegant of all the smaller Palms, of which so many charming species are now to be found in cultivation. Its slender erect stem is not of rapid growth, but is freely furnished with its gracefully arching leaves, made up of innumerable long narrow pinnæ or segments, of a rich green colour. For illustration, *vide* page 130. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

Mr. William Bull, having raised a large quantity of this desirable species, can offer small seedling plants at 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* each.

COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERIFERA, this is the Carnauba Palm of Brazil, one of the most useful and hence valuable Palms known. The top, when young, is an appreciable and nutritious article of food; and from this tree also wine, vinegar and a saccharine matter are extracted, as well as a kind of gum similar in its tastes and properties to Sago. From the wood musical instruments are made, as also tubs and pumps for water. The delicate fibrous substances of the pith of the stalk and its leaves make a good substitute for cork. The roots have the same virtues as the Sarsaparilla. The pulp of the fruit is of an agreeable taste, and the nut, oily and emulsive, is roasted and then used as coffee by many persons. From the trunk are obtained strong fibres, and also a species of flour similar to Maizena, and a liquid resembling that of the Bahia Cocoa-nut. From the dried straw are made mats, hats, baskets and brooms; and large quantities of the straw are exported to Europe for the manufacture of fine hats. Finally, from the leaves is produced the wax used in the manufacture of candles; and the export of this wax from Brazil exceeds £162,000 a year in value.. 1½ and 2 guineas

***CORYPHA AUSTRALIS**, *vide* **Livistona australis.**
—— **CERIFERA**, *vide* **Copernicia cerifera.**
—— **UMBRACULIFERA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

COCOS WEDDELLIANA.

For description and price, *vide* page 129.

CYCAS ARMSTRONGII, a strikingly handsome species, with long broadish leaves furnished with numerous pinnæ, which are of a rich shining green colour, and have a very prominent mid-rib of a lighter shade; the fine bold foliage is very gracefully recurved, giving the plant an exceedingly ornamental character ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— **CIRCINALIS** ..... 1½, 2 and 3 guineas

—— **MEDIA**, a noble form of Cycad introduced from intertropical New Holland. The trunk is both stout and tall, cylindrical, and tolerably even in outline, the surface closely dotted by the scar-like marks which indicate the places whence leaves have been removed. This stem produces a grand head of leaves, which are of large size, and somewhat variable in form and character in different specimens. Trunks of various sizes. Prices on application.

—— **NORMANBYANA**, *vide* page 131.

—— **PLUMA** .....

—— **REVOLUTA**, in all sizes, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each

CYCAS NORMANBYANA.

A handsome addition to this ornamental class of greenhouse plants. The leaves have a dorsally compressed petiole, with both faces angular, and the base clothed with furfuraceous down. The lamina is oblong ovate, with a prominent ridge continued up the face of the furfuraceous rachis, the segments numerous, contiguous, linear, about six inches long, and a quarter of an inch wide, very sharp pointed, almost spiny, slightly narrowed and decurrent at the base, the mid-rib strongly developed both on the glabrous upper and furfuraceous under surface. Mr. W. B. has received a large importation of this new Cycad from New South Wales. The name has been given to it by the celebrated botanist Dr. Mueller. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CYCAS RIUMINIANA .....

—— **RUMPHII** .....

—— **SIAMENSIS**, *vide* page 4

DÆMONOROPS PALEMBANICUS.

One of the most elegant of Palms, and, together with *D. periacanthus*, exceedingly appropriate for table decoration and other ornamental purposes. The leaves are broadly ovate, pinnate, consisting of numerous narrow elongated segments, and they are supported by leaf-stalks bearing numerous deflexed spines, which latter are thickened at the base. The young leaves are of a bright cinnamon brown, and the contrast between this warm colour and the deep green of the matured leaves renders the plants exceedingly beautiful at the time they are in course of development. It is a native of Java. 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CYPHOKENTIA GRACILIS..... 2 and 3 guineas

—— **MACROCARPA**, this remarkable new Caledonian Palm is also known under the names of *Kentiopsis macrocarpa* and *Kentia Lindeni*. It is a noble plant, of vigorous habit, with a stout smooth stem, furnished with bold pinnate leaves which in the young state are ovate in outline and spreading, and are supported on stout purplish red leaf-stalks; the pinnæ or segments of the leaves are rather distant and oblong-lanceolate. The young leaves are of a deep olive crimson colour, and in this state add very materially to the effectiveness and beauty of the plant, which is at other times remarkable for its red petioles and broad leaf segments.
3, 4, 5 and 7 guineas.

DÆMONOROPS FISSUS..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— **MELANOCHÆTES**..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— **ORNATUS**, a charming stove Palm, introduced from Java, and having, like most of the other species, finely cut pinnate leaves. At present it is only known in a young state, which, however, is sufficient to show that it will prove to be a plant of very ornamental character.
1 and 1½ guinea

—— **PALEMBANICUS**, *vide* page 132.

—— **PERIACANTHUS**, this graceful Palm, a native of Java, bears a general resemblance to *D. palembanicus*. It differs, however, in having a greater abundance of spines, which group themselves in irregular rings around the petiole, a circumstance which has doubtless suggested the name; it differs also in the young leaves being almost straw coloured instead of cinnamon coloured..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— **PLUMOSUS**, this graceful Palm is exceedingly handsome, either in a small or large size. Its leaves are of a rich dark green, and remarkably plume-like, hence its name. It is unquestionably one of the most elegant of the Palm family, and being of compact growth, is admirably adapted for vases and table decoration..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— **TRICHROUS**, an extremely ornamental and graceful Palm, with pinnate leaves, which are finely divided. Its elegant character renders it a most useful and effective plant.
15*s.* and 1 guinea

DESMONCUS GRANATENSIS, the species of this genus of Palms are peculiarly distinct in their appearance, having a pair of divergent leaflets at the top of the petiole. In the young plants of this species the petioles are terete and spineless, except at the top, where they bear a few setæ, and where are also seated a pair of lanceolate divergent pinnæ, nearly 2 inches broad, and of a lively green colour. It has been imported from Colombia. 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— **MAJOR**..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

DIPLOTHEMIUM CAUDESCENS, *vide* **Ceroxylon niveum.**

ELÆIS GUINEENSIS, this is the Oil Palm of Africa..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

***ENCEPHALARTOS ALTENSTEINII**.....

*—— **BRACHYPTERIS**.....

*—— **CAFFRA**.....

*—— (Zamia) **CYCADÆFOLIUS**..... 2 and 3 guineas

*—— **FRIDERICI-GUILIELMI**, *vide* page 5.

*—— **GHELLINCKII (gracilis)**.....

*—— **HILDEBRANDII**, this Cycadaceous plant has been introduced from Eastern Africa. The leaves are particularly bold looking, with spiny edges, the stipes being leafy to the base, and there clothed with close cob-webby hairs. The leaf-blade is lanceolate, with numerous pairs of pinnæ or lobes, the lower pairs diminishing into trifid scales half an inch long; the larger segments are lanceolate, with distinct marginal and stronger and more crowded terminal teeth, there being often as many as six or eight crowded around the apex, and five or six distributed along each side..... price on application.

*—— **HORRIDUS**.....

*—— —— **MULTIFLEXUS**.....

*—— (Zamia) **LEHMANNI**..... 4 and 5 guineas

*—— —— —— **GLAUCA**.....

*—— —— —— **SPINOSA**.....

*—— —— **VILLOSUS**, a noble greenhouse Cycad, with a stout trunk or caudex, supporting a head of erect pinnate fronds, the stout rachis of which is densely clothed with cottony wool; the pinnæ or segments number from eighty to ninety on each side, and are narrowly elliptic-linear. It has been found in, and introduced from, the interior of South Africa.
1½, 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas

*ENCEPHALARTOS VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS, a magnificent greenhouse Cycad, imported from South Africa. It has a stout cylindrical stem, and grandly arching leaves, which are pinnately divided; the pinnæ are lanceolate, distinctly serrate, the teeth being more numerous towards the tip of the pinnæ. The base of the petiole is thickly clothed with woolly hairs. 6, 8 and 10 guineas

*—— —— DENTICULATUS .....

*—— (Zamia) VROOMII, one of the noblest of this very noble group of plants; the leaf segments are alternate below, opposite above, 40 to 50 in number on each side of the rachis, which latter is marked with a prominent rounded ridge in the centre; they are oblong lanceolate, spine-pointed, with a variable number of long spine-pointed teeth at the margins, and of a bright shining green colour, rather paler on the under surface..... 4 and 5 guineas

EUTERPE EDULIS (Oreodoxa Sancona) ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

GEONOMA CARDERI, a splendid stove Palm, from the United States of Colombia, of a very ornamental character, with strongly ribbed leaves. The petioles of the leaves are without spines, flat on the upper, and rounded and asperous on the lower face, with the angles acute. The laminæ is pinnately parted, the segments unequal in width, varying from about half an inch to two and a half inches broad, while the upper part is confluent into a broad bilobed apex. It has been named in compliment to one of Mr. W. B.'s collectors, who discovered and sent it to this country ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— CONCINNA ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

—— GRACILIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— PRINCEPS ..... 2 and 3 guineas

KENTIA, *vide* page 135.

GEONOMA SARAPIQUENSIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

—— **SEEMANNI**, a very distinct and beautiful species of Palm, remarkable for its close leafy habit. The leaves are broadish, bilobed, feather-veined, and strongly plaited in the direction of the veins. The singular bilobing of the leaves, and their very obvious plaiting, give them a marked character, the interest of which is heightened by the comparison between the larger leaves of later development and their miniature representatives near the base of the plant. It was introduced from Central America by Dr. Seemann ..... 2 and 3 guineas

—— **SPIXIANA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

GLAZIOVA INSIGNIS..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

HYOPHORBE (Areca) VERSCHAFFELTII..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

***JUBÆA SPECTABILIS (Cocos chilensis, Molinia chilensis)**..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

***KENTIA AUSTRALIS**..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*—— **BELMOREANA** ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*—— **FOSTERIANA**..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

MACROZAMIA PLUMOSA. For description and price, *vide* page 138.

KENTIA GRACILIS, *vide* **Cyphokentia gracilis.**

—— **LINDENI**, *vide* **Cyphokentia macrocarpa.**

*—— **RUPICOLA** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea.

—— **WENDLANDIANA**, a noble Palm, belonging to the pinnate-leaved series, introduced from Queensland. The leaves have numerous unequal segments, usually toothed at the apex, the upper ones confluent at the base. The inflorescence is monœcious, and consists of a panicle of numerous slender spikes, the female flowers being succeeded by ovoid or globular fruit. It belongs to that group of Kentias which has a branched spadix. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878 ..... 1½ and 2 guineas.

KENTIOPSIS MACROCARPA, *vide* **Cyphokentia macrocarpa.**

LATANIA AUREA (Verschaffeltii)..... 1½ and 2 guineas.

*—— **BORBONICA (Livistona sinensis)**. Mr. W. B. can supply this useful decorative Palm in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.*, and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4, and 5 guineas each.

*—— **COMMERSONI** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea

MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES. For description and price, *vide* page 138.

*LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA, this name is adopted for the Australian *Macrozamia Denisoni*, on the authority of Dr. Regel, who describes and figures the mature plants as having a stout, short, scaly trunk, supporting a crown of long-stalked leaves. The young plants are very elegant, having ovate horizontal leaves, with decurved linear leaflets..... 3, 4, and 5 guineas

LICUALA PELTATA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

LIVISTONA ALTISSIMA ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— (Corypha) AUSTRALIS, this useful Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

*—— HOOGENDORPII, a fine stove Palm, of spreading habit; the leaves, which are nearly 3 feet broad, are palmately divided, the segments being broad, and giving the leaves a bold and distinctive character. The leaf-stalks are abundantly furnished at the margins with stout sharp spines ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*—— ROTUNDIFOLIA (subglobosa) ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— SINENSIS, *vide* Latania borbonica.

MACROZAMIA MACKENZII. For description and price, *vide* page 138.

*MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES, a very remarkable Cycadaceous plant from New South Wales. The trunk is subspherical; the leaves form a very contracted crown, and are diverging below then sub-erect; petiole deep green, smooth, but not polished, reddish brown towards the base; pinnæ about fifty pairs, 5 to 7 inches long, one third of an inch broad, very narrow linear-lanceolate, acute but hardly pungent, dark green, with a bright red petiolule. For illustration, *vide* page 136..... 2, 3, and 4 guineas

*—— CYLINDRICA, a distinct and well-marked Cycad, introduced from Queensland. It has a long-necked stem, from which proceed the dark green coriaceous leaves; the pinnæ are glossy on the surface, each being marked at the base with a large ivory-white patch, which strongly contrasts with the dark green mid-rib which lies between the two rows of ivory markings. 2 and 3 guineas

*—— DENISONI, *vide* Lepidozamia Peroffskyana.

*—— FRASERI.....

*—— MACKENZII, one of the handsome Cycads, which are found inhabiting the Australian Continent. It has been obtained from Queensland, and is a fine ornamental species. The leaves are ovate in outline, with numerous pairs of narrow tapering segments of a dark green colour, and 9 to 10 inches in length. The rachis is strongly convex behind, slightly so in front, with the segments of the central portion set on at about half an inch apart, the upper ones being more closely, the lower ones more distantly placed. For illustration, *vide* page 137..... 3, 4, and 5 guineas

*—— PLUMOSA, this beautiful Cycadaceous plant has recently been imported from Queensland. From a small ovate stem, the scales of which are woolly, rise the erect spirally-twisted leaves, which are from 2 feet to 2½ feet long, and have a flattened petiole. These leaves are furnished nearly to the base with narrow linear leaflets, which are set on at intervals of about a quarter of an inch, and are from 6 to 8 inches long. The plant is remarkable for its distinct and elegant character. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. For illustration, *vide* page 135..... 2, 3, and 4 guineas

*—— SPIRALIS..... 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

*—— —— EBURNEA, a grand Australian Cycad, with a sub-globose trunk, a foot or more in diameter. The leaves are pinnate, the segments being linear, 8 inches long, and somewhat narrowed down to the thickened ivory-white base. It is a remarkably fine and elegant plant. 5 and 7 guineas

MALORTIEA LACERATA..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* & 1 guinea

MARTINEZIA EROSA..... 1½ and 2 guineas

—— GRANATENSIS, a desirable new dwarf Palm, from Colombia; the leaves are of roundish oblong or roundish ovate outline, entire at the base, bifid at the apex, and evenly toothed along the edges, the young leaf-stalks being slightly mealy. Both the petioles and the rachis are armed with dark brown needle-shaped spines, varying from half an inch to an inch in length, and which are either spreading or deflexed ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*MOLINIA CHILENSIS, *vide* Jubæa spectabilis.

OREODOXA SANCONA, *vide* Euterpe edulis.

PHŒNICOPHORIUM SECHELLARUM (Stevensonia grandifolia) 2 and 3 guineas

*PHŒNIX ACAULIS..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— DACTYLIFERA (The Date Palm) ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— RECLINATA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— RUPICOLA, this is one of the most exquisitely graceful amongst the smaller Palms, and in elegance takes a similar place among Phœnieæ to that of *Cocos Weddelliana* among Cocoes. It is of acaulescent habit, with wide spreading arching pinnato leaves, broadly lance-shaped in outline, with long narrow pinnæ, the lower of which become gradually reduced to spines. The pinnæ are channelled at the base, and appear to be attached by the folded base which joins on to the winged rachis, the wings being pressed together along the spaces between the pinnæ and continued into the lamina. Some of the lower pinnæ and spines are set out in contiguous pairs. It comes from India, and is a most valuable acquisition for collections of ornamental plants, amongst which it will occupy one of the foremost positions. For illustration, *vide* page 139 ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— SYLVESTRIS, a Sugar-yielding Palm ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— TENUIS..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

PHYTELEPHAS MACROCARPA, this Palm yields the Vegetable Ivory of commerce. 1½ and 2 guineas

PHŒNIX RUPICOLA. For description and price, *vide* page 138.

PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

—— **HIMALAYANA**, a fine Indian Palm of the pinnate-leaved series, found at Emodus in the Himalayan range. It is a distinct and graceful species, with ample foliage of a bold and striking character. The leaves are of the pinnate mode of development, the pinnæ being linear-lanceolate and acuminate. The flowers are borne on long branched lateral spadices.
2 guineas

***PRITCHARDIA AUREA** ..... 2 and 3 guineas

*—— **FILIFERA**, *vide* **Brahea filamentosa.**

—— **PACIFICA** ..... 3 guineas

PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, this plant is usually cultivated under the erroneous name of *Seaforthia elegans*. It is a most useful conservatory or cool greenhouse plant, for it will stand a low temperature with impunity, and possesses a highly decorative character; scarcely anything can equal the effect of a large plant of this noble Palm.
all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* to 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS—Continued.

PTYCHOSPERMA LÆVIGATA ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— RUPICOLA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
REGELIA PRINCEPS, *vide* Verschaffeltia splendida.
*RHAPIS FLABELLIFORMIS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
SABAL CŒRULESCENS, this is described by the collector as a remarkably bold and handsome Palm. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia, but is only known here in a young state. These young plants have the leaves of an elongate linear-lanceolate form, with a plicate surface, and a bluish or glaucous tinge of green, which is very strongly marked on the under surface ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*—— (Trithrinax) MAURITIÆFORMIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— UMBRACULIFERA (Blackburniana), a noble and very distinct Palm ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS, *vide* Ptychosperma Cunninghamii.
*—— ROBUSTA, *vide* Areca Baueri.
STANGERIA PARADOXA, small plants, 10*s.* 6*d.* ; strong specimens 1½, 2 and 3 guineas
—— SCHIZODON ..... 3 guineas
STEVENSONIA GRANDIFOLIA, *vide* Phœnicophorium sechellarum.
THRINAX BARBADENSIS, *vide* page 7.
—— ELEGANS, very handsome for exhibition purposes ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— ELEGANTISSIMA, an exceedingly elegant and graceful miniature-growing Palm ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*—— PARVIFLORA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*TRITHRINAX MAURITIÆFORMIS, *vide* Sabal mauritiæformis.
VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
—— SPLENDIDA (Regelia princeps) a magnificent and very distinct Palm from the Island of Seychelles ..... 2 and 3 guineas
WELFIA REGIA ..... 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea
*ZAMIA BREVIFRONS ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
*—— CYCADÆFOLIA, *vide* Encephalartos cycadæfolius.
*—— FURFURACEA ..... 2 and 3 guineas
*—— INTEGRIFOLIA ..... 2 and 3 guineas
*—— LEHMANNI, *vide* Encephalartos Lehmanni.
—— LINDENI .....
*—— MIQUELII, this species has been imported from Queensland. It has a short stout stem, spindle-shaped below, and producing from the crown remarkably elegant fronds, which are erect and somewhat spirally twisted, the smooth bright green pinnæ being of an ivory white colour at their point of juncture with the rachis. It is known in some collections as *Z. Frasceri* and *Z. tenuifolia* ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— OBLIQUA .....
*—— ROEZLII .....
—— SKINNERI .....
*—— VILLOSA, *vide* Encephalartos villosus.
*—— VROOMII, *vide* Encephalartos Vroomi.

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S selection of 12 varieties, 24s., 30s., 42s. and 60s.
New varieties, 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.

ADOLPHE ADAMS, green leaf ground, densely speckled with white, and rose coloured mid-ribs. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGRIPPINE DIMITRY, a fine variety, large leaves with white ground, narrow green margin and veins, and pink centre. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALCIBIADE, crimson-rayed centre, surrounded with pale green, stained with pure white blotches ; deep green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ALCIDE MICHAUX, dark green leaves, marked with white spots, and crimson rayed centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALFRED BLEU, leaf rich green, with pure white spots and flesh coloured centre ; distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALFRED MAME, carmine red, bordered with white and profusely spotted with rose ; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

ALPHAND, green, spotted with red, crimson centre. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHONSE KARR, rosy-carmine centre and red spots. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARGYRITES, pale green with white and rose spots. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

AUBER, green ground, marked with white spots and central pink ones. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AUGUSTE LEMONIER, fine large leaves with soft green centre and distinct rosy crimson rib and veins. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

AUGUSTE RIVIÈRE, white centre and rays upon a light green ground, with crimson spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARAQUINII, crimson centre dark green margin. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARILLET, bright rosy crimson centre and ribs on green ground, with broad margin of rich green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BARON DE ROTHSCHILD, rich blood red centre and spots on mottled green leaf ground. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BARRAL, bright green, with a fine red centre, and large spots of rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BEETHOVEN, ground colour white, intersected and veined with green, centre rib delicate rose. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BELLEYMEI, fine white variegated leaves. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BELLINI, mottled pale green ground, with rosy centre and spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BICOLOR SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.*

BLANQUÆRTI, dark green with grey veins and white spots. 5*s.*

BOIELDIEU, like *Bicolor splendens*, but very superior to it. 5*s.*

BRONGNIARTII, fine large leaves with red centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BUREL, dark bluish green, veined bright rose, marked with rosy violet and spotted orange red. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CALYPSO, large smooth leaves with dark green margin, bright crimson centre and veins, and pink spots. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CANNÆRTII, fine green leaves marked with salmon red and spotted white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CERES, centre of the leaves rosy salmon, outer portion rich green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CHANTINII, reddish ground spotted white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHANTINII FULGENS, dark green ground, with a brilliant crimson centre and white spots. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CHARLES VERDIER, fine green, with blush pink centre and spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHELSONI, bright glossy green, suffused with brilliant red, and blotched with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DE CANDOLLE, rich green with beautiful rose coloured spots and creamy white centre rays. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DE HUMBOLDT, a fine variety, having glossy green leaves spotted with scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DEVINCK, leaves heart-shaped with delicate pink centre ribs, interspersed with white spots. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DONIZETTI, rich red centre and bright green border, spotted with rose. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DR. BOISDUVAL, centre rayed with crimson; snow white blotches on a green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DR. LINDLEY, crimson centre, the green ground marked with rose blotches. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE CLEVELAND, deep red centre, surrounded with pea-green, largely spotted with red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE MORNY, deep green leaf borders with large and beautiful crimson rayed centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DUC DE NASSAU, brilliant red centre and ribs, white scattered spots on emerald green leaf borders. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE RATIBON, green ground, with red mid-ribs marked with white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHARTRE, leaf ground white, flushed rose, green veins and red spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EDOUARD MOREAUX, mottled green ground, with rich lake centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

EDOUARD RODRIGUES, deep carmine margined with light green, and spotted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

E. G. HENDERSON, green, finely marked with transparent rose spots and brilliantly mottled crimson rays and centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMILIE VERDIER, a very fine and distinct variety, with leaves of a light transparent rose colour, sometimes spotted with red. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ETOILE D'ARGENT, bright green, mid-ribs and veins creamy white, shaded with gray. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

FELICIEN DAVID, centre of leaf dark carmine, surrounded with white and beautifully veined with red on a light green ground; a splendid variety. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GOLDEN QUEEN, leaves large, pale green or yellow, uniform in colour; very handsome. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

GRÉTRY, carmine centre, with white spots on a dark green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

HELEVY, white mid-ribs, and marked with crimson blotches on a green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HEROLD, dark carmine veins, surrounded by light green zone, blotched with pure white spots, and margined bright dark green. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

HOULETTII, green, with white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE, light green, with grayish pink centre, and rose-coloured veins. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ISADORA LEROY, rich metallic green, with crimson red centre rays. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

JULES PUTZEYS, rich dark green, with crimson mid-rib and veins; central portion of leaf mottled gray, and the whole surface marked with red blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

KETELEER, spotted white upon emerald green; large crimson centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LAINGII, reddish carmine centre, surrounded with yellowish green, the whole of the leaf thickly sprinkled with pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LA PERLE DU BRÉSIL, an exceedingly attractive variety, with fine large leaves, white, delicately tinted with rose, mid-rib and veins dark green; extremely chaste and beautiful. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

LEOPOLDII, rich crimson, rayed centre, with deep green border. 5*s.*

LEPESCHKINEI, leaves thickly marked with large spots of a rich rose colour, and having a rich bright red centre. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEPLAY, leaves attractively marked with white, and beautifully veined with rosy violet. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOUISE DUPLESSIS, deep red rays and veins on a white ground, with deep green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LOUISE POIRIER, crimson leaf ground, with green margin and white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOWII, *vide* **Alocasia Lowii.**

MADAME ALFRED BLEU, deep green, with large blotches of pure white, and broad veins of deep crimson scarlet; distinct and fine. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME ALFRED MAME, long light green leaves densely covered with large white spots, rosy carmine centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME ANDRIEUX, crimson centre rays, with pink spots. 5*s.*

MADAME DE LA DEVANSAYE, leaves white, sometimes slightly shaded with rose, and veined with red and green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME DOMBRAIN, leaves large, centre and ribs pale yellowish green, shaded rose, surface covered with large white and rose spots. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME DUTEIL, green ground, rose blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME HEINE, silvery white stained and edged with pale green; very distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME HUNNEBELLE, large leaves veined with light garnet colour on a white ground, and profusely margined with delicate green veins. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME HOULLET, large leaves, with clustered blush white blotches on the opposite leaf margins. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME LAFORGE, centre and ribs reddish crimson, with narrow margin of deep green. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME PAILLET, dark green attractively marked with large spots and blotches of pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MARQUIS DE CAUX, red centre and veins, with rose blotches on the margins. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARS, clouded crimson centre, the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAXIME DUVAL, fine broad crimson centre and ribs, green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MAX KOLB, light green ground, with pale centre; distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MERCADANTE, pale copper-coloured centre and veins, bordered with green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MEYERBEER, white leaf ground, green veins and red mid-ribs. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINERVE, silvery white mid-rib and rays surrounded with grayish white; green margin with snowy white spots. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MOZART, delicate rose centre and veins on green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. LAING, a fine variety, with large shield-shaped leaves; white ground; deep rose centre and veins; green margin. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, centre and veins metallic red, with large crimson blotches, broad margin of lustrous bronzy green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

NAPOLÉON III., flamed crimson centre with forked rays, and carmine red spots on rich green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEUMANNI. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ONSLOW, deep rosy crimson centre, with broad green margin, densely spotted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PAILLET, crimson centre, broad green margin splashed with crimson and dotted with white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PAUL VERONESE, large leaves, with pinkish white centre, deep scarlet ribs and broad green margin. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

PETSCHKAUI. 5*s.*

PHILIPPE HERBERT, a very fine variety with deep mottled crimson rays and clear green margin spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PICTUM, white blotches on green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PICTURATUM, fine large foliage, spotted white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PŒCILE, bright green spotted with red and white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRESIDENT, light crimson centre, dark green margins, slightly mottled with gray; fine and very distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD, dark emerald green, rich crimson mid-rib, radiating from centre to margins, the intervening spaces densely spotted with ivory white, the small thread-like veins forming an elegant tracery over upper surface. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

PRINCE OF WALES, a very handsome variety, with large golden yellow leaves. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, rosy salmon leaf, green centre rib, bordered with magenta crimson; leaf margin bounded by a green belt, having a picturesque light pink chain running parallel through its centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, large pale golden yellow leaves spotted with crimson. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS ROYAL, leaves of a golden ground colour, with crimson centre. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PYRRHUS, centre and ribs deep crimson, surrounded with a margin of pleasing pea-green. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

QUADRICOLOR, centre of leaf pale yellowish green, ribs white, edged with rich rosy crimson, and margined with bright green. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RAMEAU, centre deep reddish crimson, ribs much deeper; surface covered with large white blotches shaded with red. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

RAULINII, rich red centre and veins, finely spotted with white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

REGALE, broad silvery gray centre and rosy red mid-ribs, with vermilion red spots on green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

REINE VICTORIA, green veins and margins, densely spotted or marbled between with white and scattered rich crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RICCI, pale greenish white centre, shaded with rosy crimson; broad margin of bright green, spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSSINI, large leaf, with pale centre, pink mid-ribs, and red blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ROUILLARD, glossy green margin, pale green centre, mid-rib and rays rich violet plum; the whole leaf spotted crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SCHMIDTII, leaves green with reddish mid-rib. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SIEBOLDI, rich green, with fiery red crimson rayed centre; green spaces, densely spotted with claret red. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOUVENIR DE MADAME E. ANDRE, large deep green leaves, marbled with pure white; veins fine rosy crimson. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

SPLEDIDUM, large leaves, with carmine crimson centre; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SPONTINI, an attractive variety; foliage pea-green, with large white spots and rosy pink rib and veins. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

STRIATUM, white centre veins and mid-ribs, forming a striking contrast to the dark green colour of the other portion of the leaf. 5*s.*

TESTONI, a splendid variety, with rich crimson centre, ribbed with red and bordered with green. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

THIBAUTII, fine large leaf, with rich crimson veins on a red ground. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

TRICOLOR, edges of leaves gray-green intersected with dark green; centre red lake, carmine mid-ribs. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION, crimson centre, with red ribs and green border; very fine. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

VEITCHII, *vide* **Aloeasia Veitchii.**

VERSCHAFFELTII, green leaves, spotted with red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VESTA, greenish white veins, contrasting strongly with the surrounding crimson colour; outer portion of leaf clear green dotted with dark green; the whole of the leaf spotted bright rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

VICOMTESSE DE LA ROQUE-ORDAN, red mid-rib and rays bordered with white; emerald green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

WIGHTII, green, spotted with red and white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIAS.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

The following novel and beautiful varieties will be found admirably adapted for the summer and autumn decoration of the Greenhouse and Conservatory, for they produce in the utmost profusion, magnificent flowers of very large size, and great variety in colour. They do not require stove cultivation, but will succeed well in a Greenhouse. The tubers rest during the winter months, similar to Gloxinias, and can be easily re-started into growth in the spring. Their profuse flowering quality, and the charming variety of colour of their blossoms, render them extremely showy and effective.

*Those marked * are double-flowered varieties.*

ALFONSO, a fine flower; colour cinnamon shaded with salmon. 5*s.*

AURELIA, a very fine large flower of a cinnamon rose colour; very distinct. 5*s.*

BEGONIAS—Continued.

*BALSAMINÆFLORA PLENA, a showy and attractive variety, producing fine full orange-coloured flowers with large petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BOLIVIENSIS, foliage light green, flowers bright glossy red, very freely produced, generally in pairs, but sometimes in clusters of three. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BRILLIANT, rich bright orange, a dazzling colour; flowers large and fine; very showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CARDINAL, a magnificent variety, producing large flowers of a rich deep magenta rose colour. 5*s.*

CAROLINE, deep rosy pink, a very fine showy flower with broad petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CLEOPATRA, rosy lake, shaded with magenta; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 5*s.*

CLIMAX, deep rich rosy carmine; the two outer petals extremely broad; a beautiful variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CORSAIR, rosy salmon; a most profuse blooming variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DRAGON, a beautiful flower, with fine large long petals; colour rich bright rose; very effective. 5*s.*

DR. MASTERS, a beautiful and effective variety, with very rich carmine crimson drooping flowers, suspended on salmon-tinted pedicels or flower stalks. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EMBLEM, a very attractive variety, giving fine large showy flowers with extremely broad petals, of a deep rose colour, shaded with magenta. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMPEROR, a splendid variety, producing very large flowers of a brilliant orange scarlet colour. 5*s.*

ENSIGN, bright pink; a beautiful shade of colour; flowers large; a very elegant variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EXCELSIOR, a showy free-blooming variety, with fine large flowers of a bright cinnabar red colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FLAMMETTA, bright orange scarlet; a remarkable large and fine flower. 5*s.*

FRŒBELII, a splendid species from Ecuador, very distinct and attractive, producing well above the foliage, erect bunches of large brilliant scarlet flowers; the foliage is of a bright green colour, furnished on the other side with a thick covering of white hairs. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GEM, light cream colour, the reverse of petals light pink; extremely distinct and attractive. 5*s.*

GLITTER, vivid orange scarlet; an extremely bright and showy colour; fine large flower. 5*s.*

*GLOIRE DE NANCY, a beautiful flower; the exterior petals being of a rich vermilion colour and the centre of a light bright scarlet colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HERMINE, light orange cinnamon, a very distinct and attractive shade of colour; a pretty flower; large and well formed. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ICARUS, a very fine large flower of a bright salmon colour. 5*s.*

INTERMEDIA, a fine hybrid, of free-branching strong upright growth; the flowers are of the size and form of *B. Veitchii*, which they also resemble in colour, but are of rather a darker shade. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*LEMOINEI, a splendid variety with large flowers of a rich orange vermilion colour; the female flowers single; the male flowers very full and double. 5*s.*

LUCINDA, an extremely attractive variety, producing very large and fine flowers, with remarkably long petals, of a deep rose colour. 5*s.*

MAGENTA QUEEN, a beautiful variety, with large pendent flowers of a rich deep rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNET, beautiful light pink, the reverse of the petals deep pink; a charming variety, producing fine large flowers with good petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARATHON, deep crimson; a very fine large flower. 5*s.*

*MARIE LEMOINE, a fine variety producing large bunches of very full double flowers of a salmon chamois colour, with soft rose centre; the female flowers semi-double. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MAZEPPA, very light cream colour, the reverse of the petals tinted with orange pink; extremely distinct and pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINIATA, a fine showy variety, producing flowers of a bright rosy carmine colour; very elegant and distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MODEL, finely-formed flowers of a beautiful carmine rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MODIOLA, bright rose, shaded with salmon; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 5*s.*

MRS. MASTERS, a very effective and ornamental variety, producing bright rose carmine blooms in great profusion upon salmon-tinted drooping pedicels or flower-stalks. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OCTOPETALA, a Peruvian species, producing splendid flowers of large size, composed of eight petals, white, with the reverse of the petals of a bright rosy carmine colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ORESTES, deep rosy carmine; a magnificent flower with fine large petals. 5*s.*

*PÆONIÆFLORA, a vigorous growing variety, producing very large and full flowers, with petals of good substance and of a beautiful soft salmon rose colour; the long foot-stalks bend over with the weight of the flowers. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PEARCEI, flowers large, bright yellow, and borne on slender stems well above the foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— GRANDIFLORA, a remarkably showy and attractive variety, with rich dark olive green leaves, which contrast admirably with the very large and fine flowers, which are of a bright golden yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIAS—Continued.

HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS, for prices, *vide* pages 143 to 146.

PHYLLIS, a most beautiful variety, with blossoms of a delicate sulphur colour tinted with pink; an extremely distinct and charming flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUBESCENS, a fine hybrid variety of neat robust branching dwarf habit, giving a profusion of elegant half-drooping racemes of large rich salmon-tinted red blossoms. 5*s.*

RUBRA SUPERBA, a very beautiful and effective plant of a free branching habit, and graceful open outline; flowers large, of a brilliant carmine red, melting into a rich lake. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***SALMONEA PLENA**, fine large double flowers of a clear rosy salmon colour; a very effective variety. 5*s.*

BEGONIAS—Continued.

SEDENI, a fine variety of free growth, with large leaves, the veins of which are slightly tinted with rose colour; the flowers are of the richest magenta colour, and of large size. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SERAPH, a dwarf-growing variety of neat and compact habit, freely producing fine flowers of a soft pink colour, the exterior part of the two outer petals suffused with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

STARLIGHT, a beautiful variety of dwarf compact habit, and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are large and effective, of a pretty shade of blush pink. 5*s.*

STELLA, fine showy flowers, of a beautiful shade of rosy crimson; very attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SUNRISE, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of a bright rosy scarlet colour; extremely showy and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SURPRISE, a beautiful and effective variety, producing extremely pretty bright pink flowers in great profusion. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TEMPLAR, a fine flower, with broad petals of a rosy pink colour. 5*s.*

TROJAN, an extremely distinct and effective variety, freely producing fine flowers of a lovely light rosy pink colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VEITCHII, this species was discovered near Cuzco in Peru. It differs from other Begonias in having roundish blooms of a vivid vermilion or cinnabar red, and in being comparatively hardy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VERONA, bright rosy pink; a very pretty variety. 5*s.*

VESUVIUS, a fine variety, producing very large flowers of a rich orange scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIVICANS, a very graceful plant, with semi-transparent stems, its leaves slightly villose or hairy, and numerous drooping brilliant orange scarlet bell-shaped flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE QUEEN, a distinct and beautiful variety, producing ivory white flowers tinted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of good varieties can be made by Mr. W. B. at 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

BEGONIAS.

Variegated-foliaged Section.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully coloured ornamental foliage.

ABBÉ DELAHAYE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ADRIEN ROBINE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANDALOUSIE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANNICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARCTURUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARGENTEA HIRSUTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ZEBRINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
BERENICE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHERUBINI, 5*s.*
COMTESSE DE THELUSSON, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CONSTELLATA, 5*s.*
CRISTALLINA, 5*s.*
DELIGHTFUL, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DIAMANT, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DR. REGEL, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DUCHESS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
EMILE CHATÉ, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LOISE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FULVA, 5*s.*
JACKSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
JULES DEHAUSSY, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DUPLESSIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAJOR**, 5*s.*
L'ABBE SERODINO, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LA PERLE DE PARIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
LEBRUN, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LE SCHAH, 7*s.* 6*d.*
LOUIS BOUTARD, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LIGNOT**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LOUISE FONTAINE, 5*s.*
MADAME DE CAUVILLE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HACHETTE**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JULES LECOCQ**, 5*s.*
—— **PIGNY**, 5*s.*
—— **PLANCHON**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SARRAZIN**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VERSCHAFFELT**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MADEMOISELLE BERTHE PROUTIERE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EMMA**, 5*s.*
—— **HENRIETTE GRAUX**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MARIA DENIS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
MALETTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARGA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARGARITACEA, 5*s.*
MARQUISE DE ST. INNOCENT, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MONSIEUR ANDREWS, 5*s.*
—— **BIENAIMÉ**, 5*s.*
—— **KETELEER**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEFEBVRE**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
NAIALA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
NIVEA SPLENDENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ONDINE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PICTURATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRIMA DONNA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRINCE OF WALES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRINCESS CHARLOTTE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PROFESSOR GASPARRINI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
QUADRIZONALIS ORNATA, 5*s.*
SATIN BLANC, 5*s.*
SECRÉTAIRE DELAMARRE, 5*s.*
—— **MORREN**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
VICOMTE DE CONDEIXA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
VOIE LACTEE, 7*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIA OTTO FORSTER.

A magnificent hybrid between *B. imperialis* and *B. rex*. Its splendid large foliage is of a rich bronzy green colour, ornamented with shining silvery white veining and marbling, producing an exceedingly superb effect. 5*s*.

BEGONIA IMPERIALIS, 3*s*. 6*d*.

BEGONIA SMARAGDINA, 3*s*. 6*d*.

The following are useful flowering species and varieties, and highly effective for decoration; and the majority of them are winter blooming. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

ARGYROSTIGMA ELEGANTISSIMA
DIGSWELLIANA
DREGEI
GLAUCOPHYLLA
HYBRIDA FLORIBUNDA
INGRAMII
METALLICA
MOONLIGHT
NITIDA
RICHARDSIANA
—— VASTISSIMA
SAUNDERSIANA
VALIDA
WELTONIENSIS

NEW BEGONIAS.

The following are a new race of Begonias, obtained by crossing B. discolor with varieties of the well-known B. rex.

A. CARRIÈRE, 7*s*. 6*d*.
COMTESSE GABRIELLE DE CLERMONT-TONNERRE, 7*s*. 6*d*.
EDOUARD ANDRÉ, 7*s*. 6*d*.
LUCIENNE BRUANT, 7*s*. 6*d*.
MADAME SVAHN, 7*s*. 6*d*.
MARGUERITE BRUANT, 7*s*. 6*d*.
W. E. GUMBLETON, 7*s*. 6*d*.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.

ADINE, a very pretty variety, producing beautiful flowers with white tube and sepals, the latter completely reflexed, and rich deep rosy magenta coloured corolla. 5*s*.

ADMIRATION, a beautifully formed flower; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter completely recurved; corolla well expanded, and of a purplish crimson colour. 2*s*. 6*d*.

ALFONSO, flower of good substance, tube and reflexed sepals bright coral red; corolla dark purple; very free. 1*s*. 6*d*.

ALICE, tube and sepals pure white; sepals well reflexed; corolla bright rosy scarlet, sometimes edged with a deeper shade. 1*s*.

ANNIE LUSTRE, tube and sepals pure white; tube very long and sepals broad and beautifully reflexed; corolla vivid crimson. 2*s*. 6*d*.

ATALANTA, crimson tube and sepals, the latter reflexed; purplish crimson corolla. 1*s*.

ATHALIE, a remarkably fine and well-formed flower, with bright crimson tube and sepals, and rich satiny purple corolla; the sepals are broad and elegantly recurved. 5*s*.

AZUREA SUPERBA, tube and recurved sepals of a bright reddish coral colour; enormous corolla, with very large petals of an azure violet colour. 7*s*. 6*d*.

BARONESS, a very pretty and attractive flower, with long white tube, white sepals well reflexed, and violet rose corolla. 2*s* 6*d*.

BARONNE BLANCHE EZPELTA, large double well-expanded flowers, with coral red tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed, and azure violet corolla shaded with scarlet. 3*s*. 6*d*.

BASILISK, long thick white tube; broad horizontally reflexed sepals, blush white, tipped with green; corolla bright light scarlet. 1*s*.

BEAUTY OF WILTS, a splendid flower, with long white tube and white sepals elegantly recurved; short corolla of a rich rosy carmine colour. 1*s*. 6*d*.

BLACK PRINCE, tube and sepals bright waxy carmine colour, sepals large and broad, with pale green tips, and large open pale pink corolla margined with deep rose. 1*s*. 6*d*.

BLUE KING, flowers of good substance, with bright crimson tube and well-reflexed sepals, and fine cup-shaped blue corolla. 3*s*. 6*d*.

CALYPSO, tube and sepals rich crimson; sepals completely reflexed; large bell-shaped corolla, of a rich crimson purple colour. 2*s*. 6*d*.

CAMILLE FLAMMARION, a free-blooming variety of good habit, producing large flowers with reflexed sepals of a rosy red colour, and well-formed corolla of a reddish violet colour. 7*s*. 6*d*.

CAPITAINE BOYTON, a dwarf-growing variety, with fine large full double flowers; corolla metallic violet; tube and sepals brilliant red; tube short and sepals recurved. 3*s*. 6*d*.

CASSIA, tube and sepals rich rosy crimson; the sepals symmetrically reflexed; corolla dark violet plum colour. 1*s*. 6*d*.

CHARMER, fine large flowers, with extremely rich and bright reddish crimson tube and sepals; tube short, and sepals broad and well reflexed; fine rich purple plum corolla. 2*s*. 6*d*.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

DE MONTALIVET, a variety with double flowers, having short reflexed sepals of a rosy carmine colour inside, and yellowish rose outside; corolla clear violet flaked with rose, the outer petals dark rose. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DUNOIS, tube and sepals bright reddish crimson, the sepals well reflexed; fine rich purple corolla, each petal of which is distinctly serrated on the edge. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EGERIA, short tube and well-recurved sepals of an intensely rich crimson colour; stout long purple corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ELFIN, light crimson tube and sepals, the latter elegantly reflexed; rich purple corolla, flaked with rose; very dull and double. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EMILY LYE, a very fine variety; large flowers with white tube and sepals and shaded purple corolla; free and showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FLAMBEAU, short tube and well-reflexed sepals of a crimson colour; very large and full corolla of a dark violet colour, shaded with azure, and striped and spotted with scarlet. 10*s.* 6*d.*

FRANCISQUE SARCEY, a very free blooming variety, of dwarf compact habit, with very full double flowers; corolla bluish violet; large reflexed sepals of a dark rose colour on the inside and bright red on the exterior. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GALATEA, rosy carmine tube and sepals, the latter very large and broad, and horizontally reflexed; stout well-formed corolla of a rich and bright bluish purple colour; a remarkable flower from its size and immensely thick corolla. 5*s.*

GARNIER-PAGÈS, well-formed erect flowers, with large rosy violet corolla and clear red sepals; an extremely floriferous variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GEM OF THE WEST, short tube and short recurved sepals of a rich bright crimson colour; large expanded corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour changing to reddish crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GEORGE FREDERICK, tube and sepals rich scarlet crimson; tube short, sepals broad and thick and nicely reflexed; large corolla, of a rich purple crimson colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HIGHLAND CHIEF, tube and sepals bright crimson; tube short, sepals elegantly reflexed, leaving completely exposed the large bell-shaped deep purple corolla. 2*s.* 6*d.*

INDIAN CHIEF, tube and sepals carmine pink, the latter recurved; large violet blue corolla, shaded with red from the base. 1*s.* 6*d.*

INTENSITY, a good variety, with splendid dark purple corolla and rich carmine tube and sepals, the latter beautifully reflexed. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JAMES LYE, red tube and sepals, dark violet purple corolla; a fine large flower, of good form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JASON, a distinct variety; the flowers have a very fine corolla about 1½ inch long, and of an intense black purple colour; the sepals, which are very large, long and reflexed, are of a deep crimson colour. 5*s.*

JEANNE D'ARC, fine large flowers with tube and very long reflexed sepals of a beautiful coral colour, and large expanded corolla of snowy whiteness. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JOHN GIBSON, bright scarlet tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; lavender purple corolla of beautiful shape. 1*s.* 6*d.*

KING ALFONSO, a fine flower; rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter broad and of great substance; corolla deep violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

KINGSBURYANA, a variety of good habit and a most abundant bloomer, producing fine flowers with bright red tube and sepals, the latter reflexed, and large double open and spreading white corolla. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY BRODIE, blush white, medium-sized tube and sepals, the latter well recurved; corolla rich rose with carmine belt. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LADY WATERLOW, tube and sepals white, striped and flaked with scarlet, and nicely reflexed; corolla rich magenta. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA NATION, very large and fine flowers, with broad recurved sepals and large full corolla; the tube and sepals clear red, and the corolla brilliant violet mauve. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LE PHARE, a fine flower of very elegant form; short thick tube and well reflexed sepals of a brilliant red colour; globular corolla of a rich violet colour veined with bright red. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LITTRÉ, a beautifully formed flower, with long corolla of a dark violet colour, whitish at the base; short tube and large and elegantly recurved sepals of a soft rose colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

LORD BYRON, bright crimson tube and sepals, with large open bell-shaped black corolla, one of the darkest known; fine habit; the sepals well recurved. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME GALLI-MARIÉ, very large full double flowers, with long recurved sepals of a brilliant rosy red colour and alabaster white corolla. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MAID OF HONOUR, ivory white tube and sepals of medium size and gracefully recurved; colour rich magenta rose. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MAORI CHIEF, tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broadly and nicely reflexed; corolla of a rich dark plum colour. 1*s.*

MEMPHIS, tube and sepals of a bright and rich crimson colour, the sepals gracefully reflexed; large and well-expanded corolla of a rich purple colour; a fine large flower. 5*s.*

MINERVA, a splendid flower with large and very full double white corolla, and bright carmine tube and reflexed sepals; it is one of the finest double whites in cultivation. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

MISS LYE, a splendid flower, with long white tube and well-recurved white sepals; corolla rose colour slightly shaded with violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MONSTRUOSA PLENA, this variety is of good habit and vigorous growth, producing enormous flowers with short tube and well-recurved sepals of a very dark coral red colour, and immense extended corolla of a clear bright reddish crimson colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

M. DUFAURE, a very floriferous variety of good habit, producing beautifully-formed flowers, with rosy salmon corolla and elegantly-recurved sepals of a yellowish salmon colour with green tips; extremely distinct. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MR. HUNTLY, short thick tube and thick fleshy sepals horizontally reflexed; tube and sepals of the most intensely bright vermilion crimson; corolla rich purple crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. GADICK DITTON, a graceful and effective variety, producing large terminal drooping clusters of flowers with recurved lanceolate white sepals, and large corolla of a bright carmine colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. GRANT, a very beautiful flower, with blush tube and sepals, and orange rose corolla. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. MEIN, a beautifully formed flower, with bright carmine scarlet tube and well-reflexed sepals, and pure white corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NESTOR, a very fine variety with large showy flowers; tube and sepals carmine, the latter reflexed; very large, full and much expanded corolla of a rich purplish-crimson colour. 5*s.*

OLYNTHUS, tube and sepals rich crimson; fine large corolla of a deep rich violet purple colour. 1*s.*

PATRIOTE, immense violet purple corolla of involute form; the petals veined with scarlet at the base; large tube and long reflexed sepals of a very rich carmine colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PENTHEUS, rich deep crimson tube and sepals; large open saucer-shaped corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour. 1*s.*

PIERRE JOIGNEAUX, fine full double flower with irregularly formed corolla of a rosy purple colour shaded with violet; reflexed sepals of a light yellowish rose colour with green tips; exceedingly free-flowering. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PINK PERFECTION, a stout flower of fine form, with creamy white tube and sepals and rich pink and violet corolla, dashed with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSA BONHEUR, blush white tube and sepals well recurved; corolla rich rose with shaded carmine margin; flowers produced in gracefully drooping terminal clusters. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SILVERY BEAM, splendid double white corolla, with beautiful carmine tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STAR OF WILTS, tube and sepals cream colour, corolla pale pinkish violet with distinct margin of orange; a very fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SURPRISE, a very useful and effective variety, of neat habit, and very free blooming; tube and sepals pure white; corolla rich crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VILLE DE NANCY, tube and sepals of a pale carmine red colour, the latter very wide and well recurved; fine large double corolla, of a brilliant dark violet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLLET-LE-DUC, a floriferous variety of good habit; fine full double flowers with expanded corolla of a metallic violet colour and short reddish crimson sepals completely reflexed. 7*s.* 6*d.*

VIRGO, tube and sepals pure white, the latter gracefully reflexed and forming a perfect crown above the corolla, which is of a beautiful magenta colour, quite a novel shade. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VOIX DU PEUPLE, large flowers, with fine expanded milky white corolla; sepals well recurved, of a rich rosy carmine colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

WAGNERIAN, tube and sepals crimson; the latter beautifully reflexed; large and glossy corolla of a deep crimson purple colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE GIANT, a splendid variety, producing long racemes of flowers of immense size; one of the largest double white corollas. 1*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *General Collection at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

FUCHSIAS.

HYBRIDS AND SPECIES.

BOLIVIANA, a remarkably ornamental and attractive species, discovered by M. Roezl in Bolivia. It is of compact growth, and its branches terminate in large bunches of beautiful drooping flowers, about 3 inches long and of a rich carmine crimson colour, with bright carmine corolla. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CANARY BIRD, a showy and attractive variety; foliage of a golden yellow colour; leaves prettily veined; flowers well formed; tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broad and finely reflexed; corolla of a rich dark purple colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CH. DARWIN, a dwarf and free-flowering variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia;* it has tubular flowers of a brilliant rosy carmine colour; the sepals long, slightly reflexed, rose tipped with yellowish green; long expanded corolla of a reddish yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FUCHSIAS—Continued.

DR. GODRON, this variety is from the same cross as the preceding; it is of dwarf habit and produces drooping flowers nearly 4 inches long; the tube is of a brilliant purplish rose colour; the sepals pointed with orange yellow; the corolla is very wide and of a rich orange vermilion colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ED. ANDRE, an extremely free flowering variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*, resembling the latter in its narrow foliage and in the form of its flowers, which are very large, with open corolla of a pale orange colour and long carmine tube and sepals, which are yellowish at the points. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GRACILIS VARIEGATA, an elegant variety of good habit, with small leaves broadly margined with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

H. LECOQ, an attractive variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*; it has large tube-shaped flowers about 1½ to 2 inches long, carmine red at the base and dark rose at the summit; straw-coloured recurved sepals; rosy orange corolla; dwarf habit. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MICROPHYLLA, a distinct species with miniature foliage, flowers and growth. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PROCUMBENS, a distinct and interesting species; the flowers are about three-quarters of an inch long, with a linear-oblong ovary, surmounted by an orange-yellow funnel-shaped calyx tube which is divided at the throat into four reflexed segments, nearly as long as the tube and of a deep violet colour edged with green. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6139. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RAINBOW, an extremely pretty variety with attractively variegated leaves, the colours of which are rose, white and crimson on a light green ground. The flowers have a double white corolla contrasting well with the bright carmine tube and sepals, the latter being nicely reflexed. 5*s.*

RICOARTONI, a beautiful hardy variety, useful for out door planting. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SPLENDENS, a free-blooming attractive species, producing rich crimson flowers with the ends of the sepals light green. It is of free growth and easy cultivation, continues a long time in beauty, and is very useful as a winter-flowering plant. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SUNRAY, a beautiful plant, with leaves of a rich bright crimson, white and bronzy green, in about equal parts. The flowers are of fine form; scarlet tube and sepals; light purple corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

When in Japan Mr. Fortune selected and sent to this country seven remarkable Chrysanthemums, which proved exceedingly distinct in size, form and colour, from the ordinary kinds grown here. From the types then introduced, have been raised the following, which are still more remarkable for their diversity, possessing as they do either enormous size, peculiarity of form or novelty of colour. Although of a distinct type from the Chrysanthemums in general cultivation, no difference in treatment or soil is necessary to secure a succession of Flowers from November until January or February. Many of them remain longer in bloom, and bloom later than the Chinese kinds, so that we may have our greenhouses gay with them all through the dull winter months, when flowers are scarce. The effect produced in the conservatory by their fantastic forms and brilliant colours is most novel and pleasing, many of their immense blooms having more the appearance of tassels formed of the gay plumage of tropical birds than of flowers.

ADMIRANDA, flesh colour, with dark carmine centre; a fine flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMARANTINA CARMINATA, bright amaranth tipped with white; a fine flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARLEQUIN, dark crimson tipped and blotched with gold; a very effective variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BEAUTÉ PARFAITE, a very free-blooming variety, producing superb flowers of a rosy lilac colour marked with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BELLE CASTELLANE, lilac mauve, pointed with dark buff; a very fine flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BERTIER RENDATLER, bright canary, the florets darkly tipped; a fine large showy flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BISMARCK, bright orange shaded with amber. 1*s.*

BOUQUET FAIT, immense flowers with twisted florets; colour rich rose and silvery white, with golden centre; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BRONZE DRAGON, a large flower of a bronzy-salmon colour. 1*s.*

CHROMATELLA, bright chrome or orange yellow, a very rich and intense shade of colour, good habit, free flowering and double; a valuable late blooming variety. 1*s.*

CRITERION, buff yellow; a fine flower of good form; dwarf and free. 1*s.*

DIAMOND, bronze mixed with orange; a fine large flower. 1*s.*

DR. MASTERS, a very distinct and showy variety, with long sword-like florets, opening with a large centre of bright yellow, the exterior being formed of showy red florets, and the centre changing to red as the flower-heads expand, the florets then becoming tipped with gold. 1*s.*

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

ELAINE, white, the reverse of the florets tinted carmine ; a very fine large free flower. 1*s.*

ESPÉRANCE, a fine large flower with curiously twisted florets of a rosy lilac colour, tipped with white ; very distinct and beautiful. 5*s.*

ETHEL, pure white ; a beautiful formed flower with broad florets ; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FAIR MAID OF GUERNSEY, pure white ; a fine large flower. 1*s.*

FULGARE, a large full flower, with long twisted florets of a rosy purple colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FULTON, a large and fine flower with long twisted florets of a clear bright yellow colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GARNET, light blood red or garnet ; flower heads composed of long curled florets, which form a kind of drooping fringe round an anomone centre. 1*s.*

GLOIRE DE ST. MARTIN, a very large flower with long twisted florets of a beautiful rose colour tipped with pure white ; the reverse of the florets carmine. 5*s.*

GLOIRE DE TOULOUSE, amaranth, crimson and white ; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

GLORIOSUM, flower-heads of large size, composed of very long slender florets of a bright orange colour, curiously twisted and curled. 1*s.*

GRANDIFLORUM, a fine large tasselled flower of a golden yellow colour. 1*s.*

HIVER FLEURI, very large double flowers, cream colour tinted with rosy violet, the edges of the florets and centre of the flower buff yellow ; novel and distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JANE SALTER, white, bordered and striped with rosy lilac ; large flower-heads composed of long broad curled florets ; early and very free flowering. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 1*s.*

KATAKANA, brilliant orange, shaded saffron, and striped with yellow ; the reverse of the florets yellow. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA FRISURE, a fine large full flower with peculiarly twisted and curled florets of a soft rose colour marked with white ; the under side of the florets being of a silvery shade. 5*s.*

L'AMIE DU CŒUR, a variety with very small flowers, of beautiful form and very double, with long curled and twisted florets of a beautiful light rose colour, tipped with white and silver on their reverse side ; the centre of the flower yellow ; exceedingly pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LA NYMPHE, a very pretty flower of a delicate peach colour shaded with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LILACEUM ROSEUM, rosy lilac, with broad florets ; a very fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAC MAHON, a very fine variety, producing enormous violet lilac flowers with white back ; a fine star like flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME BERTIER RENDATLER, large flowers very double and of fine form ; nankeen shaded with rose ; quite a novel colour ; a free blooming and attractive variety. 5*s.*

MADAME BOUCHARLAT AINÉ, a magnificent flower with long quilled florets of a beautiful canary yellow colour ; one of the finest varieties of this colour. 5*s.*

MAGNUM BONUM, rosy lilac with lighter back ; the flower heads, which are very large, are composed of broad flat fringed florets. 1*s.*

METEOR, bright golden yellow, changing to orange ; florets very long and curiously curled ; a very early and free-blooming variety of the actinioid class. 1*s.*

M. CHARLES HUBERT, an enormous flower, very double, with vertical florets, of a canary yellow colour ; producing large trusses of from eight to ten very fine flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. CHATÉ, a beautifully-formed quilled flower ; outer florets of a rosy peach colour ; central florets white lightly tipped with rose. 5*s.*

M. CROUSSE, crimson, central florets incurved and of a golden yellow colour ; a splendid flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. DÉLAUX, a very fine full large flower of a rich reddish crimson colour ; the florets which are long and twisted, are of a beautiful golden yellow colour on their under side. 5*s.*

M. LEMOINE, a large double flower of a rich reddish crimson colour, tipped with bright yellow ; golden centre, the reverse of the florets buff yellow ; distinct and striking. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEC PLUS ULTRA, dark chamois, spotted with yellow, well formed and very double. 1*s.*

NUIT D'AUTOMNE, a very fine variety with partially incurved flowers of a fiery crimson amaranth colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NUIT D'HIVER, saffron bronze, tinted brown and tipped with golden yellow ; the reverse of the florets sulphur yellow ; dwarf and free. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PÈRE DÉLAUX, an attractive variety with immense flowers of a rich velvety reddish brown colour ; remarkably showy. 5*s.*

PETER THE GREAT, fine large flowers of a lemon yellow colour ; very free. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PURPUREUM ALBUM, rich purple, mottled and spotted white ; flower heads of medium size, and not unlike a bunch of purple and white ribbon formed into a loose tassel. 1*s.*

PYRAMIDALE, a very full flower, with erect quilled florets of a canary yellow colour passing to brick red ; it is very free, of dwarf habit, and exceedingly attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

RED DRAGON, red chestnut, tipped with yellow, and sometimes spotted with gold ; flower heads very double and of immense size. 1*s.*

REINE DES BEAUTÉS, small double flowers with long recurved florets of a most brilliant crimson colour ; the reverse of the florets golden yellow ; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROB ROY, tubular florets purple red with the expanded portions pale amber, like the colours of the wild Honeysuckle. 1*s.*

ROSA BONHEUR, immense flowers of a rich deep violet colour shaded with carmine ; a novel and attractive variety. 5*s.*

ROSE SUPRÊME, delicate rose, lighter towards the edge of the flower, and slightly tinted with lilac in the centre. 5*s.*

ROSETTA, dark rose purple ; back of the florets, which are of great length, and twisted and curled in the most fantastic manner, of a silvery lilac colour ; a novel and curious variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

R. T. BIGGS, a very fine large showy flower of a rich crimson colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SARNIA, white, with a beautiful stripe down each floret ; very novel and distinct. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SOURCE D'OR, golden yellow, rayed and speckled with dark yellow ; a very fine large flower. 5*s.*

SPLENDENS, transparent chrome yellow, tinted with orange ; florets very long and broad, curling inwards ; flower-heads double, and of immense size ; a free blooming and very dwarf variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

STAR, very large orange yellow florets, of great breadth and length, radiating from a golden disc. 1*s.*

TENDRESSE, large and very full flowers of a soft chamois colour, bordered with rose ; a beautiful variety, novel and distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THE DAIMIO, pale pink, changing to rosy lilac ; flower-heads large, double, and of great substance ; an attractive variety of the ribbon-formed section. 1*s.*

THE SULTAN, flower-heads of immense size, composed of a mass of bright rosy purple florets, with a lighter back ; a highly ornamental variety. 1*s.*

TRIOMPHE DE LA RUE DU CHATÊLET, an immense flower, of beautiful form and very distinct ; colour salmon shaded rose, with golden yellow centre ; very fine. 5*s.*

TRIOMPHE DU NORD, a fine large flower, of a bronze chestnut colour. 1*s.*

VICEROY OF EGYPT, deep rosy crimson and white back, first row of florets quilled, the rest very broad and curled inwards. 1*s.*

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

ABBÉ PASSAGLIA, brassy amber, broad incurved florets ; a beautiful show flower. 1*s.*

AIMÉE-FERRIÈRE, silver white, beautifully tipped with rose pink, incurved and very fine. 1*s.*

ALFONSO, a late-blooming variety, producing very fine large flowers of a bright glowing crimson colour, tipped with gold ; extremely showy and attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ALFRED SALTER, delicate pink ; a very large, fine and beautifully incurved flower. 1*s.*

ARIADNE, cream and rose, a very pleasing colour ; large and fine for specimens. 1*s.*

AUREUM MULTIFLORUM, bright pure yellow, incurved, of medium size, dwarf and fine. 1*s.*

AURORE, very large and extremely full flowers, produced in immense trusses, colour buff yellow, the reverse of the florets lilac. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BARBARA, an exceedingly fine variety, of a very rich and bright golden yellow colour ; it is a splendid incurved show flower, very full, double, and perfectly symmetrical. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BARON BEUST, red chestnut, with gold tips on the under surface ; florets smooth and finely incurved. 1*s.*

BEAUTY, peach blush ; a beautiful flower. 1*s.*

BEETHOVEN, bronzed red, with slight golden tips on the under surface ; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved ; very double and of free habit. 1*s.*

BEVERLEY, large ivory white broad incurved florets of exquisite form ; a splendid show flower. 1*s.*

BRONZE JARDIN DES PLANTES, bronzed orange with yellow centre ; a very fine incurved flower. 1*s.*

CAPTIVATION, cream, shaded and heavily bordered with carmine ; a very fine double flower. 1*s.*

C. E. WATERS, a fine show flower of a rich amber colour, beautifully incurved. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CHERUB, golden amber, with rosy tint ; a large and finely-incurved flower. 1*s.*

CHEVALIER DOMAGE, bright gold, splendid colour. 1*s.*

CLEOPATRA, blush, with rosy shade, beautifully incurved. 1*s.*

DAPHNE, sulphur, incurved ; a fine pot plant. 1*s.*

DIDO, sulphur white, with stiff incurved florets, very double, dwarf compact habit and very fine. 1*s.*

DR. LINDLEY, a large flower, dark orange with amber centre ; broad incurved florets. 1*s.*

DR. ROZAS, rose crimson, incurved and very fine. 1*s.*

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

DR. SHARPE, a very fine flower of a crimson magenta colour. 1*s.*

DUKE OF EDINBURGH, rose lilac with lighter centre, very large and finely incurved. 1*s.*

EMBLEM, a fine large flower of a light rosy purple colour; very showy and effective. 1*s.*

EMPRESS OF INDIA, *vide* **WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND.**

ENAMEL, delicate blush white, wide incurved florets, very double and free. 1*s.*

E. SANDERSON, a very fine flower of a bronzy red colour; showy and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EVE, sulphur yellow, incurved; a delicate flower. 1*s.*

EXQUISITE, a fine variety, with very full and double blossoms, of exquisitely incurved form; colour a bright golden yellow, the outer petals shaded orange and reflected salmon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FAUST, bronze crimson purple, incurved and very full, extra fine dwarf habit and foliage. 1*s.*

FELICITY, pure white, with a lemon centre; florets broad, stiff and finely incurved; habit dwarf and compact. 1*s.*

FINGAL, a large flower, rose violet with lighter back, very double and symmetrical, florets wide and finely incurved; a noble show flower. 1*s.*

FLORA, bright lilac peach, shading off to white; florets broad and finely incurved. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GARIBALDI, red chestnut, very large attractive flower-heads. 1*s.*

GAZELLE, bright crimson tipped with yellow; an exceedingly attractive variety, of dwarf compact growth; flowers large and of fine form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GEORGE PEABODY, pearl white; back of florets dark lilac purple, beautifully incurved and very double; a first-rate show flower. Figured in the *Floral Magazine.* 1*s.*

GLOBE WHITE (WHITE GLOBE), incurved and fine. 1*s.*

GLORIA MUNDI, brilliant golden yellow, beautifully incurved, very high in the centre, fine dwarf habit and very free. 1*s.*

GOLDEN BEVERLEY, golden canary colour; a beautiful incurved show flower. 1*s.*

GOLDEN CHRISTINE, golden buff, large and fine for specimens. 1*s.*

GOLDEN EMPRESS OF INDIA, a very fine incurved flower of a beautiful golden yellow colour. 1*s.*

GOLDEN JOHN SALTER, golden yellow changing to amber; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND, golden canary; very large and fine. 1*s.*

GOLDEN TRILBY, clear yellow; a finely incurved flower. 1*s.*

HERCULES, large red carmine, incurved; this, when well grown, is the largest variety known. 1*s.*

HERMINE, blush, tipped purple; incurved and extra fine. 1*s.*

HERO OF STOKE NEWINGTON, rosy blush shaded with purple. 1*s.*

IONA, bright citron yellow, beautifully incurved, high centre and a model of form. 1*s.*

JARDIN DES PLANTES, bright golden orange; a splendid colour; flowers finely incurved. 1*s.*

JOHN SALTER, reddish crimson shading off to orange in the centre; a fine incurved flower. 1*s.*

JULIE LAGRAVÈRE, dark velvety crimson, finer colour than *Bob*; extra fine. 1*s.*

KING OF DENMARK, bright rosy lilac, incurved and fine. 1*s.*

LADY HARDING, delicate rosy pink, tipped with blush, large and finely incurved. 1*s.*

LADY SLADE, delicate lilac pink with blush centre; beautifully incurved. 1*s.*

LADY TALFOURD, delicate rose lilac, with silvery back, florets beautifully incurved and of a shell-like form, very double and of medium size. 1*s.*

LEDA, large white; a fine late flowering variety. 1*s.*

LE GRAND, extra large, florets broad and stout, elegantly incurved, colour delicate rosy peach, shading to fawn, the florets next the centre faintly striped. 1*s.*

L'ÉMIR, light crimson, incurved and fine. 1*s.*

LORD DERBY, very dark purple, florets broad and finely incurved, flower-heads globular or cone-shaped; a most splendid variety either for cut blooms or specimens. 1*s.*

LORD PALMERSTON, rose amaranth, tipped silvery blush, incurved, distinct and fine. 1*s.*

LORD STANLEY, large orange amber, finely incurved. 1*s.*

LUNA, golden yellow, with small brown tips, incurved; a fine show flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MAC MAHON, an enormous flower, with large broad florets; colour a beautiful rosy lilac, with white back; a very fine, free-flowering, dwarf-growing variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME CHATÈ, a very large flower with fine broad florets; white striped lilac; cream coloured centre. 5*s.*

MARÉCHAL DUROC, fine rose and lilac, incurved. 1*s.*

MONARCH, dark Indian red; back of the florets golden yellow; finely incurved and of immense size; a magnificent show flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MOUNT EDGCUMBE, transparent sulphur white, delicately tinted with rose; very large, double and beautifully incurved. Figured in the *Floral Magazine.* 1*s.*

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

MOUNT ETNA, a fine flower of a chestnut red colour. 1*s.*

M. ELIE, bright amaranth with silvery reflections ; the reverse of the florets white. 5*s.*

M. NARDY AINÉ, a fine large flower, of a very bright rosy salmon colour, with the reverse of the florets white ; an extremely dwarf and free-flowering variety. 1*s.*

MR. BRUNLEES, large Indian red, with tips incurved; a fine showy flower. 1*s.*

MR. COBAY, a splendid flower of a ruby red colour ; fine for specimens and cut blooms. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MR. GEORGE GLENNY, a very fine large flower of a bright amber or straw colour. 1*s.*

MR. JAMES LANG, a very finely-formed flower, with broad incurving florets of a bright yellow colour, slightly suffused at the base ; dwarf and of excellent habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MR. MURRAY, velvet rose, very full and fine. 1*s.*

MR. W. H. MORGAN, a very fine large flower of a bright yellow colour. 1*s.*

MRS. DIXON, a remarkably fine flower of a rich golden yellow colour ; very attractive. 1*s.*

MRS. G. RUNDLE, white, beautifully incurved. 1*s.*

MRS. HALIBURTON, sulphur white ; a fine incurved flower. 1*s.*

MRS. HEALE, pure white ; flowers of exquisite form. 1*s.*

MRS. HUFFINGTON, beautiful medium-sized flower-heads, blush white, with large and distinct tips of purple, finely incurved and of good habit. 1*s.*

MRS. MOGGRIDGE, silver lilac, with high centre, compact medium-sized flower-heads. 1*s.*

MRS. W. SHIPMAN, a splendid incurved large flower of a beautiful fawn shade ; very fine and distinct 3*s.* 6*d.*

MULBERRY, dark mulberry, not large, but incurved ; fine and very distinct. 1*s.*

NIL DESPERANDUM, dark red and orange ; a fine showy flower. 1*s.*

NOVELTY, large blush, beautifully incurved, but requires good cultivation. 1*s.*

ONDINE, cream, tipped rose lilac and lighter centre, fine incurved form. 1*s.*

ORANGE ANNIE SALTER, bright orange ; well adapted for specimens or the conservatory. 1*s.*

OSSIAN, large rose, incurved, very double and free ; an attractive conservatory plant. 1*s.*

PINK PERFECTION, soft pink, the lower florets tinted with a darker shade ; flower-heads large and of exquisite form, composed of broad incurved wax-like florets of great substance. 1*s.*

PLENIPO, rose purple, with silvery shade ; very double, close, and of large size. 1*s.*

PRINCE ALFRED, a very large and fine flower of a rosy crimson colour. 1*s.*

PRINCE OF WALES, dark purple violet, with lighter shade, beautifully incurved. 1*s.*

PRINCESS BEATRICE, this variety has grand incurved flower-heads, of the finest form and style, and the colour is a beautiful lively tint of rosy pink ; a splendid show flower. 1*s.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, pearl white ; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

PROGNE, amaranth ; a very brilliant colour ; the flowers have the odour of violets. 1*s.*

PURPUREUM ELEGANS, rich purple violet or crimson, with half-incurved florets, of medium size, very double and free ; a scarce and most attractive shade of colour. 1*s.*

REFULGENS, a fine flower of good form ; colour a deep claret crimson ; very attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RIFLEMAN, dark ruby, beautifully incurved, fine for cut blooms or specimens. 1*s.*

RIVAL LITTLE HARRY, dark yellow or golden amber, very double and finely incurved ; a seedling from *Little Harry*, with broader florets and more robust habit, but equally dwarf. 1*s.*

ROTUNDIFLORUM, pearl white, changing to pale lilac as the flower-head expands, when it becomes a complete ball ; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved. 1*s.*

SAINT PATRICK, ruby red, finely incurved, large, free, and fine for cut blooms. 1*s.*

SERAPH, sulphur, with yellow centre, finely incurved. 1*s.*

STAFFA, golden yellow, with stiff incurved florets of wax-like appearance. 1*s.*

STELLARE GLOBOSUM, carmine crimson and white, incurved ; a beautiful show flower. 1*s.*

SULPHUREUM SUPERBUM, clear sulphur yellow, very double and fine for specimens. 1*s.*

THE REV. C. BOYS, bright shining crimson, very faintly shaded at tip of florets, which are very broad, stout, and beautifully incurved ; a splendid exhibition variety, very free and of good habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE EVE, pure white, of exquisite form and wax-like appearance. 1*s.*

WHITE GLOBE, *vide* **GLOBE WHITE.**

WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND (EMPRESS OF INDIA), ivory white, finely incurved. 1*s.*

WHITE VENUS, pure white ; a finely incurved flower. 1*s.*

YELLOW KING, large yellow, incurved ; a noble late flower. 1*s.*

ZEPHYR, salmon red and yellow, incurved and fine. 1*s.*

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to make good selections of 100 in 50 varieties for 75s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—ANEMONE-FLOWERED.

ACQUISITION, bright rose lilac and yellow disc ; guard florets broad and regular ; centre very high and round ; a splendid flower. 1*s.*

BIJOU, bright rosy purple ; guard florets broad and stiff ; disc high and finely formed. 1*s.*

EMPRESS, a very large lilac flower, with broad guard florets and light centre. 1*s.*

FAIR MARGARET, delicate rose pink, distinct colour. 1*s.*

FINETTE, a delicate lilac peach, with lighter centre ; guard florets broad and well arranged. 1*s.*

FLEUR DE MARIE, a splendid large white flower. 1*s.*

GEORGES SAND, red with gold centre ; a very attractive variety. 1*s.*

GLUCK, golden yellow ; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

KING OF ANEMONES, a large and distinct flower of a crimson purple colour. 1*s.*

LADY MARGARET, large white anemone, with double row of guard florets. 1*s.*

MARGARET OF NORWAY, light red and rose centre. 1*s.*

MISS EYRE, blush, with yellow centre, medium size, dwarf habit, and very free. 1*s.*

MRS. PETHERS, rosy lilac ; a beautiful flower. 1*s.*

PRINCE OF ANEMONES, large lilac blush, and fine high centre. 1*s.*

PRINCESS LOUISE, delicate rosy lilac, with a full high centre ; very fine. 1*s.*

PRINCESS MARGUERITE, lilac pink, with lighter centre. 1*s.*

VIRGINALE, pure white ; a very dwarf late-flowering variety. 1*s.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—POMPONS, LILIPUTIANS AND HYBRIDS.

AIGLE D'OR, hybrid, splendid canary yellow. 1*s.*

AMPHILLA, a most useful and effective variety, flowers of a bright glowing red colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMY, clear yellow, dwarf habit, fine form and free. 1*s.*

ANNETTE, silvery lilac tipped with purple ; creamy white towards the centre of the flower ; full, and of good form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARABELLA, hybrid, blush. 1*s.*

ARIOSTO, a fine flower of an attractive amaranth crimson colour, slightly shaded with yellow ; very dwarf and prettily fringed. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AURORE, very fine bright orange coloured flowers of perfect form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BARRA, crimson, shaded with purple ; a beautiful flower with good broad florets ; very fine. 1*s.*

BERROL, golden yellow ; extra fine for specimen plants. 1*s.*

BOLIDE, a very full and regularly formed imbricated flower of a golden yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CENDRILLON, a full double flower of a rosy lilac colour, the reverse of the florets white ; a dwarf-growing and early-flowering variety. 1*s.*

CHAMPS ELYSÉES, an attractive flower of a rich violet amaranth colour ; extra fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CLEMENTINE, a first-rate hybrid variety, producing medium-sized flowers of a rich lemon yellow colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CRIMSON PERFECTION, a most desirable and effective variety, with beautiful bright crimson flowers ; one of the richest and best colours in the Pompon section. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DANAE, bright gold, very dwarf, abundant bloomer and fine for specimens. 1*s.*

DIOGÈNE, a beautifully imbricated flower of a showy amaranth colour. 1*s.*

DRIN DRIN, clear yellow ; very fine. 1*s.*

ERNEST BENARY, a full well-formed flower, white, tinted with rose ; very dwarf and free. 1*s.*

FABIOLA, a very dwarf-habited variety, freely producing large corymbs of pretty lilac flowers with fine broad florets. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FAIRY, lemon, with dark orange border. 1*s.*

GARRÉLOU, a distinct and attractive flower of a reddish crimson colour, blotched with gold and tipped with rich yellow ; the reverse of the florets golden yellow. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GÉNÉRAL CANROBERT, pure yellow ; very fine for specimens. 1*s.*

GOLDEN CIRCLE, bright golden orange, of dwarf habit and fine for specimen plants. 1*s.*

HECLA, an attractive variety, producing flowers of a very bright amaranth colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

POMPON, LILLIPUTIAN AND HYBRID CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

IRIS, white, tipped with bright pink, double and of fine form. 1*s.*

JASON, bright clear amaranth; a beautifully-formed medium-sized hybrid flower, distinct and attractive; of dwarf habit and very free flowering. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JERSEY GEM, golden yellow; flowers of excellent form with the florets slightly and prettily laciniated, and lightly tipped with crimson on the back. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JULIA ENGELBACK, yellow and brown points, very distinct and fine. 1*s.*

LA RENONCULE, rosy carmine, tipped with gold; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LE PARNASSE, clear violet; an extremely effective flower. 1*s.*

LITTLE BEAUTY, white, bordered with delicate rosy pink; very full and fine. 1*s.*

LITTLE KATE, blush, with primrose centre; fine form and compact habit. 1*s.*

LIZZIE HOLMES, canary yellow, with rose tint, of exquisite form; free and dwarf. 1*s.*

LUCIEN CABOCHE, light rose pink; new colour and fine. 1*s.*

LUCINDA, rosy lilac and blush, full and fine. 1*s.*

LUCRÈCE, a splendid variety, producing finely-formed fimbriated flowers of a very brilliant orange colour, shaded with reddish brown. 1*s.*

LUSTRE, a distinct and pretty variety producing medium-sized flowers of a silvery rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME DE VATRY, rose, lilac and white. 1*s.*

MADAME EUGÈNE DOMAGE, pure white, very fine. 1*s.*

MADAME FERRAND, clear rosy lilac, all the florets finely embroidered with pure white, flower medium, reflexed; a very fine variety. 1*s.*

MADAME RIVAL VERNE, a very dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing fine trusses of full well-formed creamy white flowers, with golden centre; excellent for bedding. 1*s.*

MADEMOISELLE MARTHE, pure white, good well-formed flowers; a useful variety. 1*s.*

MADEMOISELLE OPOIX, a semi-double flower of a very bright yellow colour; dwarf, free and well adapted for bedding. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. DIX, blush, bordered with rose, full size; very double; the finest flower of this colour. 1*s.*

M. HOSTE, pure snowy white, finely-formed flowers; excellent for bouquets. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. ULRICH, a very fine full flower, of a reddish amaranth colour tipped with white. 1*s.*

MUSTAPHA, dark brown crimson, very free. 1*s.*

OLIVAR, a fine hybrid, extremely dwarf and floriferous; clear light brown flowers of excellent form; very distinct and pretty. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PABLO, fine flowers, excessively full and beautifully fringed; rose colour, slightly tinged with purple; very showy and attractive. 1*s.*

PETIT MIGNON, a very pretty little flower, with fimbriated florets of a dark mauve colour, tipped with yellow. 1*s.* 6*d.*

POLYCARP, medium-sized flowers of a light rosy peach colour, prettily fringed. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PRÉCOCITÉ, a remarkably free-flowering variety, producing its pretty light yellow flowers in the utmost profusion. 1*s.*

PRESIDENT DECAISNE, rosy carmine, fine violet scented. 1*s.*

PRINCE VICTOR, dark red maroon, double and fine. 1*s.*

PROSERPINE, a very dwarf variety, of a bright yellow colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RAJAH, a floriferous variety of dwarf habit, producing medium-sized bright rose flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROSE D'AMOUR, clear rose, full size, very fine and free and of dwarf habit. 1*s.*

ROSE TREVENNA, rosy blush, extra fine. 1*s.*

ROSINA, an extremely pretty flower of a beautiful pink colour, with the back of the florets bright carmine. 1*s.*

SAINT JUSTIA, red and orange, fine. 1*s.*

SAINT MICHAEL, very bright gold, equal in colour to *Jardin des Plantes*, dwarf habit. 1*s.*

SALAMON, dark rose carmine, very free and fine. 1*s.*

SR. DE MR. RAMPONT, a dwarf and free-blooming variety; flowers of a beautiful rich reddish brown colour. 5*s.*

THERMOS, a very pretty variety, producing extremely double flowers of a bronzy cinnamon colour, shaded with yellow. 1*s.* 6*d.*

TIMOUR, medium-sized flowers, of a rich canary yellow colour, tipped and shaded with rosy purple; the plant is of dwarf habit and exceedingly free flowering. 1*s.*

TROPHÉE, rose mottled, fine. 1*s.*

VARIEGATUM, an exceedingly pretty variety with large well-formed flowers of a light magenta colour, the florets tipped and margined with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLET UNIQUE, a beautifully-formed flower of a dark carmine violet colour; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED POMPON

AGATHA, flowers very full and double, of a bluish pink colour, tipped with gold; a pretty dwarf variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CALLIOPE, bright ruby red, with full high centre, very fine. 1*s.*

EUGÉNE LAUJAULET, hybrid, yellow with orange centre, fine. 1*s.*

FIREFLY, bright capucin scarlet with high centre, a very distinct and striking colour. 1*s.*

GRACE DARLING, fine lilac with blush centre. 1*s.*

LILAC CEDO NULLI, rose lilac, fine for specimens. 1*s.*

MADAME MONTELS, hybrid white with yellow centre, very distinct and beautiful. 1*s.*

MARIE STUART, lilac blush with high sulphur centre, very fine. 1*s.*

MISS NIGHTINGALE, blush with white centre, very full and fine. 1*s.*

MR. ASTIE, golden yellow, dwarf and splendid form. 1*s.*

MRS. WYNESS, rose lilac, high centre, free and fine. 1*s.*

SIDONIE, lilac, with high blush centre, full sized. 1*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE PETUNIAS.

For New Varieties offered for the first time, vide page 9.

Those marked thus (*) *have double flowers.*

A. BLEU, a large flower of a bright rose colour, margined with carmine; white throat lightly striped with dark purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__ANNA KLEIN__, dark rose shaded purple and slightly spotted with white; dwarf and free flowering. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__AUG. VAN GEERT__, a very fine flower with undulated petals; pure white sprinkled with small violet carmine spots; very attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CALMAR, *vide* page 9.

*__CH. HUBER__, bright carmine striped and flaked with white; all the petals bordered with pure white; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONRAD, *vide* page 9.

DAPHNE, *vide* page 9.

DR. LUCAS, crimson reticulated with purple; very dark throat; an attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__E. BENARY__, a large and fine flower with undulated petals, which are prettily fringed; carmine bordered with lilac and spotted with white; a very beautiful flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__ED. MORREN__, a very fine large flower; centre lilac and white, outer petals pure white; very pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__F. PERTUZÊS__, a fine large well-formed flower, with fringed petals of a rich carmine crimson colour; centre of the flower pure white; dwarf and free. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__GEORGE BERTIER__, a beautifully formed flower with imbricated petals; pure white, attractively marked with rich carmine crimson; very distinct and showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__G. MORLET__, a fine flower with imbricated and toothed petals of a rich violet colour, with a velvety bluish shade. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__H. DEMAY__, a large flower of a fresh cerise carmine colour, blotched and striped with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__HOMÈRE__, a very large flower with the edges of the petals undulated but not toothed; white flaked and marbled with carmine rose; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__J. LINDEN__, a magnificent flower of good form and distinct colour; rich velvety purple shaded with dark blue. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__JACOB MAKOY__, a distinct and beautiful flower of fine form; colour a beautiful cerise purple maculated with green, and the petals tipped with green. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__MADAME BERTIER-RENDATLER__, a magnificent variety, producing fine large full flowers of exquisite form, with the petals beautifully fringed and undulated; pearl white sprinkled with long blotches of carmine purple; very attractive. 5*s.*

*__MADAME FR. BUCHNER__, a fine large flower with toothed and fringed petals of a bright rose colour, blotched and maculated with white; extremely attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*__MADAME THIBAUT__, well-formed flowers with undulated petals of a rich carmine crimson colour, maculated, flaked and spotted with white; a superb variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*__MADEMOISELLE A. KOCH__, a fine large flower with fringed and undulated petals of a pretty shade of clear mauve colour, bordered with pure white; the centre of the flower distinctly veined with purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE PETUNIAS—Continued.

*MADEMOISELLE GUERIN, a fine large flower, with undulated and toothed petals of a bright fresh rose colour. 3*s. 6d.*

*MADEMOISELLE GUILLEMIN, silvery white; the centre of the flower lilac reticulated with purple; the petals are beautifully imbricated and with toothed edges. 2*s. 6d.*

*MARIE CARÊME, mauve netted with rose and largely and irregularly bordered with white; a very fine full flower with beautifully fringed petals. 3*s. 6d.*

*M. A. CARRIÈRE, a splendid flower with a very dark centre; the petals, which are beautifully fringed and toothed, are of a rich bluish purple colour, largely bordered with white. 3*s. 6d.*

*M. A. FERRAT, a large flower of a rich carmine colour maculated with white; edges of the petals toothed. 3*s. 6d.*

*M. JOHN LAING, a splendid flower, the petals beautifully fringed, toothed and undulated; colour rosy mauve edged with silvery white. 3*s. 6d.*

*M. LÉON SIMON, a well-formed imbricated flower; rose striped with carmine and sometimes flaked with white. 3*s. 6d.*

*M. MACHET, pure white lightly maculated with violet in the centre; a well-formed flower with fringed petals. 3*s. 6d.*

M. MAMES, an exceedingly free-blooming and pretty variety; flowers of a very dark velvety purple colour bordered with lilac; very dark throat. 2*s. 6d.*

ONDINE, *vide* page 9.

*SOUVENIR DU COMTE DE LAMBERTYE, an immense flower, very double and of excellent form; the petals undulated and slightly toothed; colour rich reddish crimson. 3*s. 6d.*

*TH. SCHONGART, a very fine full flower of a rich plum colour; extremely attractive. 3*s. 6d.*

THYRZA, *vide* page 9.

URANIE, *vide* page 9.

Selections of other good double-flowered and single-flowered varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *General Collection at* 12*s.*, 18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE BEDDING AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

ALTERNANTHERA PURPUREA.

A new variety of dense compact habit, and of a deep purple shade, with a gray metallic reflection in the sun. It differs completely from all other Alternantheras in its peculiar shade of colour, and is well adapted for carpet bedding. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGERATUM CUPID, 1*s.*
—— LADY JANE, 9*d.*
—— THE QUEEN, 1*s.*
BOUVARDIA ALBA ODORATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— BICOLOR, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— CANDIDISSIMA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BOUVARDIA HUMBOLDTII CORYMBIFLORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— JASMINOIDES LONGIPETALA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAIDEN BLUSH, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— QUEEN OF ROSES, 1*s.* 6*d.*

BOUVARDIA ROSEA OCULATA.

An exceedingly free blooming variety, producing abundantly, on the lateral as well as terminal shoots, corymbs of delicate flesh-coloured flowers, with deep rose eye; extremely distinct and pretty. 5*s.*

BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA ALBA, 1*s.*6*d.*
—— VREELANDII, 1*s.*
BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA CARNEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

CALCEOLARIA FUCHSIÆFOLIA.

A Peruvian species of erect habit with glossy foliage, freely producing its distinct and curiously shaped bright yellow blossoms during the winter months. The corolla is of peculiar formation, the lips nearly equal in diameter, the lower one saccate and very much inflated, the upper one almost circular. It is one of the most useful and effective of winter blooming plants with yellow flowers. 5*s.*

CANNAS.

These striking foliage plants, so effective for sub-tropical gardening and border grouping, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

COLEUS.

The utility of the Coleus for ornamental purposes, whether for bedding or for decoration, where coloured-leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well-known ; they are easily grown and make fine specimens in a short time. *Vide* page 17.

COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTURATA.

A free-growing and effective bedding plant, differing from the *C. Baueriana variegata* in having central instead of marginal variegation. The leaves are ovate and bluntly rounded, and they have a smooth surface of pale green, marked with blotches of pale yellow and creamy white, spreading out from the mid-rib on one or both sides, and assuming a variety of grotesque forms. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.

This is a very useful variegated-leaved bedding plant, and for border or ribbon planting is extremely effective ; indeed, it is one of the most attractive and useful of summer bedding plants.

It has moderate-sized glossy obovate leaves, which are bright green in the centre, with very broad white marginal variegation, this marginal portion being creamy yellow in a young state, which diversity adds much to the beauty of the plant. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

DAHLIAS.

Choice Exhibition Varieties, 9*s.*, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.
Choice Exhibition Varieties, Fancy Flowers, 9*s.*, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.
Dwarf Bedding Varieties, 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.
Bouquet or Pompon Varieties, 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.

DELPHINIUMS.

These handsome-flowered perennials are extremely showy and effective ; and from the various shades of blue to be met with in their fine spikes of blossom, they are among the most attractive features in a garden. 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per dozen.

ECHEVERIA AGAVOIDES, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CARINATA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CLAVIFOLIA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CŒRULESCENS,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FERREA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GLAUCO-METALLICA,** 1*s.* 6*d.* & 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDISEPALA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IMBRICATA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METALLICA,** 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
ECHEVERIA MUTABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **OVATA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PEACOCKII (DE SMETIANA),** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRUINOSA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RETUSA FLORIBUNDA SPLENDENS,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GLAUCA,** 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEO-PICTA,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCAPHYLLA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*

ECHEVERIA SCHEIDECKERI.

A very distinct variety, obtained from a cross between *Echeveria secunda glauca* and *Pachyphytum bracteatum* ; the leaves, which are short and thick, are of a light glaucous hue ; the plant is of neat and compact growth, and will be very useful for bedding. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ECHEVERIA SECUNDA, 9*d.* each ; 6*s.* per doz.
ECHEVERIA SECUNDA GLAUCA, 9*d.* each ; 6*s.* per doz.
ECHEVERIA SPATHULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

HELIOTROPES.

CAMÉLÉON, a pretty variety producing dark rosy lilac flowers with white centre ; very attractive. 5*s.*

LILACEUM ROSEUM, rosy lilac changing as the flowers acquire age to a pale lilac colour ; a distinct and beautiful variety of good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MLLE. LUCIE, a very free-flowering variety producing large corymbs of beautiful violet carmine flowers shaded with rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARIE BOPPE, a fine variety producing corymbs of large flowers of a lilac colour on a white ground. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSE SUPREME, a beautiful variety of dwarf branching habit ; the flowers, which are produced in large corymbs, are of a rich rose colour shaded with violet ; very distinct and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SUFFRAGE, large compact corymbs of blue flowers with white centre ; a very fine variety. 5*s.*

SURPRISE, an attractive variety producing very large corymbs of flowers of an azure blue colour darkly shaded. 5*s.*

TRIOMPHE, a very free blooming variety of vigorous habit producing immense compact corymbs of dark violet flowers with white centre. 5*s.*

IRESINE WALLISII.

A distinct new species of dwarf compact habit; the leaves are small, round and of an attractive reddish purple colour with intense metallic green reflections, producing a brilliant effect. Its richly coloured foliage and bushy habit render it very useful for bedding. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW LANTANAS.

LE GRENADIER, a vigorous growing variety, producing large round trusses of fine flowers of a clear yellow colour changing to crimson purple, striped with white. 5*s.*

LE PATRIOTE, fine large well-formed flowers of a brilliant yellow colour with bright scarlet centre; a very rich and attractive variety of robust habit. 5*s.*

LE VAINQUEUR, a variety of vigorous habit, producing very large and well-formed flowers of a rich bright red colour changing to dark red; very showy. 5*s.*

PRÉTENTION, a robust growing variety producing fine large heads of creamy white flowers, centre brilliant yellow changing to rich carmine surrounded with amaranth; extremely attractive. 5*s.*

PRINCE DE GALLES, very large and fine flowers of a beautiful bronzy yellow colour with large bright red centre; a magnificent variety of robust growth. 5*s.*

SOUVENIR D'UN AMI, a variety of vigorous habit producing very large fringed flowers of excellent form; colour rich carmine crimson changing to violet amaranth; very beautiful. 5*s.*

SURPRISE, immense round fringed trusses of fine large flowers of a bright yellow colour changing to rich red with dark red centre; a fine variety of robust growth. 5*s.*

TRIOMPHE DU COMMERCE, a variety of vigorous growth producing strong well-formed trusses of very large fringed flowers of a bronzy yellow colour with bright red centre, changing to lilac violet with crimson centre; very fine. 5*s.*

VENUSTA, fine large flowers of a rich deep golden yellow colour with bright red centre; a beautiful variety of good robust habit. 5*s.*

LOBELIA ERINUS.

This dwarf-growing section of the Lobelias is exceedingly useful and effective. Their neat and compact habit and the redundancy with which their blossoms are produced, render them almost invaluable for bedding, especially for edgings and ribbon borders.

ANNETTE, lilac, with white eye prettily spotted with lilac. 1*s.*

BLUE BEARD, a very fine variety of the *speciosa* type, of compact free-branching habit, producing very large finely formed flowers of a rich, bright, deep blue colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BLUE BONNET, bright blue, with white centre spotted with dark blue. 1*s.*

BRIGHTON, a dwarf-habited variety producing a profusion of bright blue flowers. 1*s.*

CELESTIAL, celestial blue, with white centre, attractively spotted with indigo blue. 1*s.*

IMPERIAL, a splendid variety, of a lovely turquoise blue colour with attractive white centre. 1*s.*

OMEN, a beautiful rose-coloured flower, with distinct white eye. 1*s.*

SERENA, pure white, with upper lobes and tube light blue. 1*s.*

SPECIOSA ALBA, an extremely useful and effective variety, resembling the old *L. speciosa* in habit and growth, but having pure white flowers, which are produced in great profusion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLETTA, charming light blue, with white eye; a fine large flower, very pretty. 1*s.*

HERBACEOUS LOBELIAS.

MARVEL, puce, with light centre; an exceedingly attractive and well-formed flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RINGLEADER, light purple, a very pretty colour; free grower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SYPHILITICA GRANDIFLORA, very light pink, with white eye; a pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MIMULUS.

The new and improved varieties of this showy flower are very handsome, many of them blotched or freckled and spotted, on white, sulphur and yellow grounds; the lobes margined with crimson and maroon. Selections at 9*s.*, 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

MIMULUS MOSCHATUS HARRISONI, 9*d.* each; 6*s.* per dozen.

PELARGONIUMS, *vide* Index.

PETUNIAS, *vide* Index.

PENTSTEMONS.

As attractive and decorative plants, either for flower beds or borders, the modern varieties of Pentstemon have scarcely any rival, their cultivation being of the easiest description, while they are suitable to almost any soil, and their large and showy flowers are given with a remarkable redundancy from June to September. Choice sorts, 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

NEW PENTSTEMONS.

ALFRED PELLIER, bright rose with large white throat striped with crimson ; flowers produced horizontally. 5*s.*

DR. PLANCHON, a fine variety, producing compact spikes of large open flowers with white throat striped purple ; the lobes and tube violet mauve. 5*s.*

EDISON, fine large flowers ; the tube and edges of the lobes dark violet ; throat and centre pure white. 5*s.*

EMBLÈME, a splendid variety, giving fine spikes of large cerise amaranth flowers, the interior marbled with purple ; distinct and attractive. 5*s.*

FRANKLIN, an attractive variety producing erect flowers of a reddish vermilion colour ; white centre, veined with purple. 5*s.*

GÉNÉRAL NANSOUTY, fine spike of deep reddish crimson flowers ; each flower spotted with white at the intersections of the lobes. 5*s.*

JEANNE D'ARC, fine creamy white flowers of excellent form ; an extremely beautiful variety. 5*s.*

LEANDRE, a dwarf branching variety with flowers of a bright chocolate colour, violet month and white throat striped with brown. 5*s.*

MUNSTER, a beautiful flower of a soft rose colour, with white throat veined carmine. 5*s.*

SÉSOSTRIS, a showy variety, producing large bluish violet flowers, with white throat lightly veined. 5*s.*

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

SALVIA BETHELII.

A very effective variety, of compact sturdy habit, producing in great profusion its attractive flowers, which are of a bright rosy-pink colour, tipped with white ; it is a useful plant for winter blooming. 5*s.*

SALVIA BRUANTII

A dwarf-growing variety, producing fine large flowers of a dazzling velvety-red colour ; exceedingly attractive. 1*s.*

SALVIA CŒLESTINA.

A vigorous-growing variety, with quadrangular whitish stems and foliage, having toothed edges ; the flowers, which are freely produced in long branched spikes, are of a bluish lilac colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SALVIA HOVEYI.

This is a most desirable and handsome variety, of the habit and general character of *S. splendens*, but with dark blue flowers. 5*s.*

SALVIA GRAHAMI PURPURATA, 1*s.*
—— **HEERI,** 1*s.*
—— **NIGRESCENS,** 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VERSCHAFFELTII,** 1*s.*
SEMPERVIVUM ARACHNOIDEUM, 9*d.*
—— **CALCAREUM (CALIFORNICUM),** 9*d.* and 1*s.*
—— **CHRYSANTHUM,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
SEMPERVIVUM HAWORTHII, 1*s.*
—— **SPECIOSUM,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TECTORUM,** 9*d.*
STENOTAPHRUM GLABRUM VARIEGATUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TORENIA BAILLONII, bright yellow, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FOURNIERI,** sky-blue, 1*s.* 6*d.*

VERBENAS.

CHOICE KINDS, for bedding and pot culture, at 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.

For new varieties offered for the first time, vide pages 9 and 10.

VERONICA CHAMÆDRYS AUREA.

A golden-leaved form of this pretty plant, which for garden decorative purposes will be an acquisition. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLA BELLE DE CHATENAY.

An exceedingly beautiful violet, with fine large double well-formed pure white flowers, the petals of which are bordered with purplish lilac. It is an extremely useful variety for cutting, and is well adapted for forcing. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

A pretty and attractive variegated plant of the Labiate order, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has downy branches, which are furnished with opposite leaves ; these in this variety have a marginal variegation of white, which in some places leads to irregularity of outline. The flowers are violet purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED INDIAN AZALEA,

EMPRESS OF INDIA.

An extremely beautiful variety, of sterling merit, remarkably free-blooming and of nice compact growth. Its attractive double flowers are of very large size and excellent form, the outer petals elegantly undulated and slightly recurved outwards, showing the central petals; the ground colour is a warm rosy salmon tint, with a pure white border along the undulated part of every petal, and the upper petals are marked with a blotch of carmine spots.

It was awarded the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878, and has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society.

This splendid New Azalea will be sent out in September, 1879, at the following prices:—

Nice little plants, 12s. each; nice plants, 20s. each; larger plants, 40s. each.

ROSES.

Mr. William Bull will be happy to supply choice selections of Roses at the following Prices:—

	PER DOZEN.
NEW VARIETIES	42s.
SUPERIOR SELECTED STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18s., 24s. & 30s.
HALF STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18s. & 24s.
DWARFS, in fine varieties	12s. & 18s.
CLIMBING, in pots, the best, selected from Noisette, Banksian, Macartney, Hybrid China, Ayrshire, Boursault and Evergreen	12s. & 18s.
TEA-SCENTED, in pots.	18s., 24s. & 30s.
HYBRID PERPETUALS, finest varieties, in pots	18s., 24s. & 30s.

Extra-sized plants of the best varieties of Roses, in pots, for Exhibition or Forcing, at 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.

FOREIGN ORDERS.

Plants, Seeds, &c., for transmission abroad, selected and packed with the greatest possible care in Bull's Patent Plant Cases or close boxes, according to the nature of the goods, and despatched by the best Routes, Mail Steamers, Clipper Ships and Railways, to any part of the world.

A remittance must accompany all Foreign Orders.

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WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY ABOUT TO FURNISH CONSERVATORIES TO AN INSPECTION OF THE

MAGNIFICENT SPECIMEN ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

IN HIS

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SOME OF WHICH ARE THE MOST HANDSOME IN EUROPE;

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VARIEGATED ALOES AND YUCCAS
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NOBLE PALMS AND MUSAS
BEAUTIFUL CAMELLIAS AND LAPAGERIAS
CURIOUS CYCADS AND AGAVES
PICTURESQUE PHORMIUMS AND DRACÆNAS,

AND

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OF

TREE FERNS,

Well established, with handsome and graceful heads.

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ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS,

KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.

THE FOLLOWING ARE A FEW OF THE SPECIMENS IN

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S

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Mr. W. B. has a largo stock of smaller sizes of most of the plants quoted, as also of many others. Sizes and prices can be had on application.

AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA, fine specimen plants, 6 guineas each

ALSOPHILA LEICHARDTIANA, *vide* page 115.

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA, fine specimen plants. 4, 5 and 7 guineas each

ARECA BAUERI (SEAFORTHIA ROBUSTA), about 4 feet high. 6 guineas

—— **SAPIDA**, about 3 feet high. 6 guineas

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—— **DUC DE MORNY**, about 4 feet 6 inches high. 4 guineas

—— **ESMERALDA**, about 9 feet 6 inches high. 9 guineas

—— **FEASTII STRIATA**, about 4 feet 3 inches high. 3 guineas

—— **GÉNÉRAL DROUOT**, about 3 feet 10 inches high. 2½ guineas

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—— **MARCHIONESS OF EXETER**, about 9 feet 6 inches high. 9 guineas

—— **MONARCH**, about 7 feet 4 inches high. 6 guineas

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—— **FORTUNEI**, 3 to 4 feet high. 5 guineas each

—— **FORTUNEI**, 4 to 4½ feet high. 6 guineas each

—— **FORTUNEI**, 5 to 6 feet high. 8 guineas each

—— **FORTUNEI**, about 6 feet high. 10 guineas each

—— **FORTUNEI**, 6 to 7 feet high, a handsome plant. 15 guineas

—— **FORTUNEI**, about 8 feet high, and spreading about 8 feet; circumference of trunk at base about 2 feet. 25 guineas

—— **FORTUNEI**, about 10 feet high, and spreading 8 to 9 feet; circumference of trunk at base about 2 feet 3 inches. 50 guineas

—— **HUMILIS**, trunk about 3½ feet high and about 2 feet in circumference, head about 3½ feet high. 50 guineas

CHAMÆROPS HUMILIS ELEGANS, about 3 feet 4 inches high. 8 guineas

—— **HUMILIS ELEGANS**, about 4 feet 3 inches high. 10 guineas

CIBOTIUM GLAUCUM, a fine specimen. 10 guineas

—— **MENZIESII**, a fine specimen. 10 guineas

CORYPHA AUSTRALIS, *vide* **LIVISTONA AUSTRALIS**

CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 116.

—— **DEALBATA**, *vide* pages 114 to 116.

—— **DEALBATA FOLIOSA**, *vide* page 116.

—— **DREGEI**, *vide* pago 116.

—— **MEDULLARIS**, *vide* pago 116.

—— **SMITHII**, *vide* pages 114 to 116.

CYCAS ARMSTRONGII, trunk about 1 foot high; fronds from 5 to 5½ feet long. 15 guineas

—— **MEDIA**, trunks of various sizes, ranging from 1 to 13 feet high, from 5 to 25 guineas each

—— **NORMANBYANA**, trunk about 5 feet 4 inches high; fronds from 3 to 3½ feet long. 30 guineas

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunks about 1 foot 9 inches high. 7, 8 and 9 guineas each

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunks about 2 feet high. 10 and 12 guineas each

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunk upwards of 2 feet high, and about 2½ feet in circumference; fronds spreading about 7 feet; height of plant altogether nearly 5½ feet. 25 guineas

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunk about 5½ feet high, probably the finest specimen in Europe. 40 guineas

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, *vide* pages 113 to 115

—— **SQUARROSA**, *vide* page 115

DION EDULE, handsome specimens, 4, 5, 8 and 10 guineas each

—— **EDULE**, a magnificent specimen; trunk about 3 feet 3 inches high. 25 guineas

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS, about 3 feet high. 1½ and 2 guineas each

—— **AUSTRALIS LINEATA**, from 3 to 4 feet high. 3 to 4 guineas each

—— **AUSTRALIS LINEATA**, from 4 to 5 feet high. 5 guineas each

SPECIMEN PLANTS—Continued.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA, about 9 feet high. 8 guineas each

ENCEPHALARTOS CAFFRA, fine specimens. 6, 8, 10, 15, 20 and 25 guineas each

—— **CAFFRA LANUGINOSA**, a handsome plant. 18 guineas

—— **CAFFRA LATIFOLIA**, a handsome plant. 15 guineas

—— **CYCADÆFOLIUS**, fine plants. 3 and 4 guineas each

—— **CYCADÆFOLIUS**, handsome specimens. From 5 to 8 guineas each.

—— **HORRIDUS**, fine specimens. 5, 8, and 10 to 15 guineas each

—— **HORRIDUS MULTIFLEXUS**, handsome specimens. 5, 6 and 8 guineas each

—— **LEHMANNI**, fine specimens. 6, 7, 8 and 10 guineas each

—— **LEHMANNI SPINOSA**, splendid plants. 8 and 10 guineas each

—— **VILLOSUS**, handsome plants of various sizes. 3, 4 and 5 guineas each

—— **VILLOSUS**, handsome specimens. 6, 7 and 8 guineas each

—— **VROOMII**, trunk about 1 foot 6 inches high; fronds about 4½ to 5 feet long. 15 guineas

—— **VROOMII**, trunk about 2 feet high: fronds about 5 feet long. 18 guineas

—— **VROOMII**, trunk about 4 feet high; fronds about 4 feet long. 80 guineas

—— **VROOMII LATIFOLIA**, trunk about 2 feet 6 inches high; fronds about 4 feet 6 inches long. 50 guineas

FERNS, TREE, *vide* pages 113 to 116.

GEONOMA PUMILA, 3½ to 4 feet high. 4 guineas each

—— **PUMILA**, about 5 feet high. 6 guineas each

LAPAGERIA ALBA, fine plants. 6, 8 and 10 guineas each

—— **ROSEA**, fine plants. 3, 4 and 5 guineas each

LATANIA BORBONICA, 2½ to 3 feet high. 3 guineas each

—— **BORBONICA**, 3 to 3½ feet high. 4 guineas each

—— **BORBONICA**, 3½ to 4 feet high. 5, 6 and 7 guineas each

—— **BORBONICA**, 4 to 5 feet high. 8 and 10 guineas each

—— **BORBONICA**, about 4, 5 and 6 feet high, and spreading 6 to 7 feet. 10 and 12 guineas each

LATANIA BORBONICA, a magnificent specimen, about 6 feet high, and spreading 6 to 8 feet. 18 guineas

—— **BORBONICA**, a magnificent specimen, about 7 feet high, and spreading 8 to 10 feet. 20 guineas

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—— —— **AUSTRALIS**, 2½ to 3 feet high. 4 guineas each

—— —— **AUSTRALIS**, 3 to 3½ feet high. 5 guineas each

MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS, trunk about 1 foot high, and about 3 feet in circumference. 4, 5 and 6 guineas each

—— **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 foot high, and about 3½ feet in circumference. 7 and 8 guineas each

—— **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 foot 3 inches high, and about 4 feet in circumference. 10 guineas each

PALMS, *vide* pages 127 to 140.

PANDANUS VEITCHII, fine plants. 2 and 3 guineas each

PHŒNIX HUMILIS, about 6 feet high, and spreading about 9 feet. 15 guineas

PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, fine specimens. 3, 4, 5 and 6 guineas each

—— **COLENSOI VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 guineas each

—— **TENAX VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 4, 5, 6 and 8 guineas each

PTYCHOSPERMA CUNNINGHAMII, 2½ to 3 feet high. 3 guineas each

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 3 to 3½ feet high. 4 guineas each

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 4 to 5 feet high. 5 and 6 guineas each

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 5 feet high. 7 guineas each

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 5 to 6 feet high. 8 to 10 guineas each

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 7½ feet high. 15 guineas

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 8 feet high. 15 guineas

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, a magnificent plant, about 10 feet high. 20 guineas

SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS, *vide* Ptychosperma Cunninghamii.

—— **ROBUSTA**, *vide* Areca Baueri.

TREE FERNS, *vide* pages 113 to 116.

ZAMIA, *vide* Encephalartos.

Mr. W. BULL has a staff of thoroughly experienced packers, so that plants of any size or in full bloom can be safely sent any distance without the least injury.

PRIZES FOR NEW PLANTS.

Mr. William Bull having offered, through the Royal Horticultural Society

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS

for New Plants of his own introduction, begs to announce the seventh annual series of Prizes, as follows :—

TWELVE SILVER CUPS

will be given at the Great Summer Show to be held at Kensington, May 27th to 30th, 1879, viz.,

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

and to those not having previously won any of Mr. William Bull's Silver Cups :—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

In each and all cases the above Prizes to be offered for Twelve New Plants of Mr. W. Bull's introduction, and sent out since the commencement of 1876. The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. Bull's Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time. The Catalogues can be easily referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

In each and every entry, the names of the Twelve Plants to be exhibited must be sent with the entry. Exhibitors can only compete for one prize at a time in each class.

The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan, or vase.

Any Exhibitor winning either of the foregoing Prizes, and having previously won two of Mr. William Bull's Silver Cups, can have money instead of the Cup, if preferred.

LIST OF PLANTS AVAILABLE FOR EXHIBITION

FOR Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S SILVER CUPS.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1876.

Acalypha torta
Aralia armata
—— gracillima
—— maculata
Astrocaryum granatense
Batemannia Wallisii
Blandfordia princeps
Brahea filamentosa
Brugmansia coccinea
Carumbium polyandrum
Chamædorea formosa
Coprosma Baueriana picturata
Croton Bismarcki
—— concinnus
—— contortus
—— Macfeeanus
—— Mortii
—— picturatus
—— Royal Prince
—— splendidus
Croton trilobus Alberti
—— —— Disraeli
—— —— Lord Cairns
—— —— Traveller
Dieffenbachia amabilis
—— flavo-virens
—— illustris
—— lanceola
—— maculosa
—— vittata
Dracæna amboynensis
—— amœna
—— coccinea
—— decora
—— eburnea
—— rex
—— rosacea
—— stella
—— virginalis
Eranthemum tricolor
Eucharis candida
Ficus Roezlii
Geonoma Carderi
Griffinia ornata
Gustavia gracillima
Hibiscus (rosa-sinensis) brilliantissimus
Isoloma mollis
Ixora regina
Macropiper excelsum aureo-pictum
Meconopsis Wallichii
Odontoglossum cirrhosum
Pescatoria Roezlii
Phyllanthus atropurpureus
Pitcairnia platyphylla
Polygonum tomentosum
Pterodiscus speciosus
Richardia melanoleuca
Ronnbergia Morreniana
Typhonium Brownii
Vitex trifolia variegata.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1877.

Anthurium Veitchii
Aralia filicifolia
Artanthe rubronodosa
Bowenia spectabilis serrulata
Chamædorea eburnea
Chevalliera (Æchmea) Veitchii
Cibotium Menziesii
—— pruinatum
Coleus pictus
Croton Hendersoni
—— rex
Curmeria Wallisii
Cycas pluma
Cypripedium Druryi
Dieffenbachia Chelsoni
—— velutina
Dipladenia ornata
—— regina
Diplazium Arnottii
Dracæna ampliata
—— cruenta
—— Goldieana
—— miniata
—— mirabilis
—— nivalis
—— Robinsoniana
—— rosea-perfecta
—— rubescens
—— triumphans
—— vestalis
—— vivicans
Dracontium albostipes
—— annulatum
—— Carderi
Encephalartos Hildebrandii
Eucalyptus citriodora
Gymnogramma Mertensii dobroydensis
Hæmanthus Mannii
Hibiscus (rosa-sinensis) Colleriii
Kentia Wendlandiana
Iris Robinsonia
Lomaria Dalgairnsiæ
—— discolor bipinnatifida
Macrozamia Mackenzii
Nephrodium truncatum
Nephrolepis Duffii
Panax laciniatum
Pavonia multiflora (Wiotii)
Pelargonium Prince of Wales
Phœnix rupicola
Plectranthus fœtidus
Sadleria cyatheoides
Smilax Shuttleworthii
Stanhopea Shuttleworthii.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1878.

Adiantum bellum
—— tetraphyllum gracile
Agapanthus umbellatus excelsus
—— —— flore-pleno
Alocasia Johnstoni
Anæctochilus concinnus
—— hieroglyphicus
—— inscriptus
—— ornatus
Anemidictyon Phyllitidis tessellata
Aphelandra pumila
Artocarpus eburnea
Arundina bambusæfolia
Asplenium heterochroum
Azalea emblem
—— marvel
Bomarea Carderi
Calyptronoma Swartzii
Croton aureo-lineatus
—— challenger
—— gloriosus
—— princeps
—— roseo-pictus
—— superbiens
—— torquatus
—— triumphans
—— Williamsii
Davidsonia pruriens
Dendrobium superbiens
Dieffenbachia Shuttleworthii
Dracæna cristula
—— Gladilina
—— Lucinda
Eranthemum nigrescens
Gymnotheca Raddiana
Homalomena peltata
Masdevallia bella
Plectocomia himalayana
Ruellia rosea
Selaginella bellula
—— Victoriæ
Thrinax barbadensis.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1879.

Antigonon insigne
Asparagus virgatus
Astrocaryum decorum
Bambusa nana
Bignonia magnifica
Bulbophyllum Beccarii
Carludovica Drudei
Ceratozamia fusco-viridis
Croton Chelsoni
Cyathea pubescens
Cycas siamensis
Dendrobium chrysanthum microphthalmum
Dipladenia rosacea
Dracontium sculpturatum
Encephalartos Friderici-Guilielmi
Ficus exsculpta
Gardenia globosa
Hibiscus (rosa-sinensis) zebrina
Ixora Chelsoni
—— profusa
Lælia anceps alba
Lastrea aristata variegata
Panax plumatum
Pandanophyllum humile
Phyllanthus Sermannianus
Pteris umbrosa cristata
Ruellia acutangula,

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